

**Public Opinion on
Legitimacy of UN Sanctions**
Win-Gallup International



AMERICAS

The WIN Gallup International poll was carried out in both parts of the Americas Region, Latin America and North America. The following Report has data on both parts but as of this moment the analysis is of Latin American findings; analysis of North America will be added when available.

Both nations of North America, USA and Canada were polled. In Latin America, the poll covered its various parts including South America, Central America and the Caribbean nations.

As a Group, 9 countries were polled in the Americas: 57% supported sanctions by the United Nations, while 31% opposed, giving a Net Support figure of 26%.

There are nevertheless differences across different sub-regions. The following analysis of views in Latin America has been provided by Laura Castelnau of IBOPE (Contact details at the end of the document), in consultation with colleagues from other fellow Members of the Global Polling Network.

**ANALYSIS OF VIEWS ON UN SANCTIONS ACROSS LATIN AMERICA (IN ENGLISH, SPANISH AND PORTUGUESE)-
STARTING ON NEXT PAGE**

IN ENGLISH:

Latin America is the region that most closely matches the global average, meaning the region support to UN sanctions but not as strongly as Western Europe, for example.

Average of Net Averages of 6 Type of Sanction: Global 11 x LatAm 15 x Western Europe 44

Nevertheless, the LatAm average is composed by a strong division between the countries of the region.

- Supporting the sanctions: Brazil, Mexico, Ecuador and Peru
- Opposing the sanctions: Colombia, Panama and Argentina

The LatAm ranking is the following:

Mexico	30
Ecuador	29
Brazil	24
Peru	21
Colombia	-15
Argentina	-16
Panama	-16

Analyzing each problem:

	GLOBAL	BRAZIL	ARGENTINA	COLOMBIA	ECUADOR	MEXICO	PANAMA	PERU
Carries out an unprovoked military attack on another country								
SUPPORT	60%	59%			55%	66%		59%
OPPOSE	33%		49%	65%			56%	
Engages in genocide or systematic killing of any group in its own country								
SUPPORT	60%	57%			61%	63%		54%
OPPOSE	32%		50%	60%			55%	
Violates its nuclear non-proliferation treaty obligations or prevents nuclear arms inspections								
SUPPORT	60%	60%			58%	63%		52%
OPPOSE	31%		48%	52%			49%	
Provides financial support to terrorist groups								
SUPPORT	58%	56%			62%	61%		52%
OPPOSE	35%		51%	65%			58%	
Removes a democratically elected government								
SUPPORT	53%	53%			56%	62%		51%

OPPOSE	37%		50%	48%			46%	
Violates treaties on environmental protection								
SUPPORT	59%	60%			59%	63%		54%
OPPOSE	32%		49%	43%			43%	

IN PORTUGUESE:

A América Latina é a região mais próxima da média global, o que significa o apoio da região às sanções da ONU mas não tão forte quanto o apoio dado pela Europa ocidental, por exemplo.

Média dos saldos médios dos 6 tipos de sanções da ONU: Global 11 x LaTam 15 x Europa ocidental 44

No entanto, a média da região Latino-americana é composta por uma forte divisão entre os países da região:

Aqueles que apoiam às sanções da ONU: Brasil, México, Equador e Peru

Aqueles que se opõem às sanções da ONU: Colômbia, Panamá e Argentina

O ranking de apoio às sanções da ONU é o seguinte:

México	30
Equador	29
Brasil	24
Peru	21
Colômbia	-15
Argentina	-16
Panamá	-16

Analizando cada problema:

	GLOBAL	BRASIL	ARGENTINA	COLOMBIA	EQUADOR	MEXICO	PANAMA	PERU
Realiza um ataque militar não provocado contra outro país								
APOIA	60%	59%			55%	66%		59%
SE OPÕE	33%		49%	65%			56%	
Se envolve em genocídio ou matança sistemática de qualquer grupo em seu próprio país								
APOIA	60%	57%			61%	63%		54%
SE OPÕE	32%		50%	60%			55%	
Viola suas obrigações em relação ao tratado de não proliferação nuclear ou impede inspeções em suas armas nucleares								
APOIA	60%	60%			58%	63%		52%
SE OPÕE	31%		48%	52%			49%	
Fornece apoio financeiro a grupos terroristas								
APOIA	58%	56%			62%	61%		52%
SE OPÕE	35%		51%	65%			58%	
Remove um governo eleito democraticamente								
APOIA	53%	53%			56%	62%		51%

SE OPÕE	37%		50%	48%			46%	
Viola tratados de proteção ambiental								
APOIA	59%	60%			59%	63%		54%
SE OPÕE	32%		49%	43%			43%	

IN SPANISH:

América Latina es la región más próxima de la media global, lo que significa el apoyo de la región a las sanciones de ONU, pero no tan fuerte como el apoyo dado por Europa occidental, por ejemplo.

