

January 2015

Gilani Weekly Poll

CYBERLETTER

Week 207

January 26th, 2015— January 30th, 2015

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FROM THE EDITOR

Dear Reader,

Gilani Research Team now brings to you a collection of daily polls releases in the form of a weekly digest, which gives you the opportunity to read opinions of the Pakistani public on various socio-political issues. We hope it will be of interest to you and your readers.

If you have any further questions in this regard, please feel free to contact us.

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OPINION POLLS - HIGHLIGHTS

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

January 26, 2015

Majority Pakistanis agree that government should ensure sermons in mosques do not promote violence and hate.

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 89% Pakistanis agree that government should ensure sermons in mosques do not promote violence and hate; 11% Pakistanis disagree.

89%

[CLICK FOR DETAILS »](#)

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

January 27, 2015

Overwhelming majority of Pakistanis do not make New Year's resolutions.

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 87% Pakistanis said they do not make New Year's resolutions; while 13% Pakistanis make New Year's resolutions.

87%

[CLICK FOR DETAILS »](#)

OPINION POLLS - HIGHLIGHTS

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

January 28, 2015

13% of those Pakistanis who make New Year's resolutions, resolved to not repeat past mistakes during the new year.

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 13% of those Pakistanis who make New Year's resolutions, resolved to not repeat past mistakes during the new year.

13%

[CLICK FOR DETAILS »](#)

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

January 29, 2015

Mixed opinions among the Pakistani public about Muslims wishing Christians on Christmas.

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 37% Pakistanis said that Muslims should wish Christians on Christmas; 32% said that Muslims should not wish Christians.

37%

[CLICK FOR DETAILS »](#)

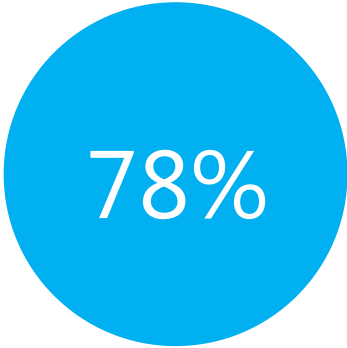
OPINION POLLS - HIGHLIGHTS

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

January 30, 2015

Overwhelming majority of Pakistanis feel that Christians should be allowed to build churches in those Muslims countries where they are in a minority.

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 78% Pakistanis said that Christians should be allowed to build churches in those Muslim countries where they are in a minority (such as Pakistan); 22% said that they should not be allowed.



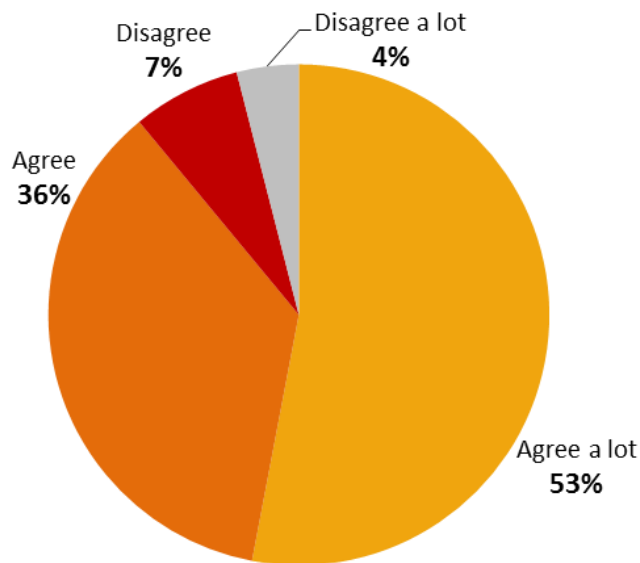
78%

[CLICK FOR DETAILS »](#)

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

Islamabad— January 26, 2015

“ Majority Pakistanis agree that government should ensure sermons in mosques do not promote violence and hate. ”



