

November 2014

Gilani Weekly Poll

CYBERLETTER

Week 199

November 24th, 2014 — November 28th, 2014

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FROM THE EDITOR

Dear Reader,

Gilani Research Team now brings to you a collection of daily polls releases in the form of a weekly digest, which gives you the opportunity to read opinions of the Pakistani public on various socio-political issues. We hope it will be of interest to you and your readers.

If you have any further questions in this regard, please feel free to contact us.

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OPINION POLLS - HIGHLIGHTS

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

November 24, 2014

Men considered more brave, principled and angry; Women considered talkative, emotional and patient.

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 59% Pakistanis believe that men are braver than women; 69% believe that women are more talkative.

59%

[CLICK FOR DETAILS »](#)

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

November 25, 2014

Public knowledge about the Nobel Peace Prize being awarded to Malala Yousafzai is split almost in half.

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 58% Pakistanis have heard about Malala Yousafzai being awarded the Nobel Peace Prize; 42% have not heard about this.

58%

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OPINION POLLS - HIGHLIGHTS

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

November 26, 2014

Majority of Pakistanis who have heard about the Nobel Peace Prize being awarded to Malala Yousafzai feel happy about it.

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 68% Pakistanis who have heard about Malala Yousafzai being awarded the Nobel Peace Prize feel happy about it; 9% feel sad.

68%

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Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

November 27, 2014

Public opinion divided over Malala Yousafzai's potential future in politics.

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 46% Pakistanis believe that Malala Yousafzai should take part in Pakistani politics in the future; 52% Pakistanis disagree.

46%

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OPINION POLLS - HIGHLIGHTS

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

November 28, 2014

More than half Pakistanis believe that the coverage given to PTI and PAT by news channels is more than necessary.

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 53% Pakistanis believe that the coverage given to Pakistan Awami Tehreek and Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf is more than necessary; 11% think it is less than necessary.

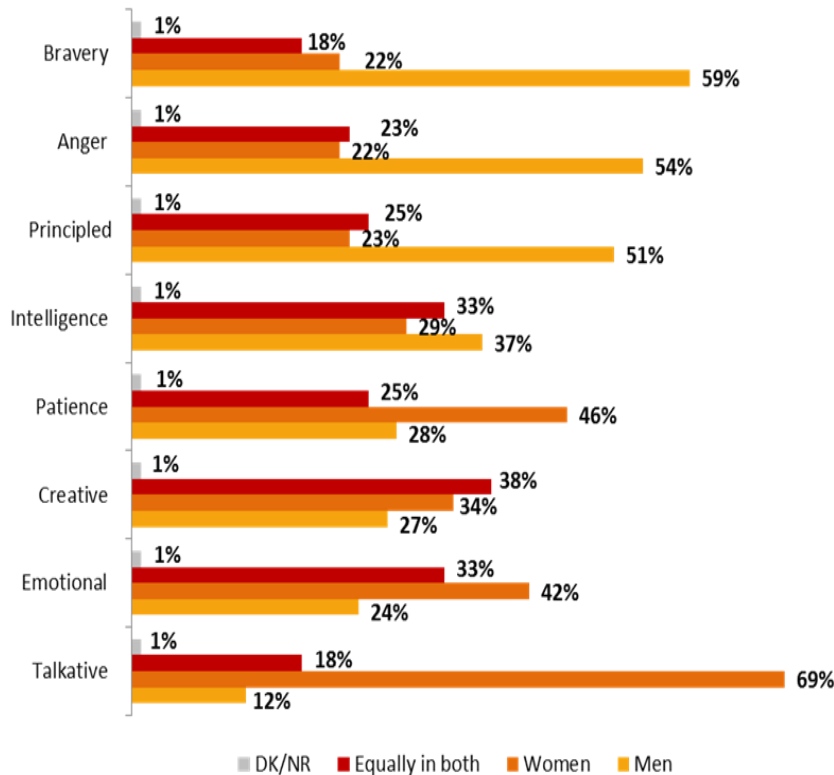
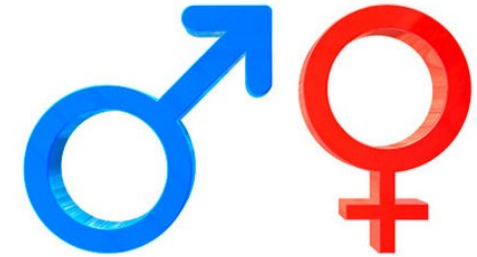
53%

