

Gilani Weekly Poll

Cyberletter

September 2011

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From The Editor

Dear Reader,

Gilani Research Team now brings

to you a collection of daily polls releases in the form of a weekly digest, which gives you the opportunity to read opinions of the Pakistani public on various socio-political issues.

We hope it will be of interest to you and your readers.

If you have any further questions in this regard, please feel free to contact us.

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Week # 39 (2011)

Opinion Polls Released during September 26th, 2011– September 30rd, 2011

12% of Pakistani males and 3% of Pakistani females claim to use tobacco in the form of 'Naswar': GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

September 26, 2011



The results of a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan revealed that 12% of Pakistani males and 3% of Pakistani females claimed to use tobacco in the traditional form of 'Naswar'.

[Click for details](#)

14% of Pakistani males and 3% of Pakistani females claim to use tobacco in the form of 'Huqqa' (Traditional pipe or Sheesha): GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

September 27, 2011



The results of a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan revealed that 14% of Pakistani males and 3% of Pakistani females claimed to use tobacco in the traditional form of 'Huqqa'.

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12% of Pakistani Males and 2% of Pakistani Females claim to use Tobacco in 'Paan' or Chewing Betel-nut: GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

September 28, 2011



The results of a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan revealed that 12% of Pakistani males and 2% of Pakistani females claimed to use tobacco in the traditional form of 'Paan' or chewing Betel-nut.

[Click for details](#)

Vast Majority (91%) of Pakistanis believes smoking to be harmful for health: GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

September 29, 2011



The results of a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan revealed 91% of Pakistanis believe that smoking is harmful for health, while only 4% held the opinion that smoking is not harmful for health.

[Click for details](#)

Majority (51%) believes use of tobacco and smoking cigarettes damages a person's social status; 9% believe it raises the social status and 33% believe it makes no difference. GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

September 30, 2011



The results of a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan revealed nearly half of the population of Pakistan (51%) believes that use of tobacco and smoking cigarettes damages a person's social status while only 9% believe it raises the social status. 33% believe it makes no difference.

[Click for details](#)

Disclaimer: Gallup Pakistan is not related to Gallup Inc. headquartered in Washington D.C. USA. We require that our surveys be credited fully as Gallup Pakistan (not Gallup or Gallup Poll). We disclaim any responsibility for surveys pertaining to Pakistani public opinion except those carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association. For details on Gallup International Association see website: www.gallup-international.com

Gilani Research Foundation is a not for profit public service project to provide social science research to students academia, policy makers and concerned citizens in Pakistan and across the globe.

Gilani Research Foundation is headed by Dr. Ijaz Shafi Gilani who pioneered the field of opinion in Pakistan and established Gallup Pakistan in 1980. Current Dr. Gilani, who hold a PhD from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) and has taught at leading universities in Pakistan and abroad, is Chairman of Gallup Pakistan (www.gallup.com.pk)

12% of Pakistani males and 3% of Pakistani females claim to use tobacco in the form of 'Naswar': GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

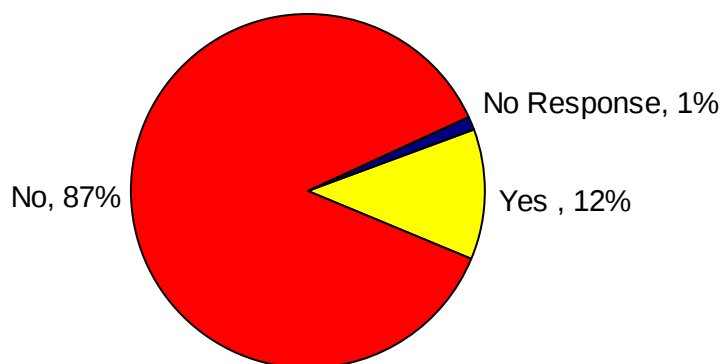
Islamabad September 26, 2011

The results of a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan revealed that 12% of Pakistani males and 3% of Pakistani females claimed to use tobacco in the traditional form of 'Naswar'.



