

October 2015

Gilani Weekly Poll

CYBERLETTER

Week 240

October 12th, 2015— October 16th, 2015

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FROM THE EDITOR

Dear Reader,

Gilani Research Team now brings to you a collection of daily polls releases in the form of a weekly digest, which gives you the opportunity to read opinions of the Pakistani public on various socio-political issues. We hope it will be of interest to you and your readers.

If you have any further questions in this regard, please feel free to contact us.

Ms. Fatima Idrees

Group Manager

E-mail: fatima.idrees@gilanifoundation.com

Please send all correspondence to:

fatima.idrees@gilanifoundation.com

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OPINION POLLS - HIGHLIGHTS

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

October 12, 2015

A sweeping majority of 80% Pakistanis believes that women should veil themselves when going out in public

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 80% Pakistanis said that a woman should cover herself with a veil when going out in public; 11% said that she should not cover herself with a veil.

80%

[CLICK FOR DETAILS »](#)

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

October 13 2015

A significant majority of Pakistanis (79%) believe that men can become better business executives than women.

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 79% of the respondents believe that men can become better business executives than women; 20% disagree with this.

79%

[CLICK FOR DETAILS »](#)

OPINION POLLS - HIGHLIGHTS

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

October 14, 2015

Life Satisfaction: 36% Pakistanis claim to be happy with their lives; 13% claim to be unhappy.

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 36% Pakistanis claim to be happy with their lives while 13% claim to be unhappy; 44% are neither happy nor unhappy

36%

[CLICK FOR DETAILS »](#)

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

October 15, 2015

29% Pakistanis reported their household to have experienced food shortages in the past year.

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 7% respondents said that they had often experienced food shortages in their house in the past year; 22% respondents said that they had 'sometimes' faced food shortages in; 24% said they rarely experienced any food shortage; and 42% said they never faced any food related problem.

29%

[CLICK FOR DETAILS »](#)

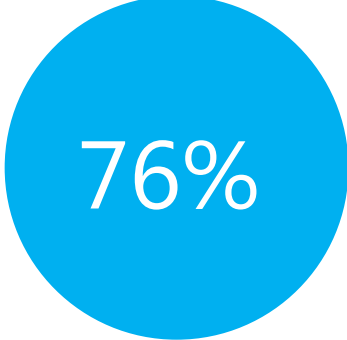
OPINION POLLS - HIGHLIGHTS

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

October 16, 2015

Defence Day: A significant majority of 76% Pakistanis believe that Pakistan's Defence Day should be declared a public holiday.

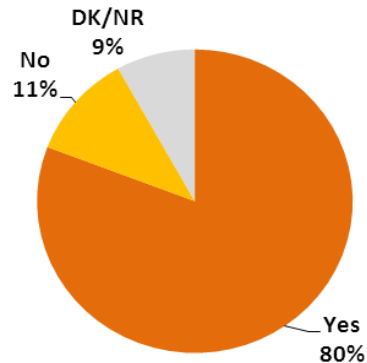
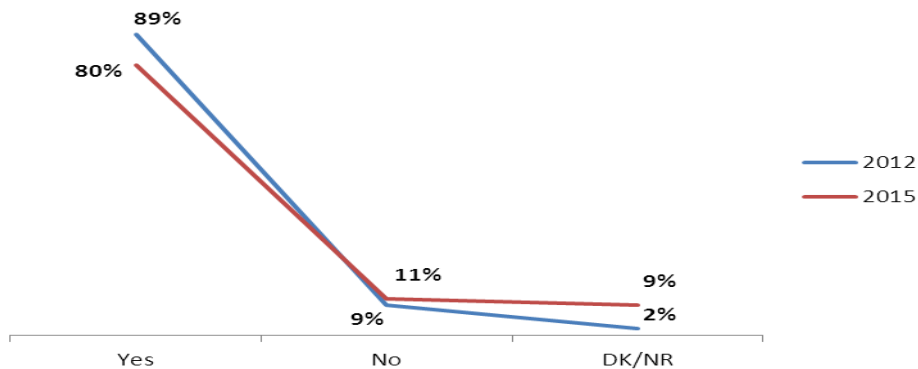
According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 76% Pakistanis opined that Pakistan's Defence Day should be declared a public holiday; 23% opined that it should not be declared a public holiday.



76%

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)**Islamabad— October 12, 2015**

“A sweeping majority of 80% Pakistanis believes that women should veil themselves when going out in public.”

**Trend Analysis**

Source: Gilani Research Foundation Poll (GRF Poll)

Field work conducted by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk; www.gilanifoundation.com



According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 80% Pakistanis said that a woman should cover herself with a veil when going out in public; 11% said that she should not cover herself with a veil.