[CLICK FOR DETAILS »](#)

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

Islamabad— November 24, 2014

“Men considered more brave, principled and angry; Women considered talkative, emotional and patient.”



Source: GRF Poll (formerly known as Gilani Poll)

Field work conducted by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk.

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 59% Pakistanis believe that men are braver than women; 69% believe that women are more talkative.

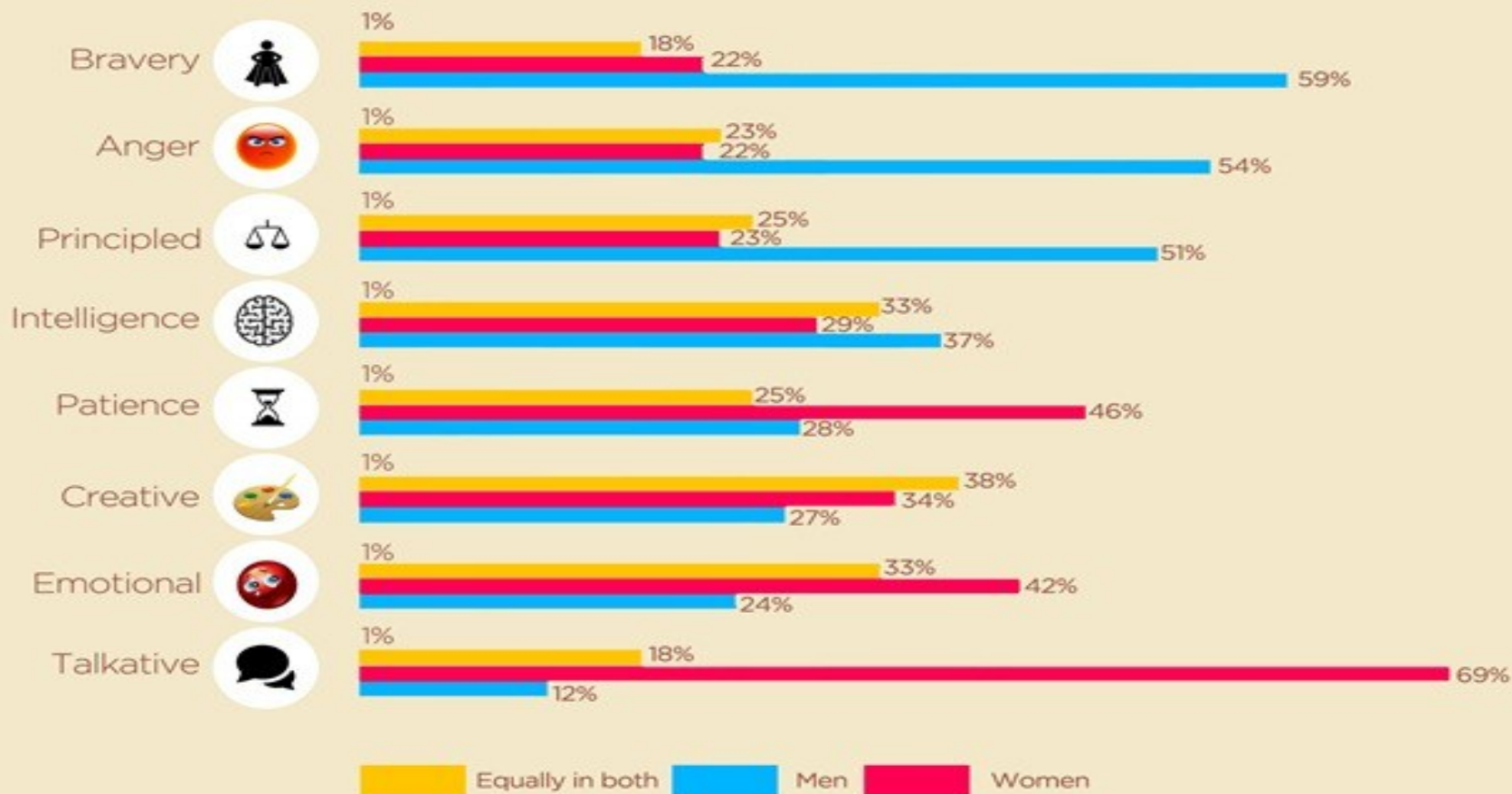
A nationally representative sample of adult men and women, from across the four provinces was asked, “We will ask you about some conventional qualities of men and women. Please tell us regarding each quality whether you think it is traditionally found more in men or women.” Regarding bravery, 59% respondents said that men are braver, 22% said that women are braver, while 18% said both are equally brave and 1% did not respond. Regarding anger, 54% respondents said that men were more likely to get angry, 22% said that women are more likely to get angry, while 23% said both are equally likely and 1% did not respond. Regarding principles, 51% respondents said that men are more principled, 23% said that women are more principled, while 25% said both are equally principled and 1% did not respond. Regarding intelligence, 37% respondents said that men are more intelligent, 29% said that women are more intelligent, while 33% said both are equally intelligent and 1% did not respond. Regarding patience, 28% respondents said that men are more patient, 46% said that women are more patient, while 25% said both are equally patient and 1% did not respond. Regarding emotions, 24% respondents said that men are more emotional, 42% said that women are more emotional, while 33% said both are equally emotional and 1% did not respond. Regarding talkativeness, 12% respondents said that men are more talkative, 69% said that women are more talkative, while 18% said both are equally talkative and 1% did not respond. Regarding creativeness, 27% respondents said that men are more creative, 34% said that women are more creative, while 38% said both are equally creative and 1% did not respond.