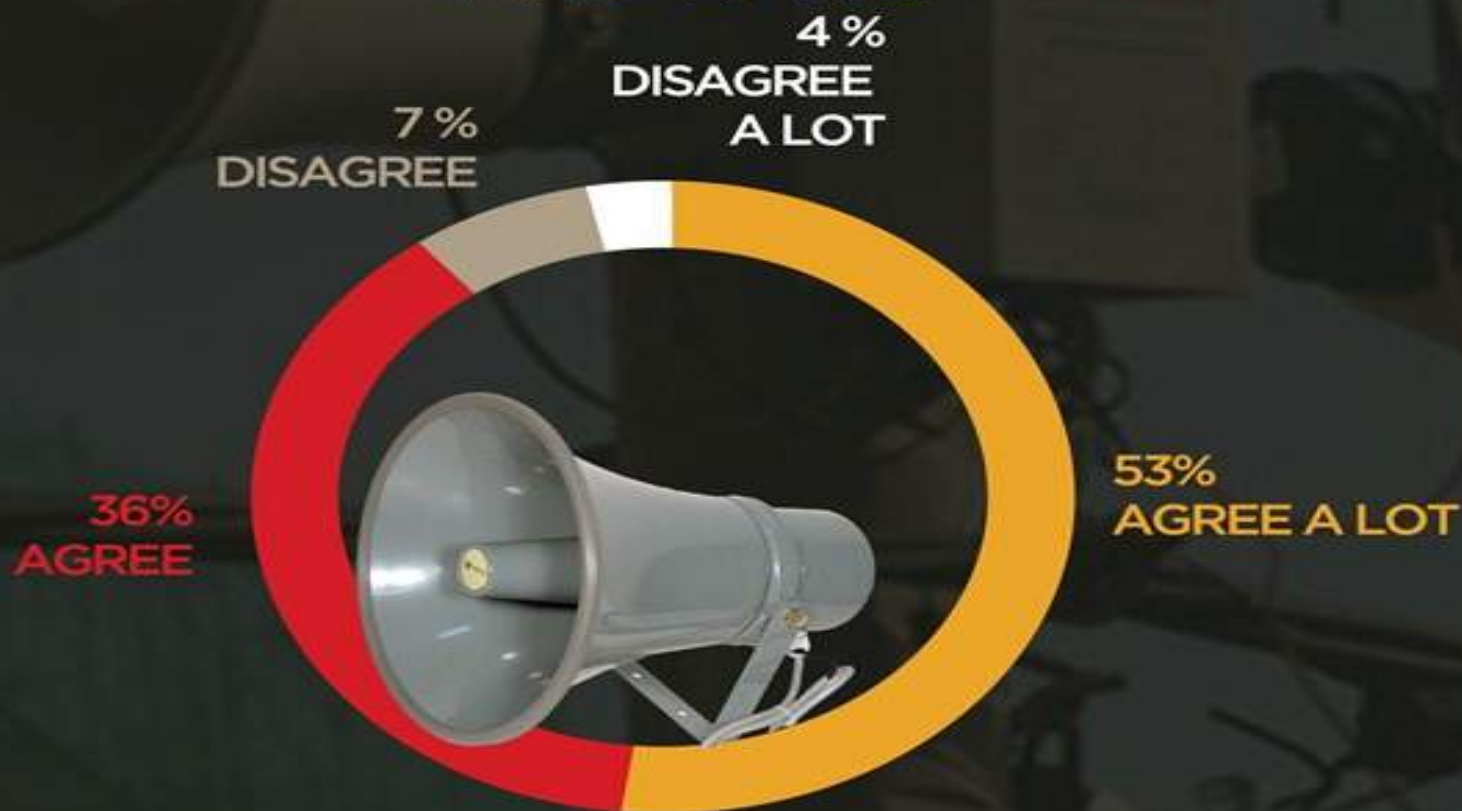
Source: Gilani Research Foundation Poll (GRF Poll)
Field work conducted by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk; www.gilanifoundation.com

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 89% Pakistanis agree that government should ensure sermons in mosques do not promote violence and hate; 11% Pakistanis disagree.

A nationally representative sample of adult men and women, from across the four provinces was asked, “Please tell us, to what extent do you agree or disagree with the following sentence: ‘Government should ensure that the sermons/speeches in mosques do not promote violence and hate in the name of Islam?’” In response to this question, 53% respondents said they agree with this statement a lot, 36% respondents said they strongly agree with this statement, while 7% disagree with the statement and 4% said they disagree a lot with the statement.

The study was released by Gilani Research Foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 2582 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during December 22 – December 29, 2014. Error margin is estimated to be approximately $\pm 2-3$ per cent at 95% confidence level.

MAJORITY PAKISTANIS AGREE THAT GOVERNMENT SHOULD ENSURE SERMONS IN MOSQUES DO NOT PROMOTE VIOLENCE AND HATE.



Please tell us, to what extent do you agree or disagree with the following sentence:
'Government should ensure that the sermons/speeches in mosques do not promote violence and hate in the name of Islam'?

GOVERNANCE | Local Terrorism
SOURCE: GALLUP AND GILANI SURVEYS. SAMPLE SIZE: 2582



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Overwhelming majority of Pakistanis do not make New Year's resolutions.

