

Gilani Weekly Poll

Cyberletter

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March 2012

Week # 62 (2012)

Opinion Polls Released during

March 12th, 2012 – March 16th, 2012

Only 18% believe in the Efficacy of their vote to cause social change: GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

March 12, 2012



According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan only 18% believe in the Efficacy of their vote to cause social change.

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From The Editor

Dear Reader,

Gilani Research Team now brings



to you a collection of daily polls releases in the form of a weekly digest, which gives you the opportunity to read opinions of the Pakistani public on various socio-political issues.

We hope it will be of interest to you and your readers.

If you have any further questions in this regard, please feel free to contact us.

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75% are highly (38%) or mildly (37%) skeptical about the power of their vote in national elections: GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

March 13, 2012



According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan 75% are highly (38%) or mildly (37%) skeptical about the power of their vote in national elections.

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Widespread skepticism about the sincerity of rulers, survey shows 53% of Pakistanis are highly skeptical about rulers, 29% are partially skeptical. Only 12% take a favorable view: GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

March 14, 2012



According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan widespread skepticism about the sincerity of rulers, survey shows 53% of Pakistanis are highly skeptical about rulers, 29% are partially skeptical. Only 12% take a favorable view.

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52% say leading politicians do not represent “my” generation’s ideas. Ironically young and old hold the same view. ‘Poor’ politicians fail to win the trust of either: GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

March 15, 2012



According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan 52% say leading politicians do not represent “my” generation’s ideas. Ironically young and old hold the same view. ‘Poor’ politicians fail to win the trust of either.

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57% of Pakistanis believe Cricketer Mohammed Amir should appeal against 5 year ban on him to play cricket: GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

March 16, 2012



According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan 57% of Pakistanis believe Cricketer Mohammed Amir should appeal against 5 year ban on him to play cricket.

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Disclaimer: Gallup Pakistan is not related to Gallup Inc. headquartered in Washington D.C. USA. We require that our surveys be credited fully as Gallup Pakistan (not Gallup or Gallup Poll). We disclaim any responsibility for surveys pertaining to Pakistani public opinion except those carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association. For details on Gallup International Association see website: www.gallup-international.com

Gilani Research Foundation is a not for profit public service project to provide social science research to students academia, policy makers and concerned citizens in Pakistan and across the globe.

Gilani Research Foundation is headed by Dr. Ijaz Shafi Gilani who pioneered the field of opinion in Pakistan and established Gallup Pakistan in 1980. Current Dr. Gilani, who hold a PhD from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) and has taught at leading universities in Pakistan and abroad, is Chairman of Gallup Pakistan (www.gallup.com.pk)

Only 18% believe in the Efficacy of their vote to cause social change. GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

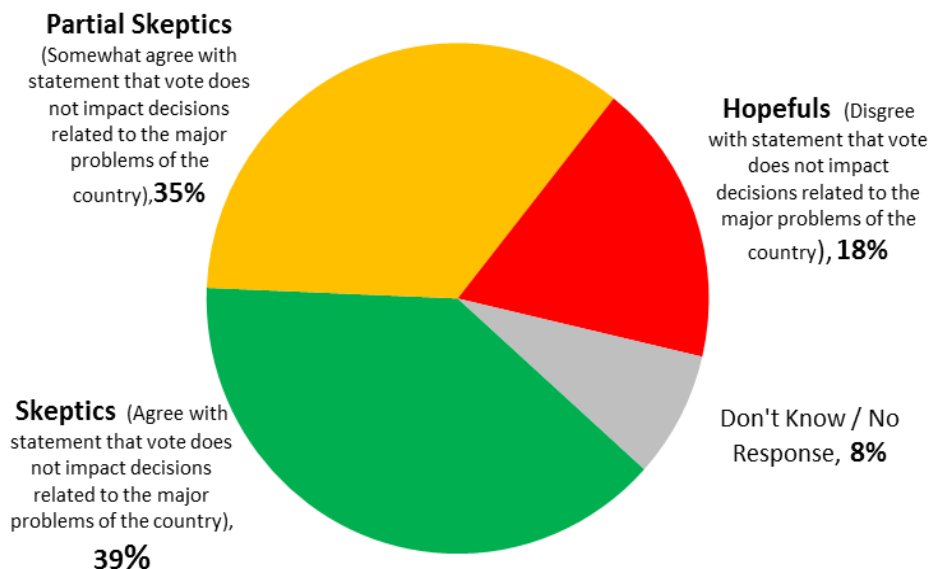
Islamabad March 12, 2012

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan only 18% believe in the Efficacy of their vote to cause social change.