In a survey a nationally representative sample of men and women from across the four provinces were asked the following question: "Do you use tobacco in the form of 'Naswar'? Among the male population, 12% of the respondents claimed to have used tobacco in the traditional form of 'Naswar', while 87% stated that they have never used 'Naswar'. 1% chose not to respond.

"Do you use tobacco in the form of 'Naswar'?"

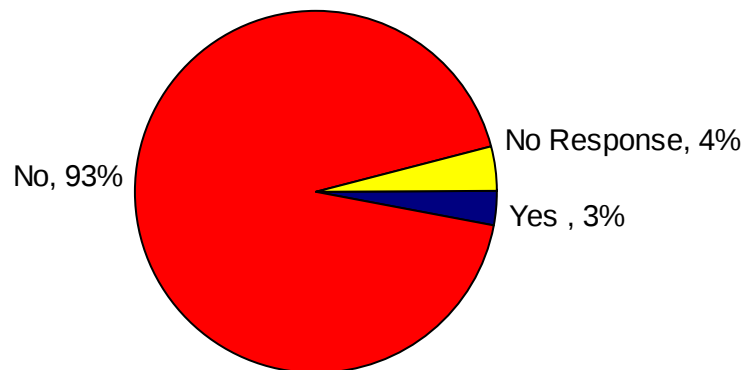


Source: Gallup and Gilani Surveys

The Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association (www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk)

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Among the female population only 3% of the respondents claimed to have used tobacco in the form of 'Naswar' and 93% said that they have never used 'Naswar'. 4% of the respondents gave no response.



Source: Gallup and Gilani Surveys

The Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association (www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk)

The study was released by Gilani foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 2679 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during September 04-September 10, 2011. Error margin is estimated to be approximately + 2-3 per cent at 95% confidence level.

14% of Pakistani males and 3% of Pakistani females claim to use tobacco in the form of 'Huqqa' (Traditional pipe or Sheesha):

GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

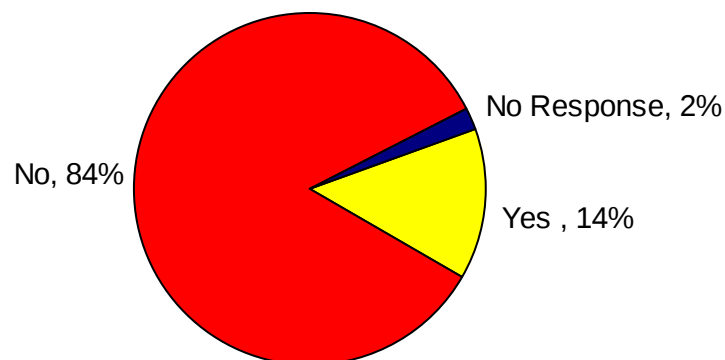
Islamabad September 27, 2011

The results of a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan revealed that 14% of Pakistani males and 3% of Pakistani females claimed to use tobacco in the traditional form of 'Huqqa'.



In a survey a nationally representative sample of men and women from across the four provinces were asked the following question: "Do you use tobacco in the form of 'Huqqa' (traditional pipe or sheesha)? Among the male population, 14% of the respondents claimed to have used tobacco in the traditional form of 'Huqqa', while 84% stated that they have never used 'Huqqa'. 2% chose not to respond.

"Do you use tobacco in the form of 'Naswar'?"



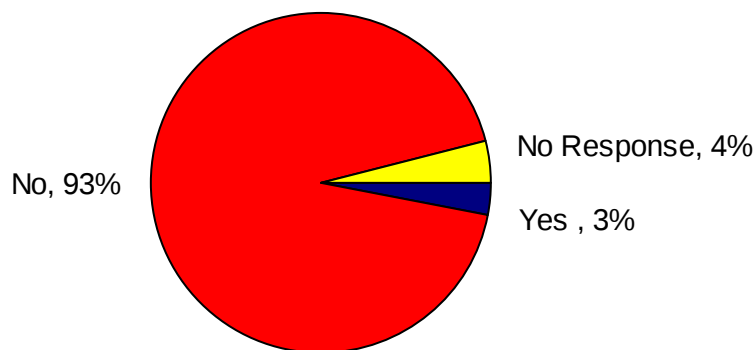
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Among the female population only 3% of the respondents claimed to have used tobacco in the form of 'Huqqa' and 93% said that they have never used 'Huqqa'. 4% of the respondents gave no response.