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Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

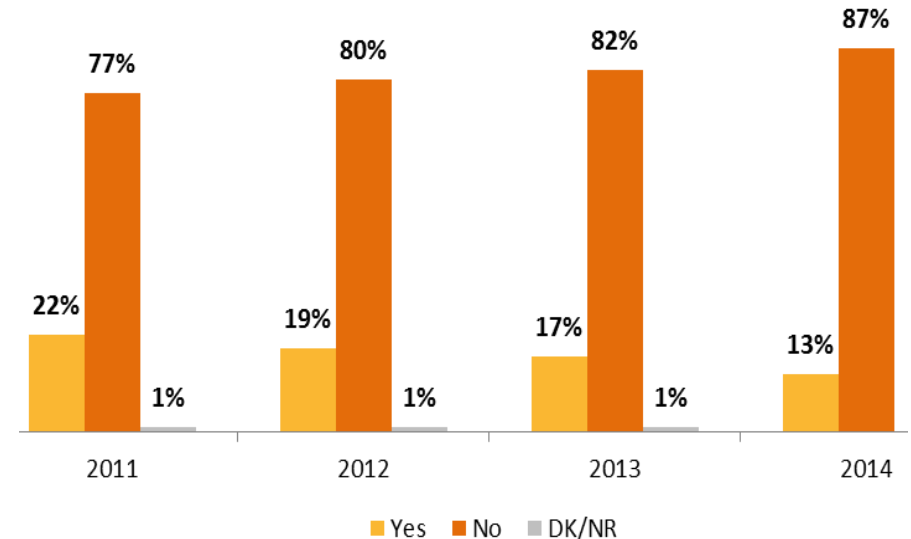
Islamabad - January 27, 2015

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 87% Pakistanis said they do not make New Year's resolutions; while 13% Pakistanis make New Year's resolutions.

A nationally representative sample of adult men and women, from across the four provinces was asked, “At the beginning of a new year, some people make resolutions and decide not to repeat past mistakes. Do you make resolutions at the start of a new year?” In response to this question, 13% respondents said they do make New Year's resolutions, while 87% respondents do not.

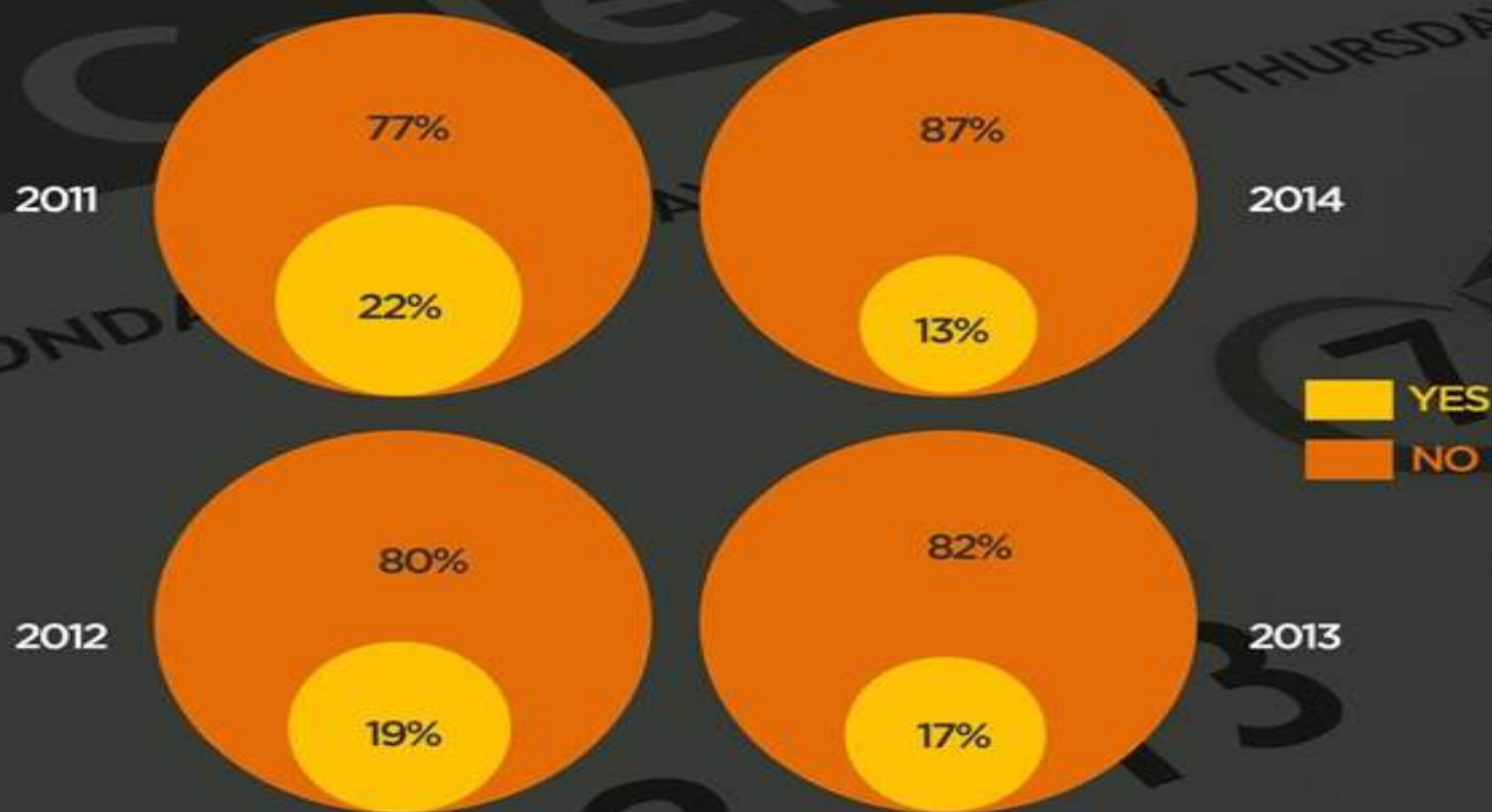
This questions has also been asked in previous years and results have been quite similar. In 2011, 22% said they make New Year's resolutions while 77% said they do not and 1% did not respond. In 2012, 19% said they make New Year's resolutions while 80% said they do not and 1% did not respond. In 2013, 17% said they make New Year's resolutions while 82% said they do not and 1% did not respond. 2014 had the highest number of respondents who said they do not make New Year's resolutions but the overall trend has been the same for the past few years.