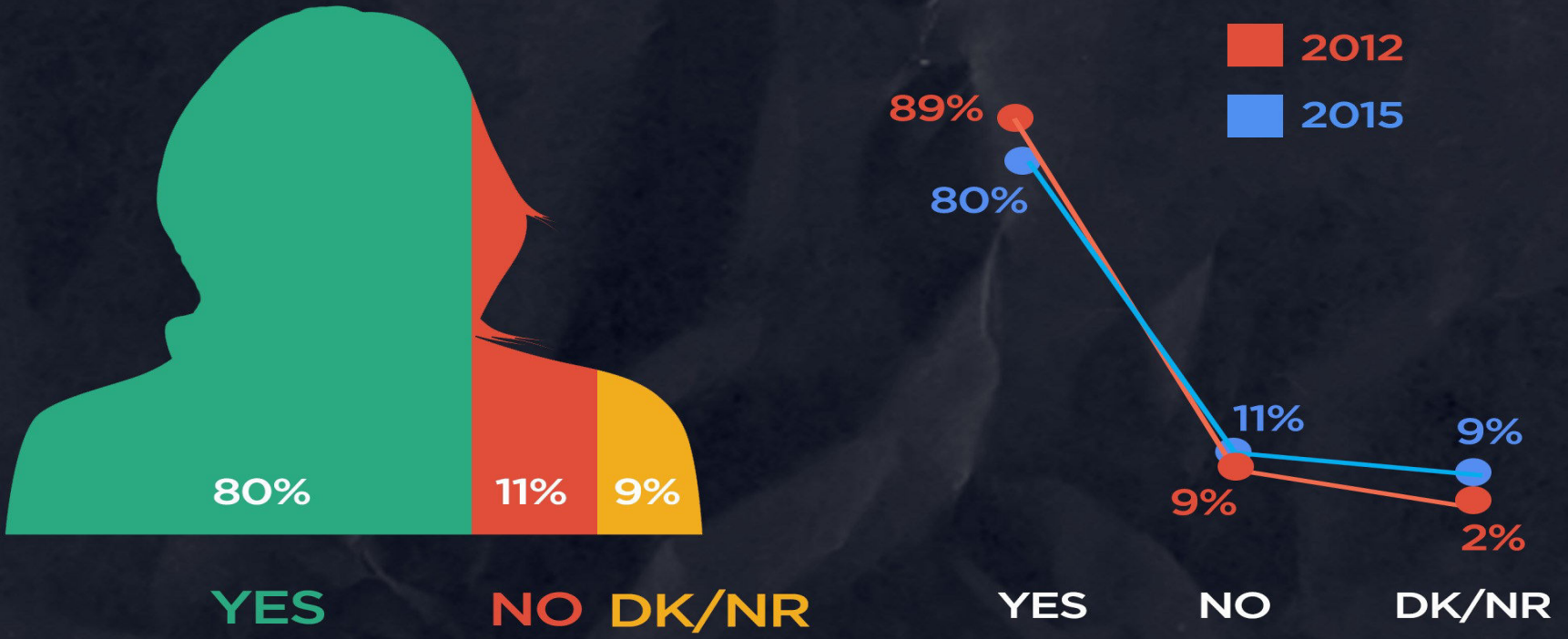
A nationally representative sample of adult men and women, from across the four provinces was asked, “Should a woman cover herself with a veil when going out in public?” In response, 80% said yes, 11% said no and 9% did not respond.

This question was also asked previously in August 2012. The general trend in public opinion has slightly changed over the course of these three years with a minor decrease in the proportion of people who believe that women should draw a veil when out in public. Thus there has been a 9% decrease (from 89% in August 2012 to 80% in August 2015) in those who say that woman should cover herself as well as a 2% increase (from 9% in August 2012 to 11% in August 2015) in those who say that she should not cover herself. 2% did not respond in August 2012.

The study was released by Gilani Research Foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 1910 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during August 24 – August 31, 2015. Error margin is estimated to be approximately $\pm 2-3$ per cent at 95% confidence level.

A sweeping majority of 80% Pakistanis believes that women should veil themselves when going out in public.

Should a woman cover herself with a veil when going out in public?





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A significant majority of Pakistanis (79%) believe that men can become better business executives than women.

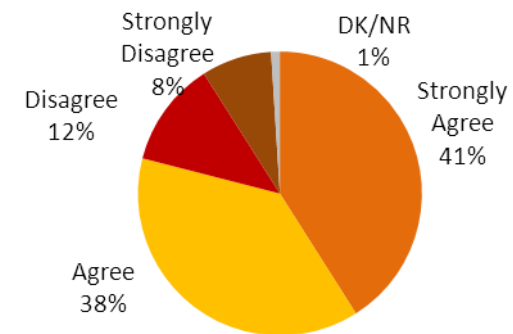
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According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 79% of the respondents believe that men can become better business executives than women; 20% disagree with this.