A nationally representative sample of men and women from across the four provinces was asked “Do you agree or disagree that your vote in the elections does not impact decisions about the major problems of the country?” Responding to this 39% appear to be Skeptics; they completely agree with the statement that their vote during elections does not impact the decisions related to the major problems of the country; 35% are Partial Skeptics, they somewhat agree with the same statement. On the other hand 18% are Hopefuls. They disagree with the statement and believe that their vote can impact decisions about major problems of the country. However 8% did not give a view.

Question: “Do you agree or disagree that your vote in the elections does not impact decisions about the major problems of the country?”



Source: Gallup and Gilani Surveys

The Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association (www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk)

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The study was released by Gilani foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 2700 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during February 19 – February 25, 2012. Error margin is estimated to be approximately ± 2 -3 per cent at 95% confidence level.

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75% are highly (38%) or mildly (37%) skeptical about the power of their vote in national elections. GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

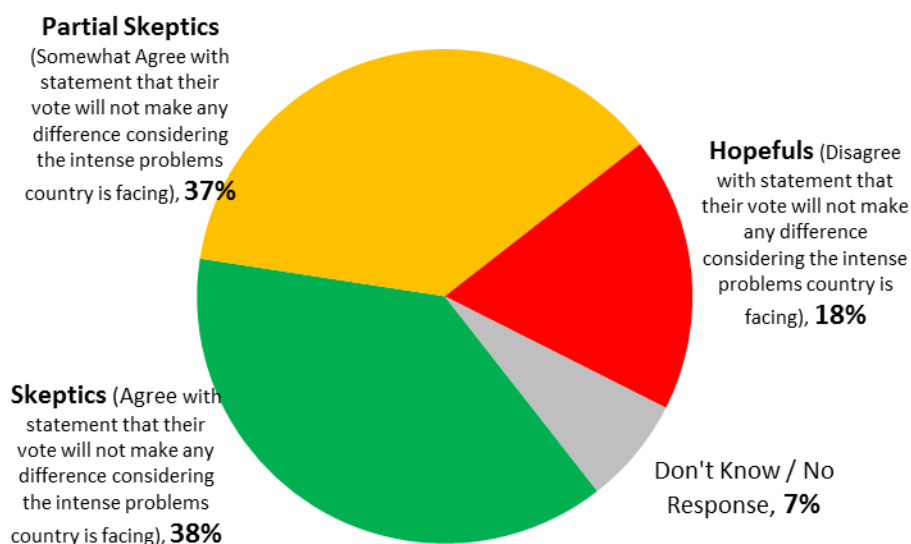
Islamabad March 13, 2012

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan 75% are highly (38%) or mildly (37%) skeptical about the power of their vote in national elections.



A nationally representative sample of men and women from across the four provinces was asked “Do you agree or disagree that currently the country is facing extreme problems and that your vote will not make any difference?” Responding to this 38% appear to be Skeptics; they completely agree with the statement that their vote will not make any difference considering the extreme problems being faced by the country at the moment, 37% are Partial Skeptics; they somewhat agree with the same statement. On the other hand 18% are hopefuls; they believe that their vote can make a difference no matter how extreme the problems are at the moment. However 7% did not give a view.

Question: “Do you agree or disagree that currently the country is facing extreme problems and that your vote will not make any difference?”