The study was released by Gilani Research Foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 2442 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during December 29, 2014 – January 05, 2015. Error margin is estimated to be approximately $\pm 2-3$ per cent at 95% confidence level.



Source: Gilani Research Foundation Poll (GRF Poll)
Field work conducted by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk; www.gilanifoundation.com

OVERWHELMING MAJORITY OF PAKISTANIS DO NOT MAKE NEW YEAR'S RESOLUTIONS.



At the beginning of a new year, some people make resolutions and decide not to repeat past mistakes. Do you make resolutions at the start of a new year?

FESTIVALS AND EVENTS | New Year
SOURCE: GALLUP AND GILANI SURVEYS - SAMPLE SIZE: 2442

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

Islamabad— January 28, 2015

“ 13% of those Pakistanis who make New Year’s resolutions, resolved to not repeat past mistakes during the new year. ”

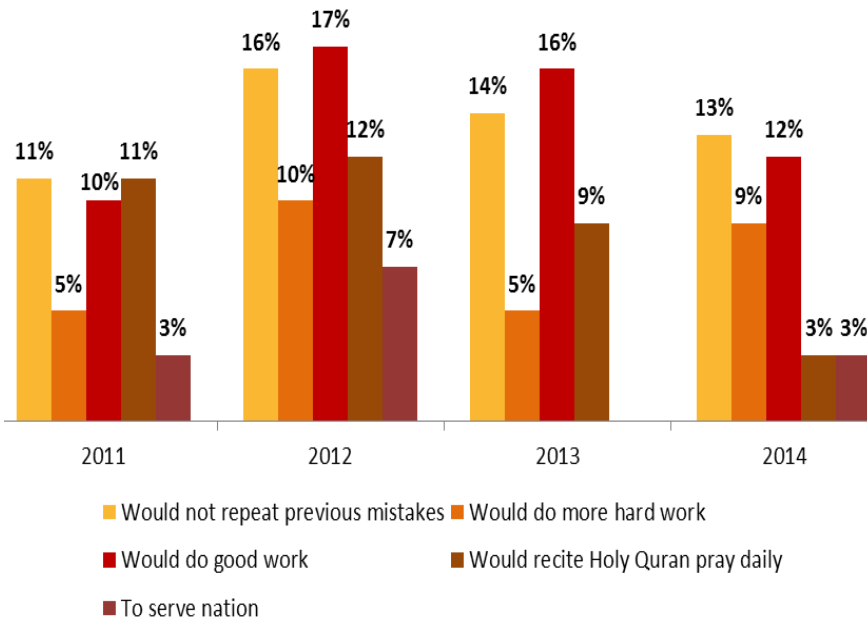


According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 13% of those Pakistanis who make New Year’s resolutions, resolved to not repeat past mistakes during the new year.