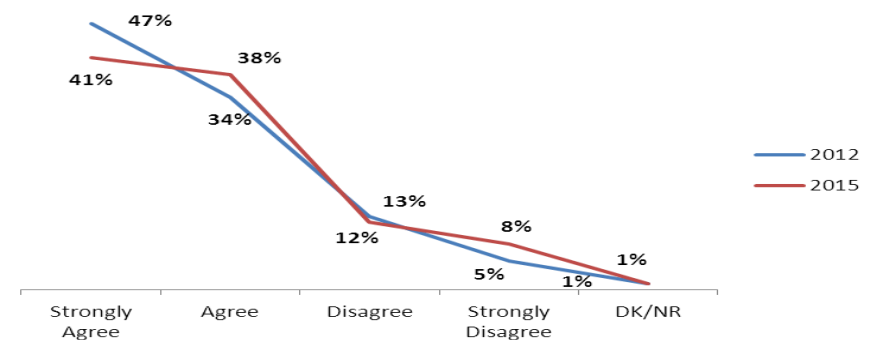
A nationally representative sample of adult men and women, from across the four provinces was asked the extent to which they agree with the following statement, “Generally men can become better business executives than women.” In response, 41% strongly agreed with the statement, 38% agreed with it, 12% disagreed with it and 8% strongly disagreed with the statement. 1% did not respond.

This question was also asked previously in August 2012. The general trend in public opinion has remained relatively consistent during the course of these three years. Those who strongly believe that men can become better business executives than women decreased from 47% in August 2012 to 41% in August 2015. Those who ‘agree’ with the statement however increased slightly from 34% to 38% during these three years. Likewise, those who disagree with the statement decreased from 13% to 12% and those who strongly disagree with the statement increased from 5% to 8%. 1% did not respond in August 2012.

The study was released by Gilani Research Foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 1910 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during August 24 – August 31, 2015. Error margin is estimated to be approximately $\pm 2-3$ per cent at 95% confidence level.