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12% of Pakistani Males and 2% of Pakistani Females claim to use Tobacco in 'Paan' or Chewing Betel-nut:

GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

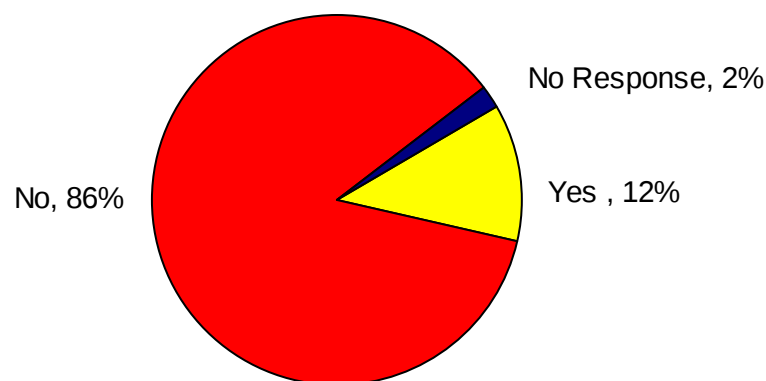
Islamabad September 28, 2011

The results of a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan revealed that 12% of Pakistani males and 2% of Pakistani females claimed to use tobacco in the traditional form of 'Paan' or chewing Betel-nut.



In a survey a nationally representative sample of men and women from across the four provinces were asked the following question: "Do you use tobacco in the form of 'Paan' or Betel-nut?" Among the male population, 12% of the respondents claimed to have used tobacco in the traditional form of 'Paan', while 86% stated that they have never used tobacco in 'Paan' or Betel-nut. 2% chose not to respond.

"Do you use tobacco in the form of 'Paan' or Betel-nut?"



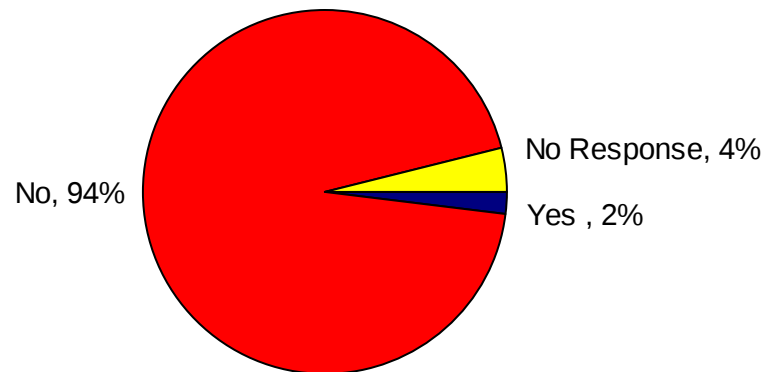
Source: Gallup and Gilani Surveys

The Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association (www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk)

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Among the female population only 2% of the respondents claimed to have used tobacco in the form of 'Paan' and Betel-nut, and 94% said that they have never used tobacco in 'Paan'. 4% of the respondents gave no response.