A nationally representative sample of adult men and women who said that they make New Year’s resolutions, from across the four provinces was asked, “What did you resolve to do at the beginning of this year?” In response to this question, 13% respondents said they resolved to not repeat past mistakes, 12% wanted to do good things during the new year, 9% wanted to do more hard work, and 3% wanted to start praying and reciting the Holy Quran, while 3% had resolved to serve the nation.

The same question was also asked during previous years and the results have been somewhat varied. In 2011, 11% respondents said they resolved to not repeat past mistakes, 10% wanted to do good things during the new year, 5% wanted to do more hard work, and 11% wanted to start praying and reciting the Holy Quran, while 3% had resolved to serve the nation. In 2012, 16% respondents said they resolved to not repeat past mistakes, 17% wanted to do good things during the new year, 10% wanted to do more hard work, and 12% wanted to start praying and reciting the Holy Quran, while 7% had resolved to serve the nation. In 2013, 14% respondents said they resolved to not repeat past mistakes, 16% wanted to do good things during the new year, 5% wanted to do more hard work, and 9% wanted to start praying and reciting the Holy Quran.

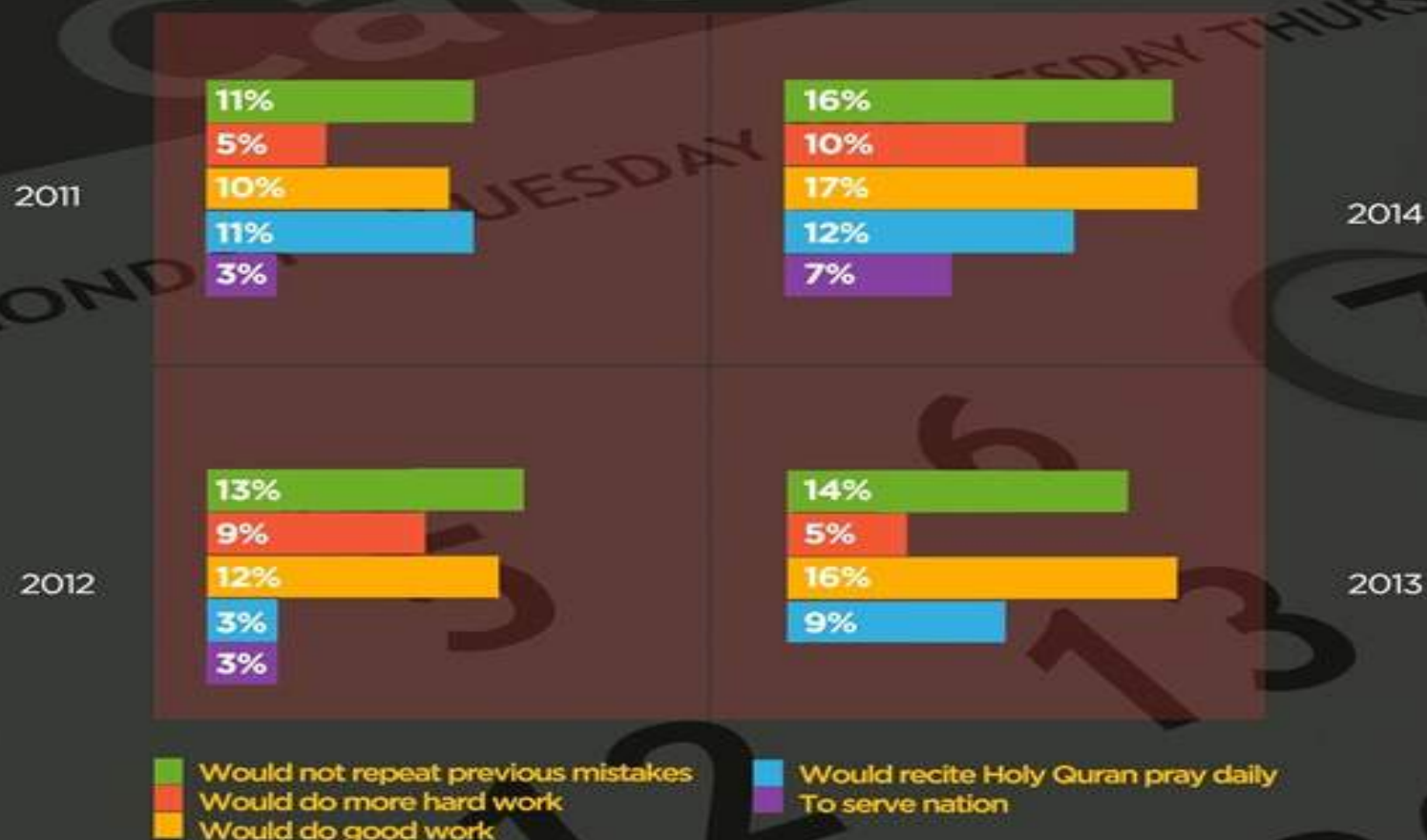
The study was released by Gilani Research Foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 314 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during December 29, 2014 – January 05, 2015. Error margin is estimated to be approximately $\pm 2-3$ per cent at 95% confidence level.