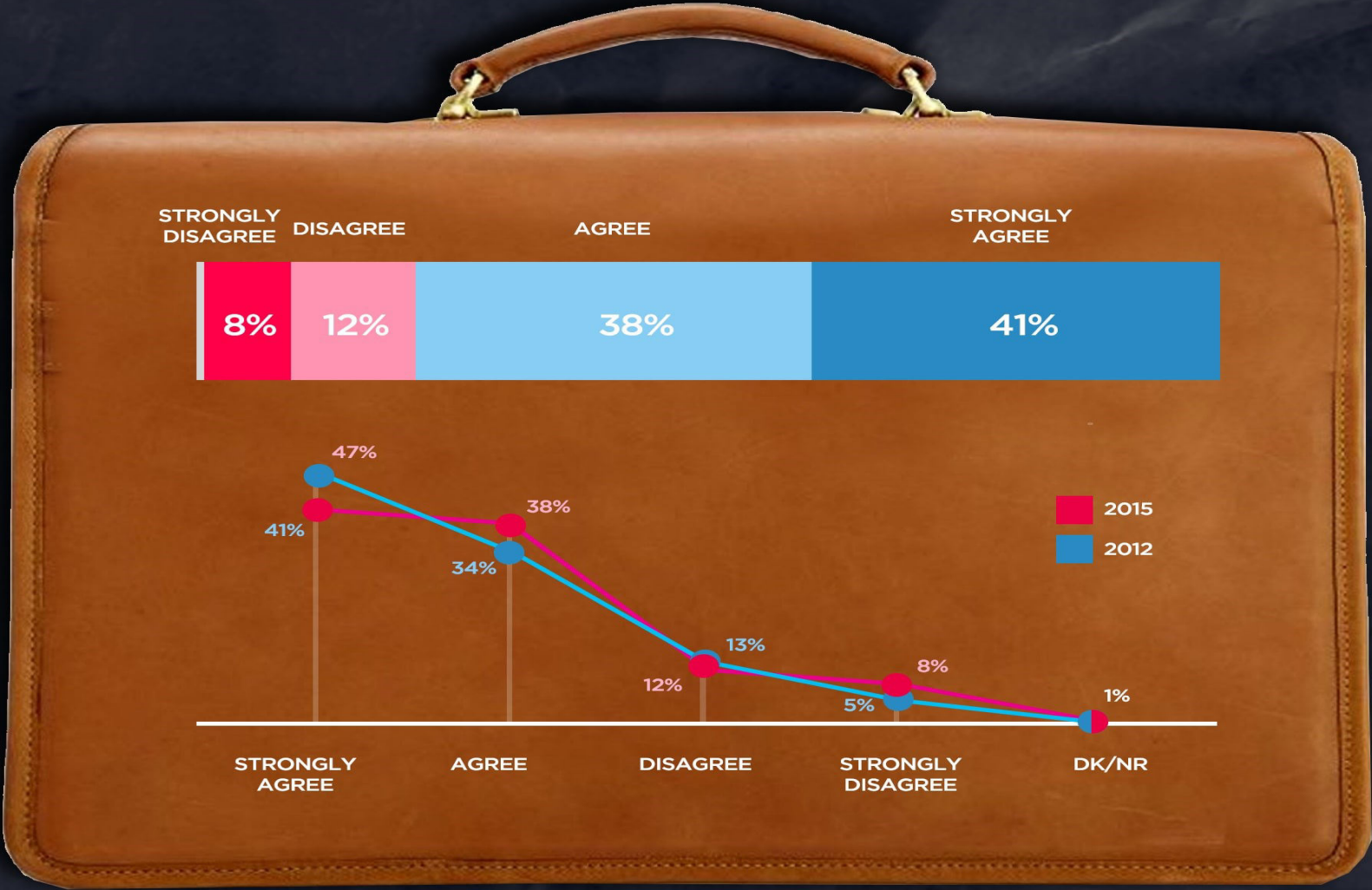
Trend Analysis



Source: Gilani Research Foundation Poll (GRF Poll)
Field work conducted by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk; www.gilanifoundation.com

A significant majority of Pakistanis (79%) believe that men can become better business executives than women.

Please tell the extent to which you agree with the following statement:
Generally men can become better business executives than women.





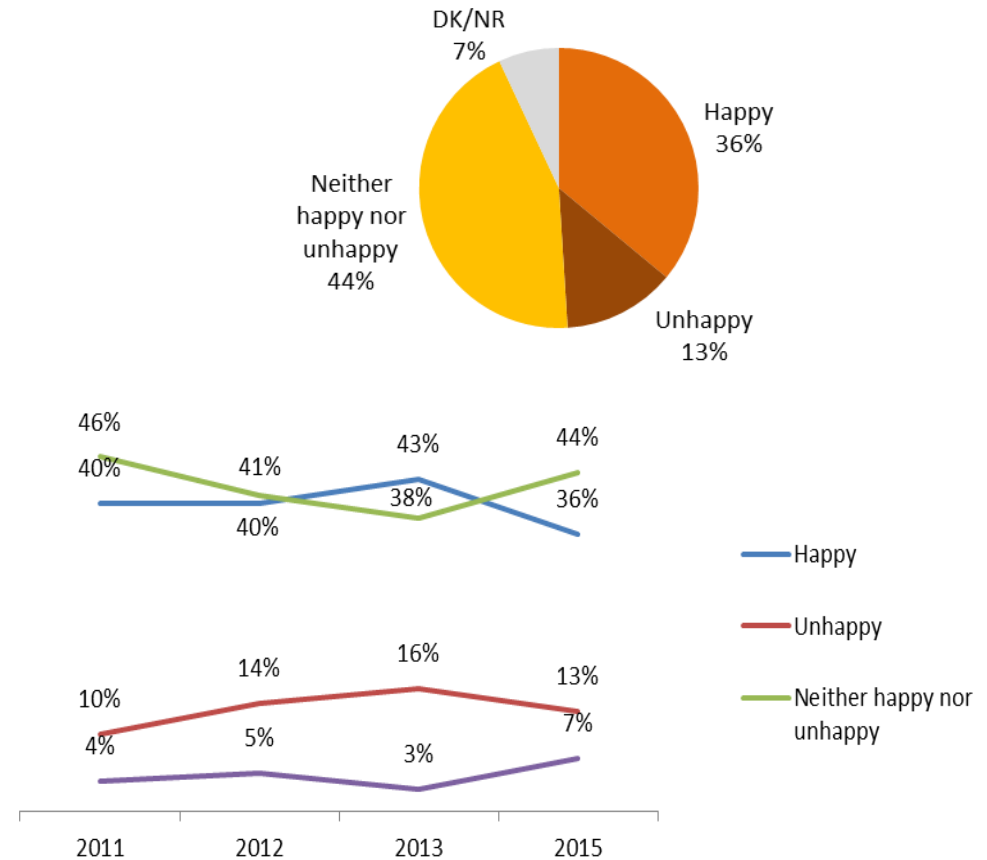
“ Life Satisfaction: 36% Pakistanis claim to be happy with their lives; 13% claim to be unhappy. ”

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 36% Pakistanis claim to be happy with their lives while 13% claim to be unhappy; 44% are neither happy nor unhappy.

A nationally representative sample of adult men and women, from across the four provinces was asked, “Are you happy or unhappy with your life?” In response, 36% said that they are happy, 13% said that they are unhappy and a substantial 44% said that they are neither happy nor unhappy. 7% did not respond.