The study was released by Gilani Research Foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 2579 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during October 20 – October 27, 2014. Error margin is estimated to be approximately $\pm 2-3$ per cent at 95% confidence level.



Men considered more brave, principled and angry; Women considered talkative, emotional and patient.

We will ask you about some conventional qualities of men and women.
Please tell us regarding each quality whether you think it is traditionally found more in men or women





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Public knowledge about the Nobel Peace Prize being awarded to Malala Yousafzai is split almost in half.

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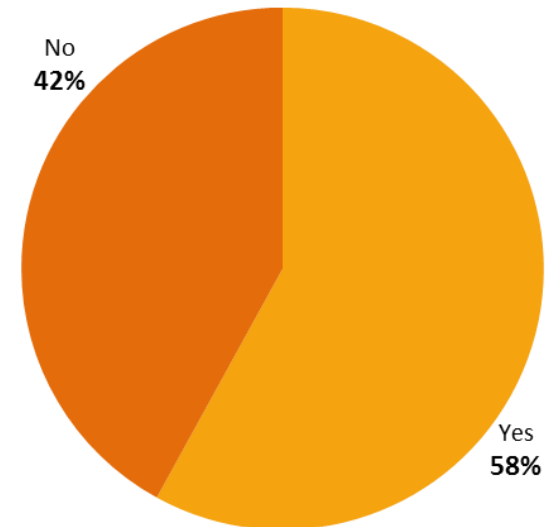
Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

Islamabad - November 25, 2014

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 58% Pakistanis have heard about Malala Yousafzai being awarded the Nobel Peace Prize; 42% have not heard about this.

