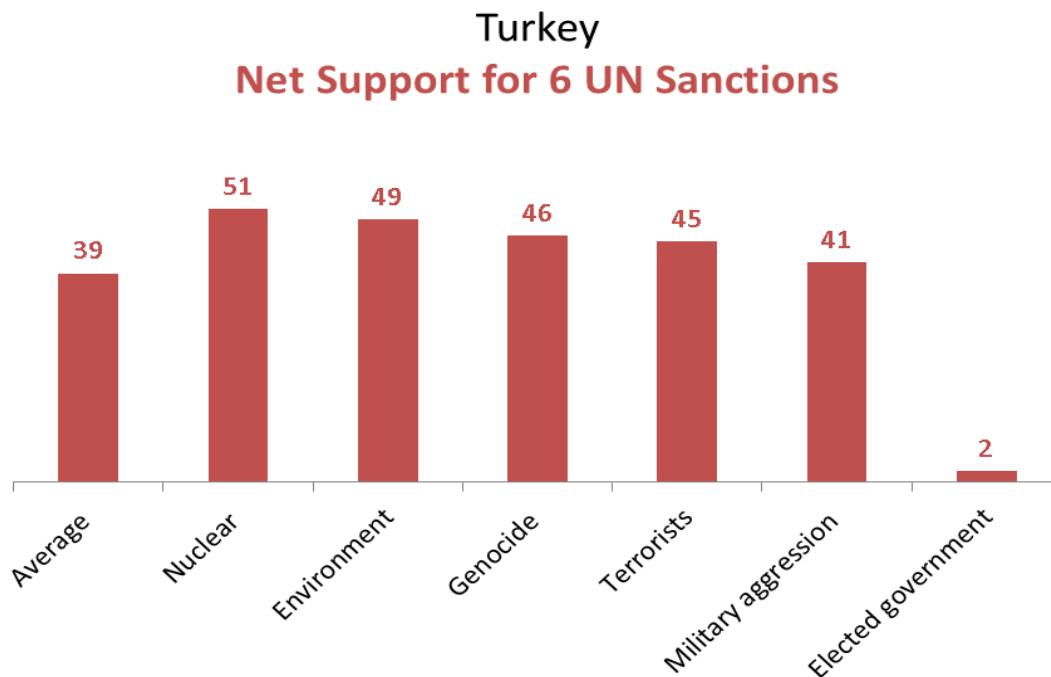




Public Opinion on Legitimacy of UN Sanctions

TURKEY REPORT (ENGLISH)

Great leader Atatürk launched a very similar concept with the mission of UN some decades before the foundation of United Nations “Peace at home, peace in the world” Although nowadays it is not the case, this idea kept Turkey away from war for so many years in the hottest part of the world. So it is not a surprise for Turkey, as one of the founding and proactive member of UN, to support UN sanctions much more than global average. Turkish people believe that UN will guaranty security and democracy for all countries and for themselves, when any threat occurs, that local authorities will not be able to cope with.



Sanctions towards *anti-nuclear (51% net score) and anti-environment (49% net score) actions* are the most supported ones. No surprise, Gezi uprising was initiated by the intention of authorities to cut down “a few trees” in Taksim square in 2013. We see protests against nuclear energy and hydroelectric power stations every other day. People are aware of global climate change and see the fatal effects in nature and unfortunately even experience of future risk for human life.

The only exception of this high support is when UN *imposes punishment against a country that removes a democratically elected government (2% net score)*. Turkish people do not want any external agent to interfere country’s internal affair in any case.

Demographically it is seen that higher educated, in higher socio economic groups working people and students are more supportive towards sanctions. Support is also affected by opinions on UN; people “who has good opinion on UN”, “who finds the results achieved by UN until now satisfactory” and “who says, *to prevent war by intervention should be the most important aim for the United Nations (UN) in the future*” support sanctions more.

COUNTRY-WISE (RANK ORDER RESULTS-HIGH TO LOW)

GLOBAL PUBLIC OPINION ON LEGITIMACY OF INTERNATIONAL SANCTIONS (June 2015)

Q19. Sometimes the United Nations (UN) imposes sanctions or punishments against a country by banning other countries to trade with certain individuals, groups or businesses in that country. For each of the following, do you strongly support, support, oppose or strongly oppose such punishment by the United Nations if a country?

		Average of Net Averages of 6 Type of Sanction
Global average		11
Rank Order Results (High to Low)	Armenia	89
	Korea, Rep (South)	77
	Finland	68
	Austria	66
	Vietnam	64
	Portugal	60
	Lebanon	59
	Italy	53
	Ukraine	53
	Germany	51
	Netherlands	51
	Latvia	48
	Iceland	48
	Australia	48
	Sweden	47
	Fiji	45
	Canada	45
	Czech Republic	44
	Switzerland	43
	Ireland	42
	Bulgaria	41
	India	40
	Kenya	39
	Turkey	39
	Nigeria	39
	United Kingdom	39
	Spain	38

United States	35
Bangladesh	34
Kazakhstan	31
Mexico	30
Belgium	30
Ecuador	29
Greece	27
Japan	26
Poland	26
Afghanistan	26
Bosnia and Herzegovina	25
Pakistan	25
Brazil	24
Algeria	24
Russian Federation	23
France	21
Peru	21
Hong Kong	20
Romania	17
Malaysia	14
Kosovo	9
Georgia	8
Macedonia	0
South Africa	-3
Serbia	-5
Palestinian territories (West Bank and Gaza)	-11
Philippines	-12
Colombia	-15
Argentina	-16
Panama	-16
Morocco	-25
China	-39
Indonesia	-46
Thailand	-52
Weighted according to total national population of each country in the sample SOURCE: WIN Gallup International Annual Global Poll/ EOY, December 2014	

NATIONAL SPOKESPERSON (TURKEY):

Nur Uslu

Email: N.Uslu@barem.com.tr

METHODOLOGY:

Country	Firm	Email	Methodology	Sample	Coverage	Population	Pop.represented by sample	Field Dates	Age Brackets	Weighting factors
TURKEY	Barem Research	p.olgun@barem.com.tr ; N.Uslu@barem.com.tr	CATI	1000	National	76,481,847	53,827,088	October 15th- November 17th, 2014	18+	Yes

Please Note: In case of any unintended error, misrepresentation or omissions please write to Maham Saleem (maham.saleem@gallup.com.pk) and CC to Natacha Vanasse (nvanasse@wingia.com).



Disclaimer: Gallup International Association or its members are not related to Gallup Inc., headquartered in Washington D.C which is no longer a member of Gallup International Association. Gallup International Association does not accept responsibility for opinion polling other than its own. We require that our surveys be credited fully as Gallup International (not Gallup or Gallup Poll).For further details see website: www.Gallup-international.com

In no event shall WIN Gallup International Association, its Member Companies, or its agents or officers be liable for any damages whatsoever (including, without limitation, damages for loss of profits, business interruption) arising out of the use of or inability to use the materials. As a user of this report, you acknowledge and agree that any reliance upon, or use of any information made available through this report shall be entirely at your own risk. Subject to any implied terms which cannot be excluded by law, WIN Gallup International Association and its related entities (including any directors, officers, employees and agents) shall not be liable for any loss or damage, whether direct or indirect, and however caused, to any person arising from the use of (or reliance upon) information provided on and made available through this report.