This question was also asked previously in 2011, 2012, 2013 and 2015. The general trend in public opinion has slightly changed over the course of these four years with a general decrease in people who claim to be happy with their lives. The percentage of people who are happy with their lives increased from 40% in November 2011 and November 2012 to 43% in October 2013 however it has now decreased sharply to 36% in August 2015. Similarly those who are unhappy with their life increased from 10% in 2011 to 14% in November 2012 and 16% in October 2013 after which it fell down slightly to 13% in August 2015. The percentage of those who responded that they are neither happy nor unhappy with their lives wavered during these four years. It decreased from 46% in November 2011 to 41% in November 2012 and 38% in October 2013. Eventually, it increased to 44% in August 2015.

The study was released by Gilani Research Foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 1910 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during August 24 – August 31, 2015. Error margin is estimated to be approximately $\pm 2-3$ per cent at 95% confidence level.

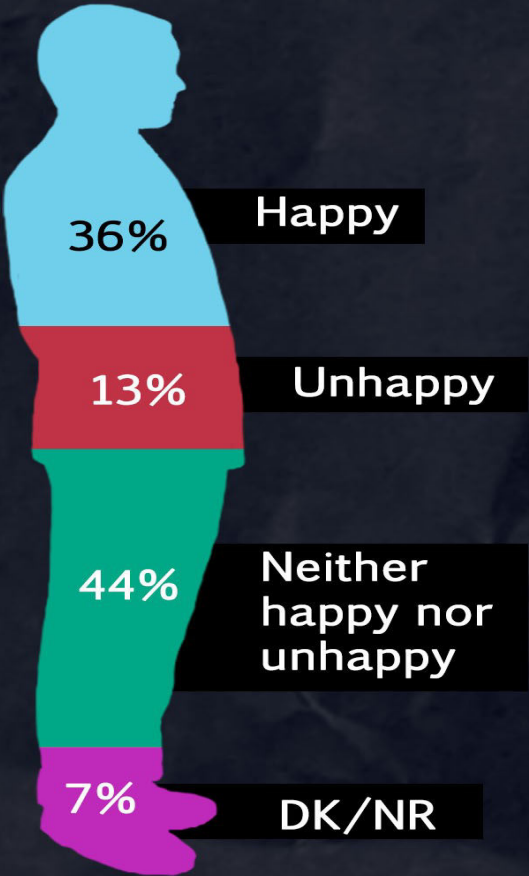


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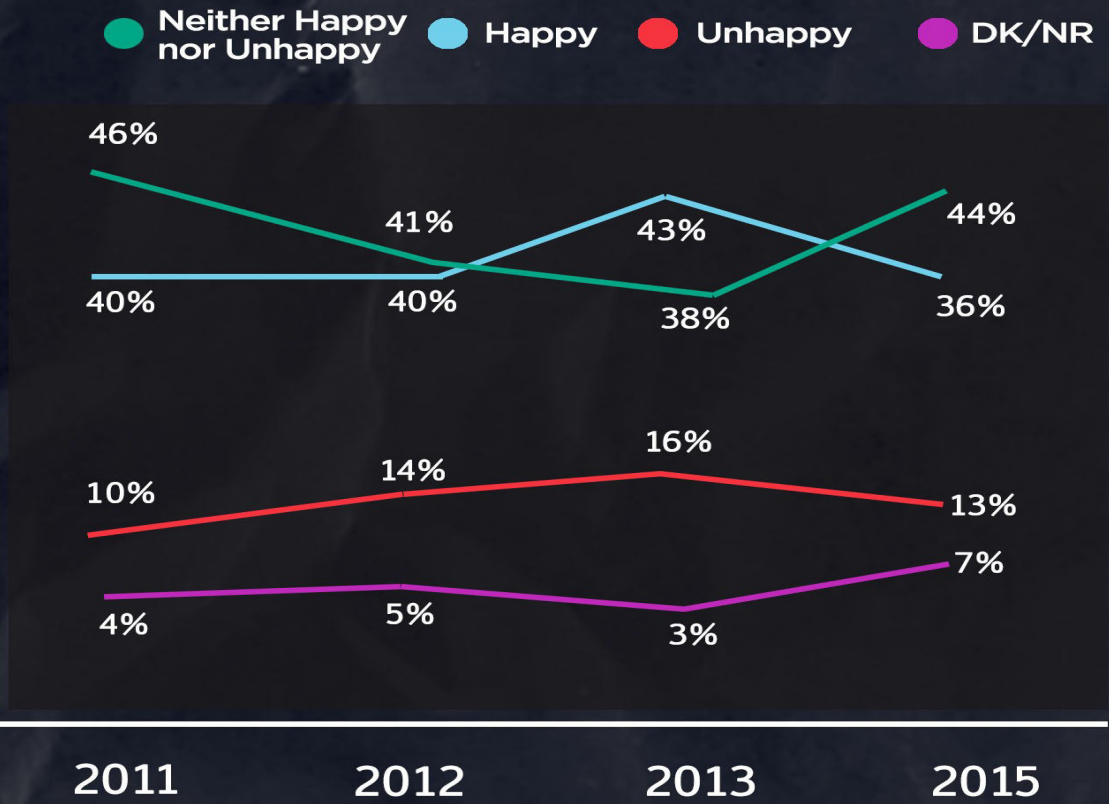
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Life Satisfaction: 36% Pakistanis claim to be happy with their lives; 13% claim to be unhappy.