A nationally representative sample of adult men and women, from across the four provinces was asked, “Recently, Malala Yousafzai was given the Nobel Peace Prize. Have you heard/read about this?” Responding to this question, 58% respondents said they have heard about Malala Yousafzai being given the Nobel Peace Prize, while 42% respondents said they have not heard about it.

The study was released by Gilani Research Foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 2579 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during October 20 – October 27, 2014. Error margin is estimated to be approximately $\pm 2-3$ per cent at 95% confidence level.



Source: GRF Poll (formerly known as Gilani Poll)
Field work conducted by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk; www.gilanifoundation.com



Public knowledge about the Nobel Peace Prize being awarded to Malala Yousafzai is split almost in half.

Recently, Malala Yousafzai was given the Nobel Peace Prize. Have you heard/read about this?

NO
42%

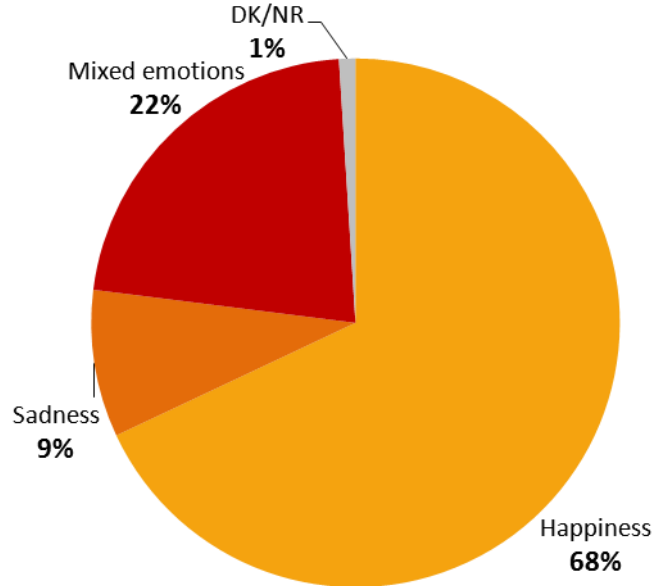


YES
58%

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

Islamabad - November 26, 2014

“ Majority of Pakistanis who have heard about the Nobel Peace Prize being awarded to Malala Yousafzai feel happy about it. ”



Source: GRF Poll (formerly known as Gilani Poll)
Field work conducted by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk; www.gilanifoundation.com

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 68% Pakistanis who have heard about Malala Yousafzai being awarded the Nobel Peace Prize feel happy about it; 9% feel sad.

A nationally representative sample of adult men and women who had heard about Malala Yousafzai being awarded the Nobel Peace Prize, from across the four provinces was asked, “Please tell us, what were your emotions regarding the awarding of Nobel Peace Prize to Malala Yousafzai?” Responding to this question, 68% of the respondents said they feel happiness, 9% said they feel sadness, and 22% said they have mixed emotions about it, while 1% did not respond.

The study was released by Gilani Research Foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 1496 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during October 20 – October 27, 2014. Error margin is estimated to be approximately $\pm$ 2-3 per cent at 95% confidence level.



Majority of Pakistanis who have heard about the Nobel Peace Prize being awarded to Malala Yousafzai feel happy about it.

Please tell us, what were your emotions regarding the awarding of Nobel Peace Prize to Malala Yousafzai

68%



Happiness

9%



Sadness

22%



Mixed emotions

1% DK/NR



“Public opinion divided over Malala Yousafzai’s potential future in politics.”