Source: Gallup and Gilani Surveys

The Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association (www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk)

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Widespread skepticism about the sincerity of rulers, survey shows 53% of Pakistanis are highly skeptical about rulers, 29% are partially skeptical. Only 12% take a favorable view. GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

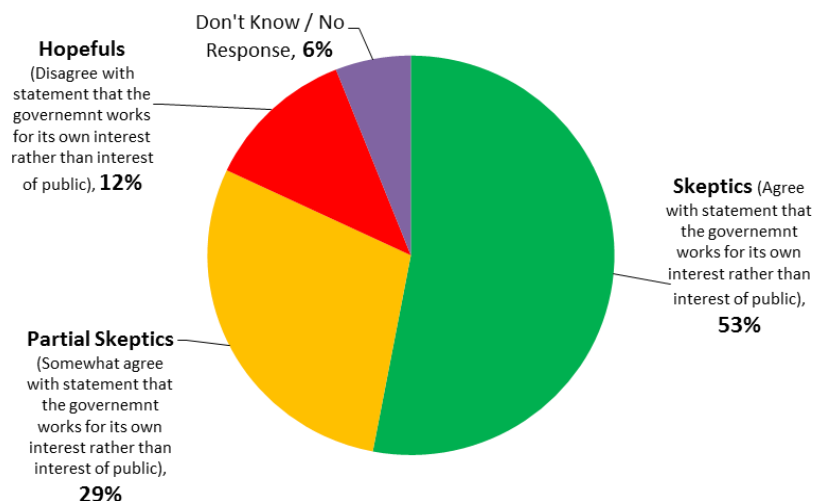
Islamabad March 14, 2012

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan widespread skepticism about the sincerity of rulers, survey shows 53% of Pakistanis are highly skeptical about rulers, 29% are partially skeptical. Only 12% take a favorable view.



A nationally representative sample of men and women from across the four provinces was asked “Do you agree or disagree that the government is run by a few people who only work for their own interest rather than working for the public’s interest?” Responding to this 53% appear to be Skeptics; they completely agree with the statement that government is run by a few people working for their own interest rather than working for the interest of public, 29% are Partial Skeptics; they somewhat agree with the same statement. On the other hand 12% are Hopefuls; they believe that government works for the interest of public rather than their own. However 6% did not give a view.

Question: “Do you agree or disagree that the government is run by a few people who only work for their own interest rather than working for the public’s interest?”



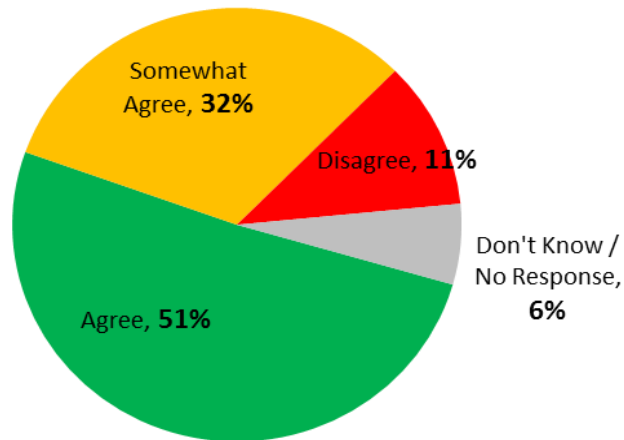
Source: Gallup and Gilani Surveys
The Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association (www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk)

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In a follow up question, the respondents were asked “Do you agree or disagree that politicians cannot be trusted since most of them are corrupt?” Responding to this 51% completely agree that politicians cannot be trusted since most of them are corrupt, 32% somewhat agree whereas 11% disagree and believe that politicians can be trusted. However 6% did not give a view.

Question: “Do you agree or disagree that politicians cannot be trusted since most of them are corrupt?”



Source: Gallup and Gilani Surveys

The Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association (www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk)

The study was released by Gilani foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 2700 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during February 19 – February 25, 2012. Error margin is estimated to be approximately $\pm 2-3$ per cent at 95% confidence level.

52% say leading politicians do not represent “my” generation’s ideas. Ironically young and old hold the same view. ‘Poor’ politicians fail to win the trust of either. GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

Islamabad March 15, 2012

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan 52% say leading politicians do not represent “my” generation’s ideas. Ironically young and old hold the same view. ‘Poor’ politicians fail to win the trust of either.