Are you happy or unhappy with your life?



Trend Analysis





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29% Pakistanis reported their household to have experienced food shortages in the past year.

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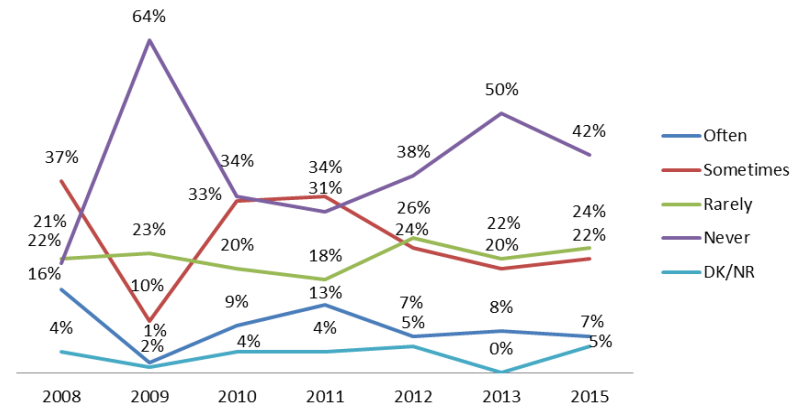
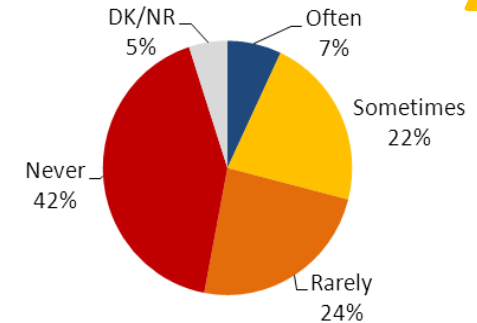
According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 7% respondents said that they had often experienced food shortages in their house in the past year; 22% respondents said that they had ‘sometimes’ faced food shortages in; 24% said they rarely experienced any food shortage; and 42% said they never faced any food related problem.

A nationally representative sample of adult men and women, from across the four provinces was asked, “During the last year did you or your household face any problems/shortage regarding food?” In response, 7% said that they had often faced food shortages in the past year, 22% said that they sometimes faced food problems while 24% said that they rarely faced them. 42% on the other hand said that they never faced any problems related to food. 5% did not respond.

This question was also asked previously since 2008. The general trend has been such that there has been a decrease in respondents who claimed to have experienced some sort of food shortage. Those who said that they often faced food shortage decreased from 16% in 2008 to 2% in 2009 after which it rose to 9% in November 2010 and 13% in January 2011. The figure dropped again to 7% in November 2012, 8% in June 2013 and 7% in August 2015. Likewise, those who said that they ‘sometimes’ faced a food shortage decreased from 37% in 2008 to 10% in 2009 after which it increased to 33% in November 2010 and 34% in January 2011. It then decreased to 24% in November 2012 and 20% in 2013 after which it slightly rose to 22% in 2015. On the other hand public opinion wavered for those who said that they rarely faced any food shortages from 22% in June 2008 to 23% in 2009 and 20% in 2010. The figure fell down to 18% in January 2011 and then increased to 26% in November 2012, 22% in 2013 and eventually 24% in 2015. Those who responded with ‘never’ showed an increasing trend from 21% in June 2008 to 64% in 2009, 34% in 2010, 31% in 2011 and 38% in 2012. It took a greater jump to 50% in 2013 and eventually to 42% in 2015.