Media de los nets medios de los 6 tipos de sanciones de ONU: Global 11 x LaTam 15 x Europa occidental 44

No obstante, la media de Latino-américa es compuesta por una fuerte división entre los países de la región:

Aquellos que apoyan las sanciones de ONU: ONU: Brasil, México, Ecuador y Perú

Aquellos que se oponen a las sanciones de ONU: Colombia, Panamá y Argentina

El ranking de apoyo a las sanciones de ONU es lo siguiente:

México	30
Ecuador	29
Brasil	24
Perú	21
Colombia	-15
Argentina	-16
Panamá	-16

Analizando cada problema:

	GLOBAL	BRASIL	ARGENTINA	COLOMBIA	ECUADOR	MEXICO	PANAMA	PERU
Lleva a cabo un ataque militar sin provocación contra otro país								
APOYA	60%	59%			55%	66%		59%
SE OPONE	33%		49%	65%			56%	
Se involucra en el genocidio o asesinato sistemático de cualquier grupo en su propio país								
APOYA	60%	57%			61%	63%		54%
SE OPONE	32%		50%	60%			55%	
Viola sus obligaciones en virtud del tratado de no proliferación nuclear o impide las inspecciones de sus armas nucleares								
APOYA	60%	60%			58%	63%		52%
SE OPONE	31%		48%	52%			49%	
Proporciona apoyo financiero a grupos terroristas								
APOYA	58%	56%			62%	61%		52%
SE OPONE	35%		51%	65%			58%	
Elimina un gobierno elegido democráticamente								
APOYA	53%	53%			56%	62%		51%
SE OPONE	37%		50%	48%			46%	

Viola tratados de protección ambiental								
APOYA	59%	60%			59%	63%		54%
SE OPONE	32%		49%	43%			43%	

The tabular presentation (starting on the next page) provides more details for those interested in further analysis, by country, by region and by the demographics of Gender, Age, Income and Educational background of the respondents in the Americas. Below is a key with the labels for each of the type of sanctions, for your reference while using the tables:

Sanction Number as per table	Description of sanction
a. Type 1	unprovoked military aggression against another state
b. Type 2	genocide of groups within the country
c. Type 3	violation of nuclear non-proliferation treaties
d. Type 4	support for terrorists
e. Type 5	removal of a democratically elected government
f. Type 6	violation of environmental protection treaties

The authors of this analysis can be approached through contact details provided (at the end of the document) after the tabulation.

TABLE # 1:COUNTRY-WISE RESULTS FOR THE AMERICAS REGION

GLOBAL PUBLIC OPINION ON LEGITIMACY OF INTERNATIONAL SANCTIONS (June 2015)

Q19. Sometimes the United Nations (UN) imposes sanctions or punishment against a country by banning other countries to trade with certain individuals, groups or businesses in that country. For each of the following, do you strongly support, support, oppose or strongly oppose such punishment by the United Nations if a country?

		a	b	c	d	e	f	
		Net Average of Type 1 Sanction	Net Average of Type 2 Sanction	Net Average of Type 3 Sanction	Net Average of Type 4 Sanction	Net Average of Type 5 Sanction	Net Average of Type 6 Sanction	Average of Net Averages of the 6 Type of Sanctions
Global average of Americas Region		27	27	31	22	22	25	26
Countries in Alphabetical order	Argentina	-15	-15	-15	-16	-16	-18	-16
	Brazil	23	23	31	19	19	29	24
	Canada	48	50	51	42	40	39	45
	Colombia	-32	-22	-8	-33	-4	12	-15
	Ecuador	19	36	31	34	24	31	29
	Mexico	36	29	32	24	29	30	30
	Panama	-25	-24	-13	-30	-6	-1	-16
	Peru	27	20	21	19	17	21	21
	United States	39	39	41	34	27	28	35
Weighted according to total national population of each country in the sample SOURCE :WIN Gallup International Annual Global Poll/ EOY, December 2014								

TABLE # 2: SUB-REGION WISE RESULTS FOR THE AMERICAS

GLOBAL PUBLIC OPINION ON LEGITIMACY OF INTERNATIONAL SANCTIONS (June 2015)

Q19. Sometimes the United Nations (UN) imposes sanctions or punishment against a country by banning other countries to trade with certain individuals, groups or businesses in that country. For each of the following, do you strongly support, support, oppose or strongly oppose such punishment by the United Nations if a country?