Source: Gilani Research Foundation Poll (GRF Poll)

Field work conducted by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk; www.gilanifoundation.com

13% OF THOSE PAKISTANIS WHO MAKE NEW YEAR'S RESOLUTIONS, RESOLVED TO NOT REPEAT PAST MISTAKES DURING THE NEW YEAR



What did you resolve to do at the beginning of this year?

FESTIVALS AND EVENTS | New Year
SOURCE: GALLUP AND GILANI SURVEYS SAMPLE SIZE: 314



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Mixed opinions among the Pakistani public about Muslims wishing Christians on Christmas.

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Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

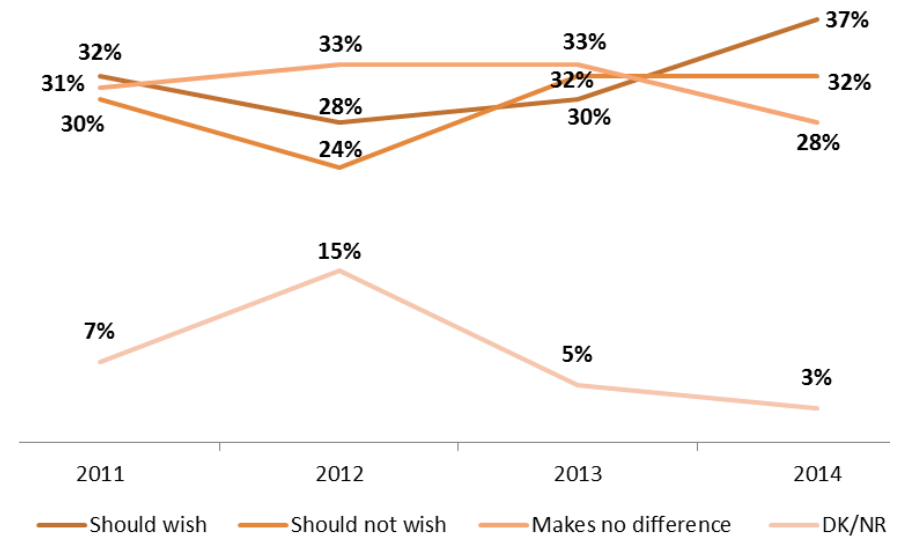
Islamabad - January 29, 2015

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 37% Pakistanis said that Muslims should wish Christians on Christmas; 32% said that Muslims should not wish Christians.

A nationally representative sample of adult men and women, from across the four provinces was asked, “Some people think that Muslims should wish Christians on Christmas, while others believe this is not good, and some others think this makes no difference. What is your opinion?” In response to this question, 37% respondents said that Muslims should wish Christians on Christmas, 32% respondents said that Muslims should not wish Christians on Christmas, while 28% believe that it makes no difference and 3% did not respond.