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

Islamabad - October 15, 2015

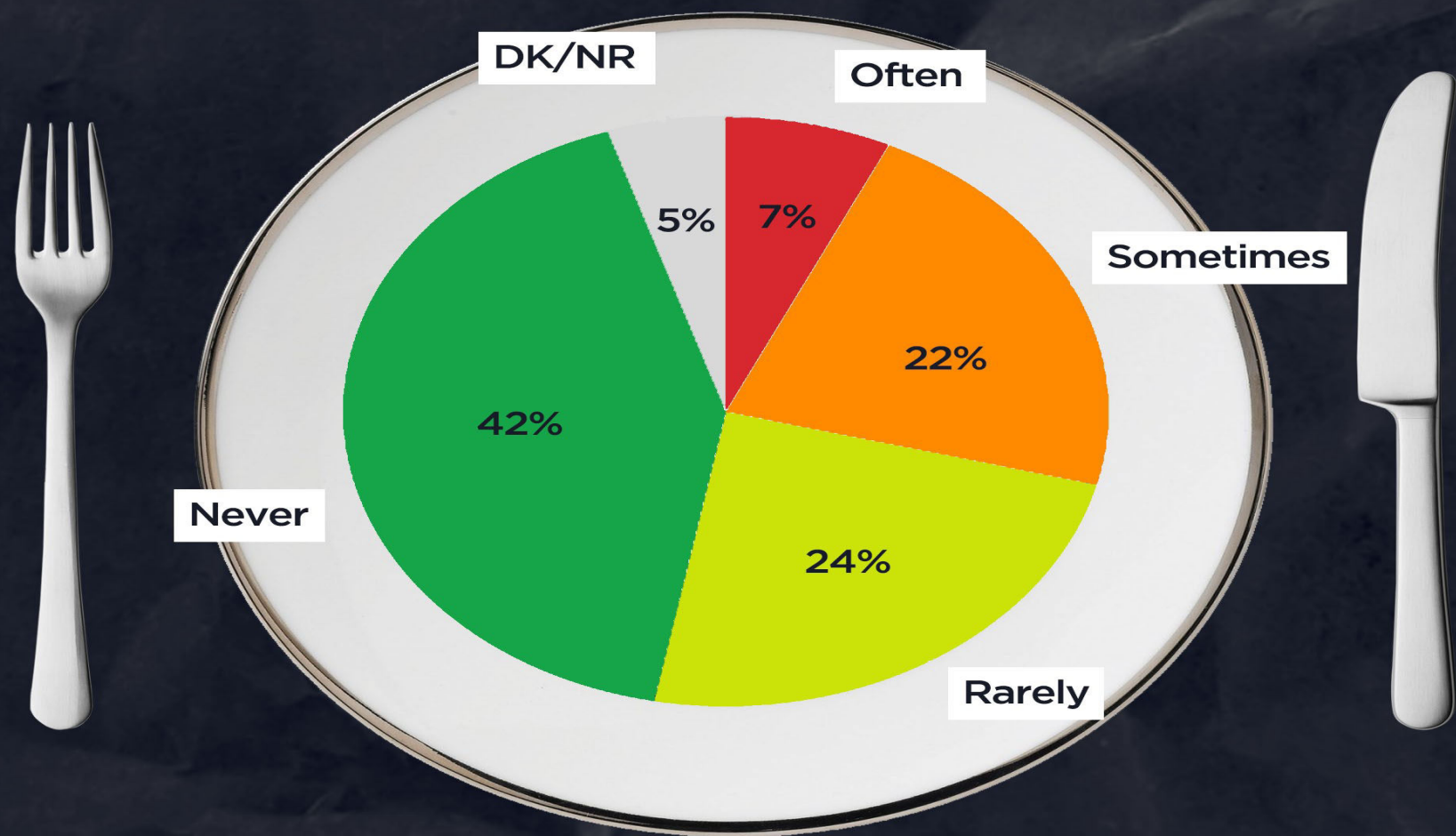


Source: Gilani Research Foundation Poll (GRF Poll)

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29% Pakistanis reported their household to have experienced food shortages in the past year.

During the last year did you or your household face any problems/shortage regarding food?



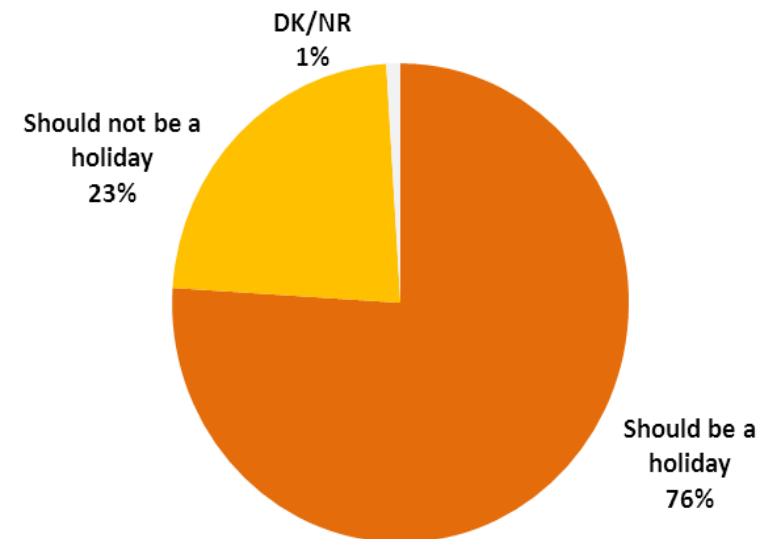


“Defence Day: A significant majority of 76% Pakistanis believes that Pakistan’s Defence Day should be declared a public holiday.”

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 76% Pakistanis opined that Pakistan’s Defence Day should be declared a public holiday; 23% opined that it should not be declared a public holiday.