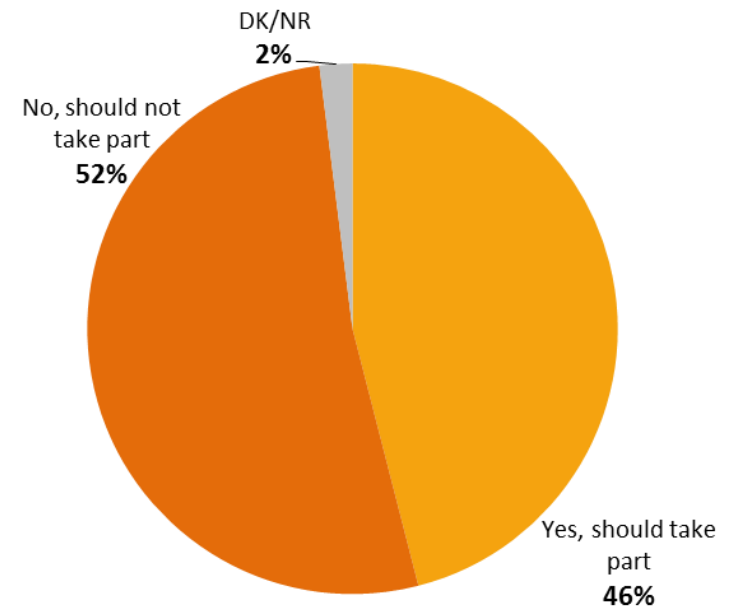
Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

Islamabad - November 27, 2014

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 46% Pakistanis believe that Malala Yousafzai should take part in Pakistani politics in the future; 52% Pakistanis disagree.

A nationally representative sample of adult men and women, from across the four provinces was asked, “In your opinion should Malala Yousafzai take part in Pakistani politics in the future or not?” Responding to this question, 46% respondents said that she should take part in Pakistani politics in the future, while 52% respondents said that she should not take part in Pakistani politics in the future and 2% did not respond.

The study was released by Gilani Research Foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 2579 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during October 20 – October 27, 2014. Error margin is estimated to be approximately ± 2 -3 per cent at 95% confidence level.



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Public opinion divided over Malala Yousafzai's potential future in politics.

In your opinion should Malala Yousafzai take part in Pakistani politics in the future or not?





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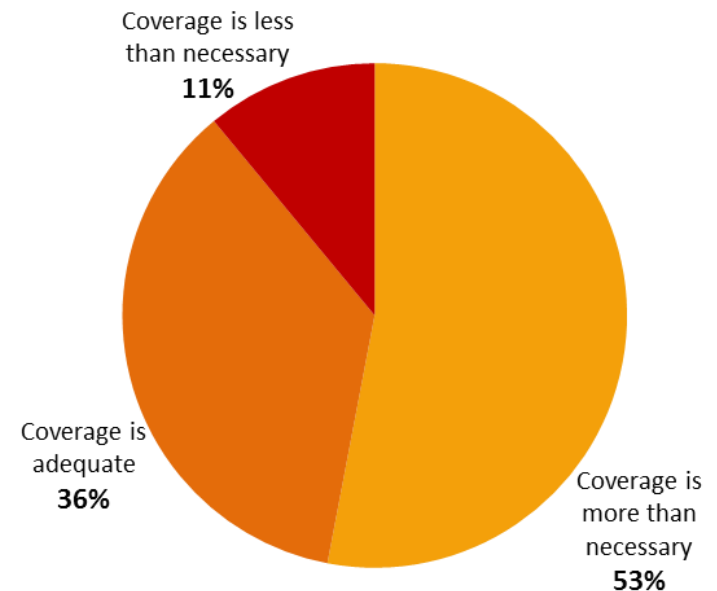
More than half Pakistanis believe that the coverage given to PTI and PAT by news channels is more than necessary.

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According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 53% Pakistanis believe that the coverage given to Pakistan Awami Tehreek and Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf is more than necessary; 11% think it is less than necessary.