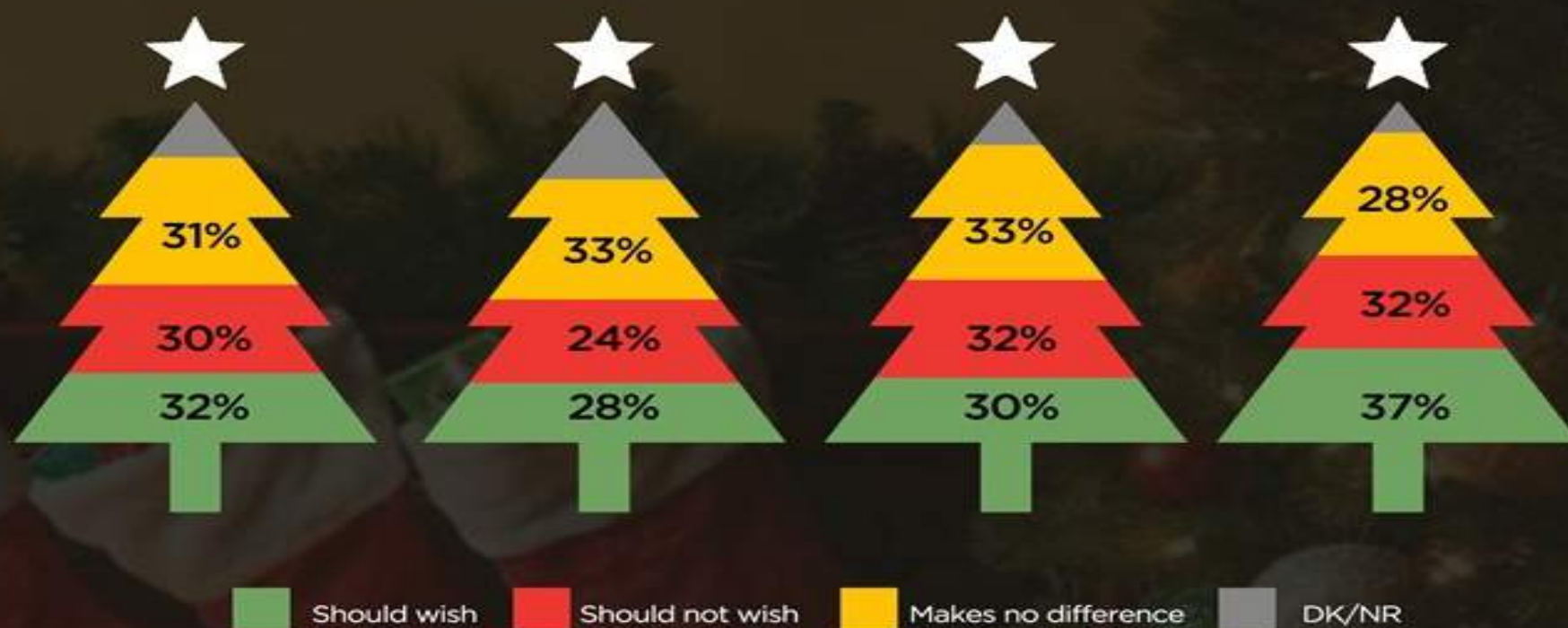
This question was also asked in previous years and the responses have been similarly divided. Between 2011 and 2013, the changes in the percentage of respondents who believe that Muslims should not wish Christians were caused by shifts in the number of respondents who chose not to respond to the question in those years. Since 2013, the percentage of respondents who feel that Muslims should not wish Christians has remained stable at 32%, while those who believe that Muslims should wish Christians has increased from 30% to 37%.

The study was released by Gilani Research Foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 2442 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during December 29, 2014 – January 05, 2015. Error margin is estimated to be approximately $\pm 2-3$ per cent at 95% confidence level.



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 Field work conducted by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association: www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk; www.gilanifoundation.com

MIXED OPINIONS AMONG THE PAKISTANI PUBLIC ABOUT MUSLIMS WISHING CHRISTIANS ON CHRISTMAS.



Some people think that Muslims should wish Christians on Christmas, while others believe this is not good, and some others think this makes no difference. What is your opinion?

FESTIVALS AND EVENTS | Celebrating Events

SOURCE: GALLUP AND GILANI SURVEYS. SAMPLE SIZE: 2442



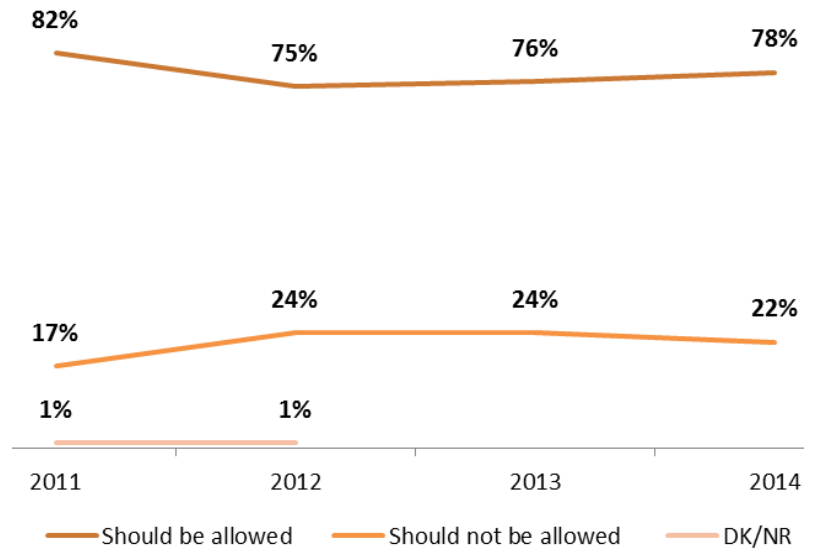
“Overwhelming majority of Pakistanis feel that Christians should be allowed to build churches in those Muslims countries where they are in a minority.”