A nationally representative sample of adult men and women from across the four provinces was asked, “Some people think that there should be a public holiday on Defence Day while others believe that there should be no holiday. What is your opinion on this?” In response to this question, 76% opined that there should be a holiday on Defence Day while 23% opined that there should be no holiday. 1% did not respond.

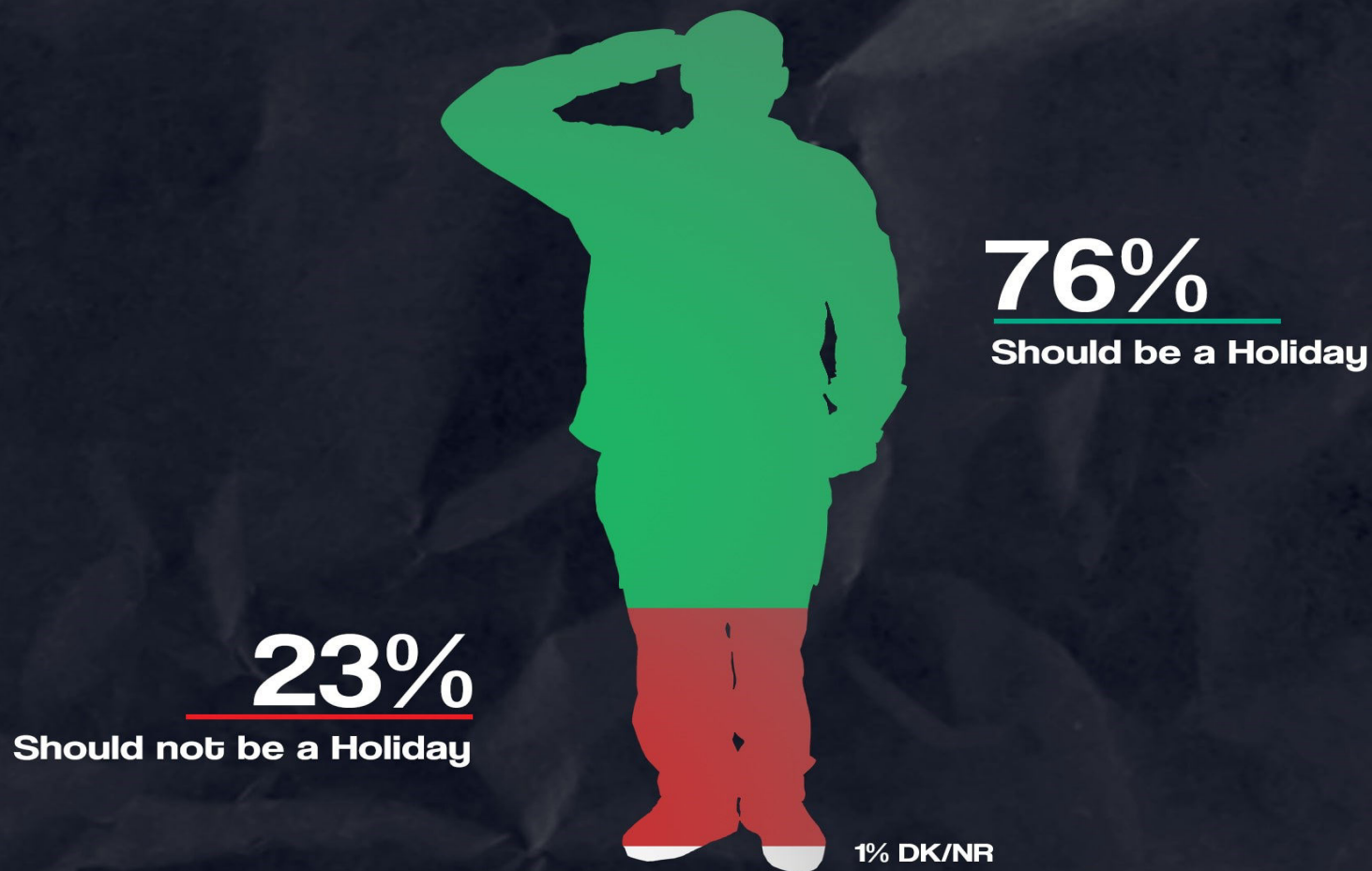
The study was released by Gilani Research Foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 1888 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during September 07 – September 14, 2015. Error margin is estimated to be approximately $\pm 2-3$ per cent at 95% confidence level.



Source: Gilani Research Foundation Poll (GRF Poll)
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A significant majority of 76% Pakistanis believes that Pakistan's Defence Day should be declared a public holiday.

Some people think that there should be a public holiday on Defence Day while others believe that there should be no holiday. What is your opinion on this?



October 2015 Edition:

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Please send all correspondence to:

Email: fatima.idress@gilanifoundation.com

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