

Gilani Weekly Poll

Cyberletter

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November 2012

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Opinion Polls Released during

October 30th, 2012 – November 2nd, 2012

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October 30, 2012



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From The Editor

Dear Reader,

Gilani Research Team now brings



to you a collection of daily polls releases in the form of a weekly digest, which gives you the opportunity to read opinions of the Pakistani public on various socio-political issues.

We hope it will be of interest to you and your readers.

If you have any further questions in this regard, please feel free to contact us.

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October 31, 2012



According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, majority of Pakistanis (56%) believe 'lottery' for financial gain is not permissible to Muslims; 18% believe it is permissible. 26% are unsure.

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November 01, 2012



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November 02, 2012



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Gilani Research Foundation is a not for profit public service project to provide social science research to students academia, policy makers and concerned citizens in Pakistan and across the globe.

Gilani Research Foundation is headed by Dr. Ijaz Shafi Gilani who pioneered the field of opinion in Pakistan and established Gallup Pakistan in 1980. Current Dr. Gilani, who hold a PhD from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) and has taught at leading universities in Pakistan and abroad, is Chairman of Gallup Pakistan (www.gallup.com.pk)

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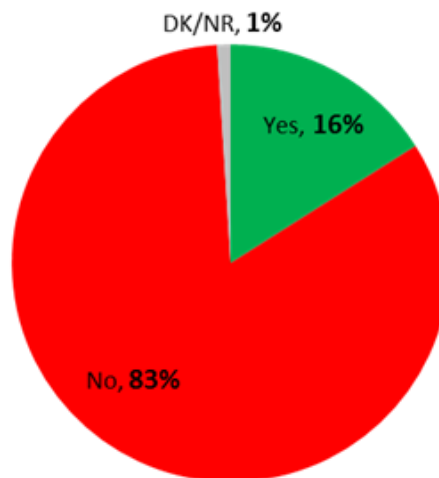
Islamabad October 30, 2012

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, only 16% of Pakistanis say they have ever purchased a lottery ticket.



A nationally representative sample of men and women from across the four provinces was asked “Have you or anyone in your household had the opportunity to buy a lottery ticket?” Responding to this, 16% said yes and 83% said no. However, 1% did not give a response.

Question: “Have you or anyone in your household had the opportunity to buy a lottery ticket?”



Source: Gallup and Gilani Surveys

The Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association (www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk; www.gilanifoundation.com)

Methodology

The study was released by Gilani foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 2674 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during October 07, 2012 – October 13, 2012. Error margin is estimated to be approximately $\pm 2-3$ per cent at 95% confidence level.

Majority of Pakistanis (56%) believe 'lottery' for financial gain is not permissible to Muslims; 18% believe it is permissible. 26% are unsure. GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

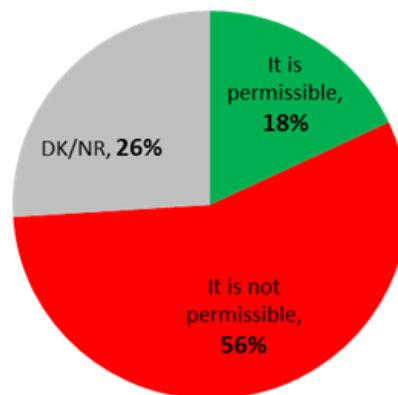
Islamabad October 31, 2012

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, majority of Pakistanis (56%) believe 'lottery' for financial gain is not permissible to Muslims; 18% believe it is permissible. 26% are unsure.



A nationally representative sample of men and women from across the four provinces was asked "Some people are of the opinion that lottery is gambling and not permissible in Islam. Some people believe it is permissible. What is your opinion?" Responding to this, 18% believe it is permissible and 56% believe it is not permissible. However, 26% did not give a response.

Question: "Some people are of the opinion that lottery is gambling and not permissible in Islam. Some people believe it is permissible. What is your opinion?"