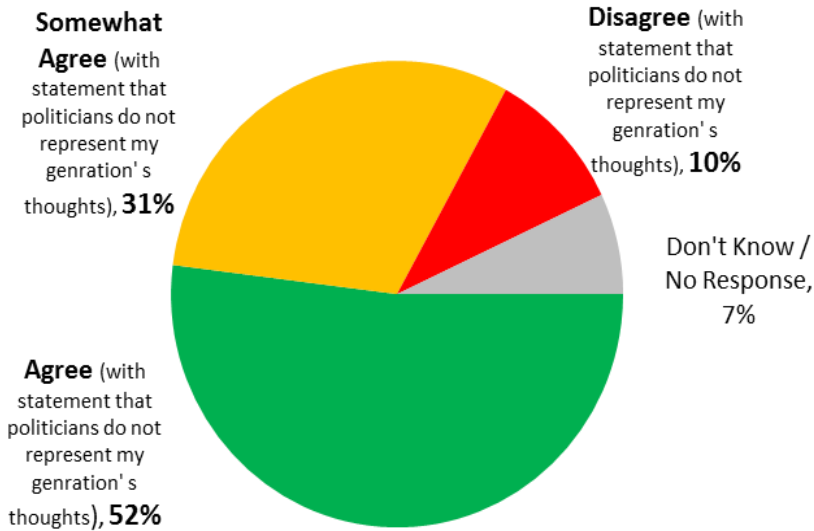
A nationally representative sample of men and women from across the four provinces was asked “Do you agree or disagree that the leading political parties of the country do not represent the ideology of your generation?” Responding to this 52% agree that the leading political parties of the country do not represent the ideology of their generation, 31% somewhat agree whereas 10% disagree and believe that the leading political parties does represent the ideology of their generation. However 7% did not give a view.

Further analysis of the data shows that there is very little difference in views among various age groups. Thus 51% of the under 30 believe politicians do not represent the ideas of their generation. Meanwhile, and somewhat ironically, 52% of the older generation (over 50 years of age) also hold the same view. Apparently politicians are unable to win the confidence for wither generation. Each generation may have its own reasons, but they lead them to the same conclusion. Commenting on this an analyst from Gallup Pakistan says: Pakistan needs functioning democracy. But for that to come about politicians as a class need to improve their popular image and inspire greater trust among the average citizen, young or old.

Question: “Do you agree or disagree that the leading political parties of the country do not represent the ideology of your generation?”

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Source: Gallup and Gilani Surveys

The Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association (www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk)

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57% of Pakistanis believe Cricketer Mohammed Amir should appeal against 5 year ban on him to play cricket. GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

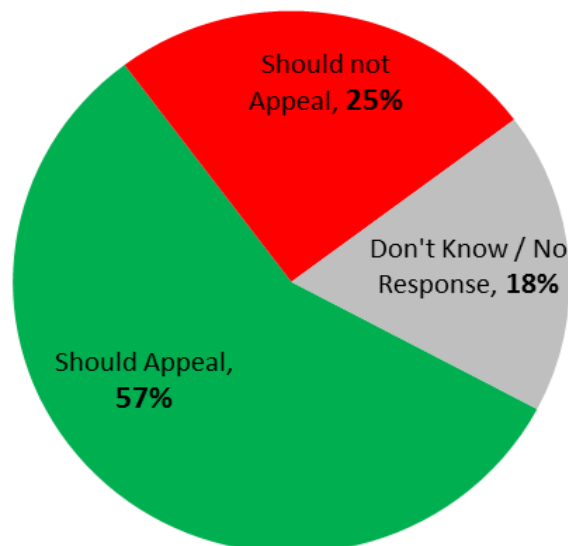
Islamabad March 16, 2012



According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan 57% of Pakistanis believe Cricketer Mohammed Amir should appeal against 5 year ban on him to play cricket.

A nationally representative sample of men and women from across the four provinces was asked “Recently, Pakistani Cricketer Mohammed Amir who has been banned to play for five years due to allegations of spot fixing have announced that he will appeal against the ban. Some people think that he should appeal whereas some people think that he should not, what is your opinion?” Responding to this 57% believe that Mohammed Amir should appeal against the ban whereas 25% believe he should not. However 18% did not give a view.

Question: “Recently, Pakistani Cricketer Mohammed Amir who has been banned to play for five years due to allegations of spot fixing have announced that he will appeal against the ban. Some people think that he should appeal whereas some people think that he should not, what is your opinion?”



Source: Gallup and Gilani Surveys

The Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association (www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk)

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March 2012

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A year to thank,
share and reinvent
Gallup & Gilani: 1980-2012



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