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 78% Pakistanis said that Christians should be allowed to build churches in those Muslim countries where they are in a minority (such as Pakistan); 22% said that they should not be allowed.

A nationally representative sample of adult men and women, from across the four provinces was asked, “In your opinion, in those Muslims countries where Christians are in a minority (such as Pakistan), should they be allowed to build churches or not?” In response to this question, 78% respondents said that Christians should be allowed to build churches in those countries where they are in a minority, while 22% respondents said that they should not be allowed to build churches in such countries.

This question has been asked in previous years and the results have been quite similar. Between 2011 and 2012, there was a decline in those respondents who said that Christians should be allowed to build churches in Muslims countries (82% to 75%), and an increase in those who said that they should not be allowed (17% to 24%). Since 2012, however, there have only been minor changes in the percentage of respondents going either way. The vast majority of respondents overall, during the past four years, have said that Christians should be allowed to build churches in those Muslims countries where they are in a minority.

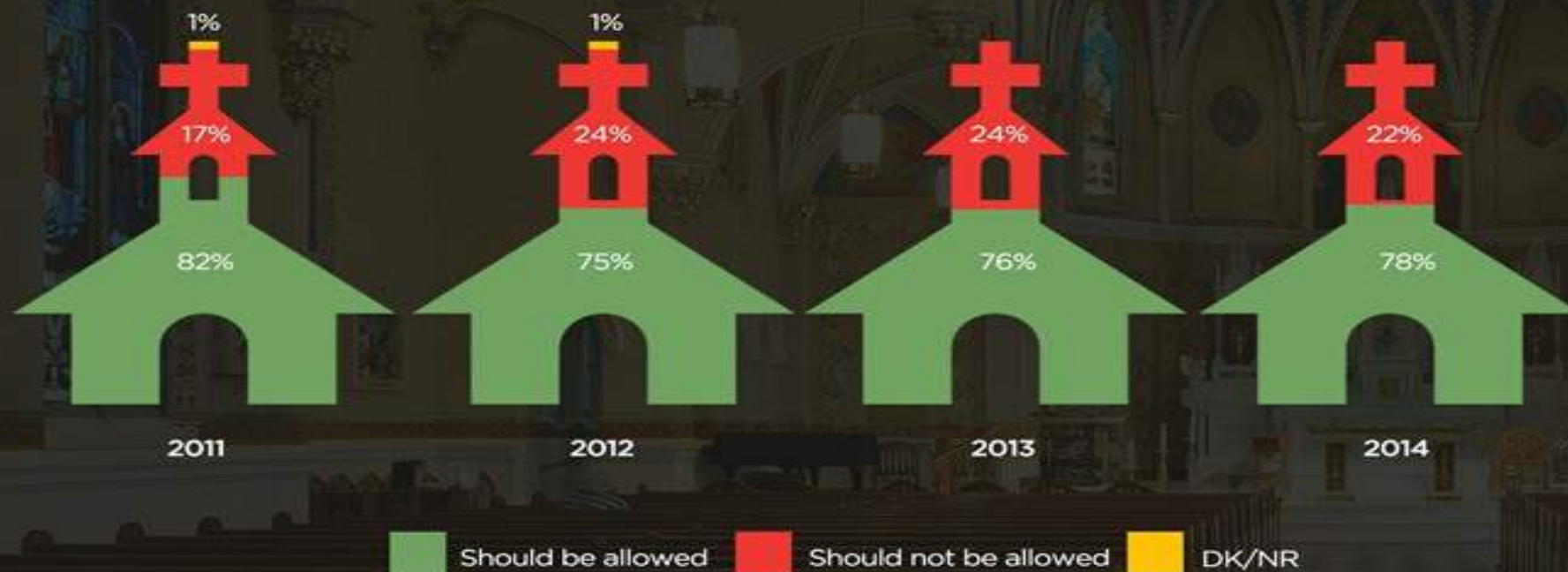
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OVERWHELMING MAJORITY OF PAKISTANIS FEEL THAT CHRISTIANS SHOULD BE ALLOWED TO BUILD CHURCHES IN THOSE MUSLIMS COUNTRIES WHERE THEY ARE IN A MINORITY.



In your opinion, in those Muslims countries where Christians are in a minority (such as Pakistan), should they be allowed to build churches or not?

RELIGION | Minorities in Pakistan
 SOURCE: GALLUP AND GILANI SURVEYS - SAMPLE SIZE: 2442

January 2015 Edition:

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