		All		a	b	c	d	e	f	Average of Net Averages of the 6 Types of Sanction
		Unweighted Count	Col%	Net Average of Type 1 Sanction	Net Average of Type 2 Sanction	Net Average of Type 3 Sanction	Net Average of Type 4 Sanction	Net Average of Type 5 Sanction	Net Average of Type 6 Sanction	
Americas		9425	100.00	27	27	31	22	22	25	26
.	North American sub region	2027	49.23	40	40	42	35	29	29	36
	Latin American sub region	7398	50.77	15	15	20	10	15	21	16
North American sub region		2027	49.23	40	40	42	35	29	29	36
.	Canada	1011	4.93	48	50	51	42	40	39	45
	United States	1016	44.30	39	39	41	34	27	28	35
Latin American sub region		7398	50.77	15	15	20	10	15	21	16
	Argentina	1000	5.81	-15	-15	-15	-16	-16	-18	-16
	Brazil	1022	14.04	23	23	31	19	19	29	24
	Colombia	1002	6.77	-32	-22	-8	-33	-4	12	-15
	Ecuador	973	2.21	19	36	31	34	24	31	29
	Mexico	1001	17.14	36	29	32	24	29	30	30
	Panama	1200	.54	-25	-24	-13	-30	-6	-1	-16

	Peru	1200	4.26	27	20	21	19	17	21	21
Weighted according to total national population of each country in the sample SOURCE :WIN Gallup International Annual Global Poll/ EOY, December 2014										

TABLE # 3: DEMOGRAPHICS-WISE RESULTS FOR THE AMERICAS

GLOBAL PUBLIC OPINION ON LEGITIMACY OF INTERNATIONAL SANCTIONS (June 2015)

Q19. Sometimes the United Nations (UN) imposes sanctions or punishment against a country by banning other countries to trade with certain individuals, groups or businesses in that country. For each of the following, do you strongly support, support, oppose or strongly oppose such punishment by the United Nations if a country?

		All		a	b	c	d	e	f	Average of Net Averages of the 6 Types of Sanction
		Unweighted Count	Col%	Net Average of Type 1 Sanction	Net Average of Type 2 Sanction	Net Average of Type 3 Sanction	Net Average of Type 4 Sanction	Net Average of Type 5 Sanction	Net Average of Type 6 Sanction	
Gender		9425	100.00	27	27	31	22	22	25	26
D1. Gender	Male	4627	48.62	35	34	35	30	26	29	32
	Female	4798	51.38	20	20	26	15	17	21	20
Age		9425	100.00	27	27	31	22	22	25	26
D2A. Age	Under 34	3885	40.14	23	22	23	19	20	22	21
	35 - 54	3375	34.62	27	29	31	21	22	25	26
	55+	2165	25.25	36	33	42	30	24	31	32
Monthly Household Income		9425	100.00	27	27	31	22	22	25	26
D3. Income	Low	3169	35.37	21	22	24	14	17	21	20
	Medium	1850	24.21	33	29	38	30	28	31	31
	High	1915	27.64	42	41	44	34	34	35	38
	DK/NR	2491	12.78	3	6	8	5	-1	4	4
Education		9425	100.00	27	27	31	22	22	25	26
D4.	Low	1893	14.20	2	5	6	2	7	8	5

Education: Highest attained	Medium	4443	42.87	25	23	29	18	18	25	23
	High	3013	41.44	39	39	42	34	31	31	36
	DK/NR	76	1.49	17	12	21	19	24	27	20
Religion		9425	100.00	27	27	31	22	22	25	26
D6. Do you consider yourself:	Christian (All denominations)	7598	72.42	25	25	29	20	22	24	24
	Muslims (All denominations)	28	.98	22	29	38	44	33	50	36
	Hindu (All denominations)	35	1.06	52	29	19	50	37	27	36
	Jewish and others	628	9.60	29	30	39	24	14	27	27
	No religion	680	10.15	45	46	42	38	36	36	41
	DK/NR	456	5.79	14	12	18	11	3	8	11
Weighted according to total national population of each country in the sample SOURCE :WIN Gallup International Annual Global Poll/ EOY, December 2014										

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION PLEASE CONTACT THE FOLLOWING:

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