A nationally representative sample of adult men and women, from across the four provinces was asked, “In some people’s opinion, the length of coverage given to Pakistan Awami Tehreek and Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf by news channels is more than necessary, while others think that the coverage is adequate and some think that the coverage is less than necessary. What is your opinion about this coverage?” In response, 53% respondents said the coverage is more than necessary, 36% believe that the coverage is adequate, while 11% said the coverage is less than necessary.

The study was released by Gilani Research Foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 2579 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during October 20 – October 27, 2014. Error margin is estimated to be approximately $\pm 2-3$ per cent at 95% confidence level.



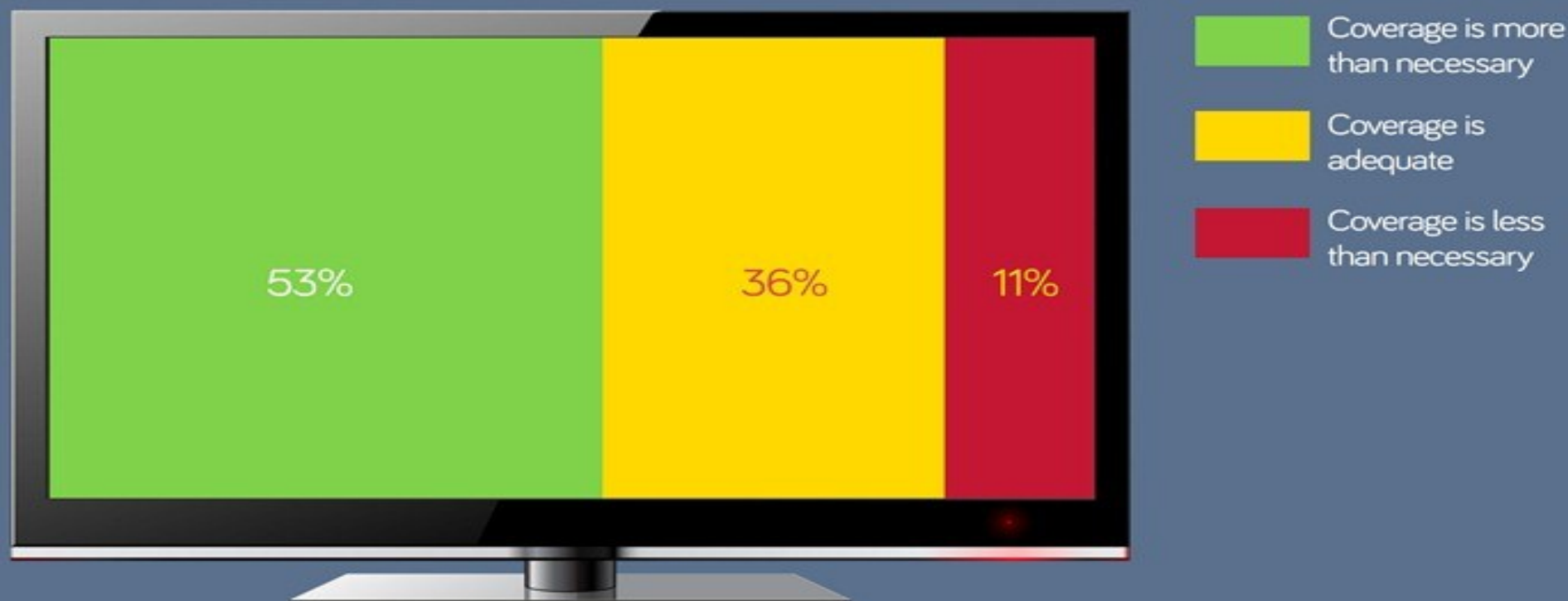
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More than half Pakistanis believe that the coverage given to PTI and PAT by news channels is more than necessary.

In some people's opinion, the length of coverage given to Pakistan Awami Tehreek and Pakistan Tehreek-e-Insaf by news channels is more than necessary, while others think that the coverage is adequate and some think that the coverage is less than necessary. What is your opinion about this coverage?"



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