Source: Gallup and Gilani Surveys

The Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association (www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk)

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Vast Majority (91%) of Pakistanis believes smoking to be harmful for health: GILANI POLL/GALLUP PAKISTAN

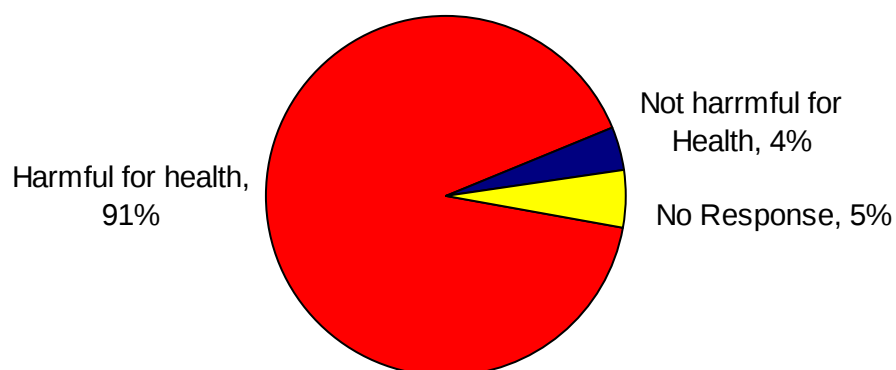
Islamabad September 29, 2011

The results of a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan revealed 91% of Pakistanis believe that smoking is harmful for health, while only 4% held the opinion that smoking is not harmful for health.



In a survey a nationally representative sample of men and women from across the four provinces were asked the following question: “Do you consider the use of tobacco harmful for health or not harmful for health? 91% of Pakistanis stated that the use of tobacco and smoking is harmful for health, while only 4% believed that the use of tobacco is not harmful. 5% of the respondents said they do not know and/or chose not to respond.

“Do you consider the use of tobacco harmful for health or not harmful for health?”



Source: Gallup and Gilani Surveys
The Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association (www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk)

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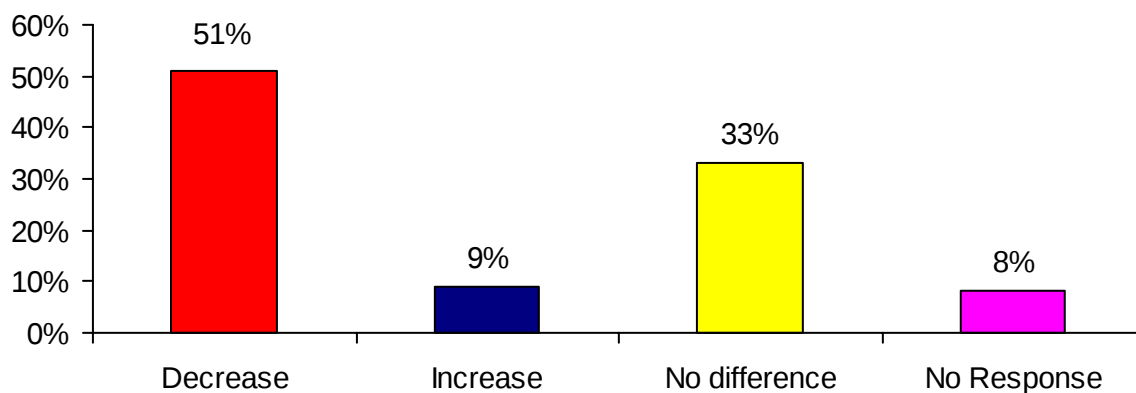
Islamabad September 30, 2011

The results of a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan revealed nearly half of the population of Pakistan (51%) believes that use of tobacco and smoking cigarettes damages a person's social status while only 9% believe it raises the social status. 33% believe it makes no difference.



In a survey a nationally representative sample of men and women from across the four provinces were asked the following question: "Your respect for a person will increase, decrease or remain the same if he/she is smoking?" 51% of the people held the opinion that use of tobacco and smoking decreases a person's social status while only 9% were of the view that smoking cigarettes increases the social status of a person. 33% of the respondents held the opinion that use of tobacco makes no difference on a person's social status. 8% respondents said they did not know and/or chose not to respond.

"Your respect for a person will increase, decrease or remain the same if he/she is smoking?"



Source: Gallup and Gilani Surveys
 The Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association (www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk)

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Gilani Weekly Poll

A year to thank,
Share and reinvent
1980-2010



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September 2011

Please send all correspondence to:

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A year to thank,
share and reinvent
Gallup & Gilani: 1980-2010



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