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Majority (65%) is fearful and apprehensive about insurgency in Baluchistan. GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

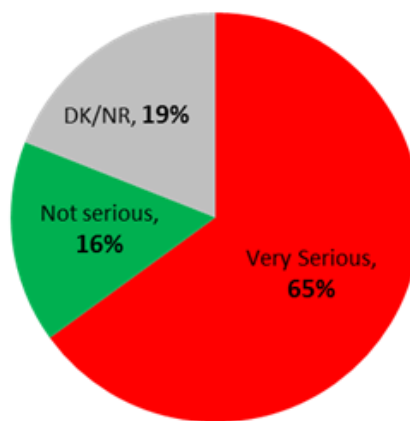
Islamabad November 01, 2012

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, majority (65%) is fearful and apprehensive about insurgency in Baluchistan.



A nationally representative sample of men and women from across the four provinces was asked “These days in Baluchistan there are discussions going on about separatist movements and insurgency. In your opinion, is the threat of separation and insurgency from Baluchistan very serious or not serious?” Responding to this, 65% of Pakistanis are of the opinion that the threat is ‘very serious’ and 16% think it is ‘not serious’. However, 19% chose no response.

Question: “These days in Baluchistan there are discussions going on about separatist movements and insurgency. In your opinion, is the threat of separation and insurgency from Baluchistan very serious or not serious?”



Source: Gallup and Gilani Surveys
The Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association (www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk, www.gilanifoundation.com)

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The study was released by Gilani foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 2674 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during October 07, 2012 – October 13, 2012. Error margin is estimated to be approximately $\pm 2-3$ per cent at 95% confidence level.

7% of Pakistanis suffer from hunger often, which is higher than the global average of 3%. GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

Islamabad November 02, 2012

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 7% of Pakistanis suffer from hunger often, which is higher than the global average of 3%.

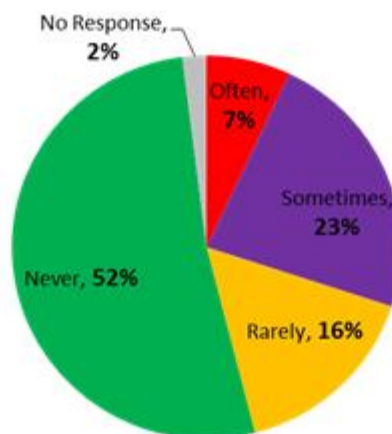


A nationally representative sample of men and women from across the four provinces was asked “Have there been times in the last twelve months when you and/or your family have not had enough to eat?” Responding to this, 52% said never, 23% said sometimes, 16% said rarely and 7% said often. However, 2% did not give a response.

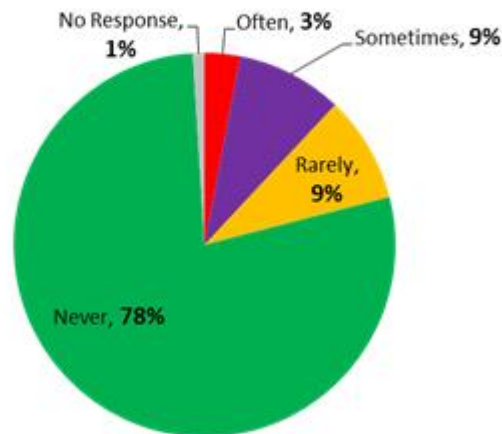
The poll was a part of a global study conducted by WIN-Gallup International, the world’s leading network of opinion researchers and pollsters. Responding to the same question, the global average of felt-hunger shows that 78% chose ‘never’, 9% chose ‘rarely’, 9% chose ‘sometimes’ and 3% chose ‘often’. However, 1% did not give a response.

Question: “Have there been times in the last twelve months when you and/or your family have not had enough to eat?”

Freedom from Felt-Hunger in Pakistan



Freedom from Felt-Hunger across the globe



Source: Gallup and Gilani Surveys

The Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association (www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk, www.gilanifoundation.com)

Methodology

The study was released by Gilani foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 2705 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during November 27, 2011 – December 03, 2011. Error margin is estimated to be approximately $\pm 2-3$ per cent at 95% confidence level.

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Please send all correspondence to:

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**A year to thank,
share and reinvent
Gallup & Gilani: 1980-2012**



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