

**Complimentary Sharing of Results**

# **Scientific and Statistical Survey -Public Opinion Polling on Pre-Conditions put forth by Tehreek-e- Labaik Leaders**

**Prepared by**



*The Poll on which the report is produced was conducted by Gallup Pakistan and supported by Gilani Research Foundation . Gilani Research Foundation is fully financed and funded by Dr Ijaz Gilani and does not take any financial , technical assistance from local or international individuals or firms.*



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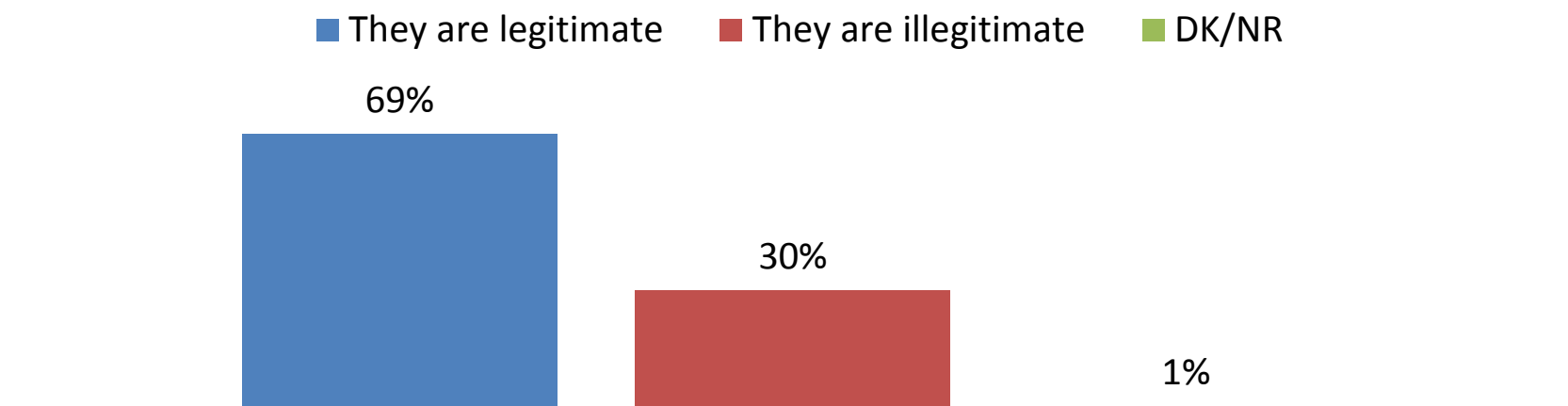
IMPROTANT NOTE : The Poll findings are being shared in public interest. Although maximum care has been taken in ensuring scientific authenticity of various stages of data collection , Gallup Pakistan cannot guarranty 100% accuracy. All surveys are subject to multiple forms of estimations and biases and must be used with caution.

## National Level Results

Respondents from all over Pakistan were asked the extent to which they felt the pre-conditions for ending the protest put forth by Tehreek-e-Labaik leaders were legitimate.

In response, **69%** said that these demands were legitimate, **30%** said that they were illegitimate, and **1%** did not respond or said that they had no opinion on the matter.

**“Some people believe that the demands put forward as pre-conditions for ending the protest by the Tehreek-e-Labaik leaders, such as the resignation of Law Minister Zahid Hamid, the lifting of the ban which prohibits putting speakers on all sides of the mosques etc, are legitimate. While others think they are illegitimate. What do you think?”**



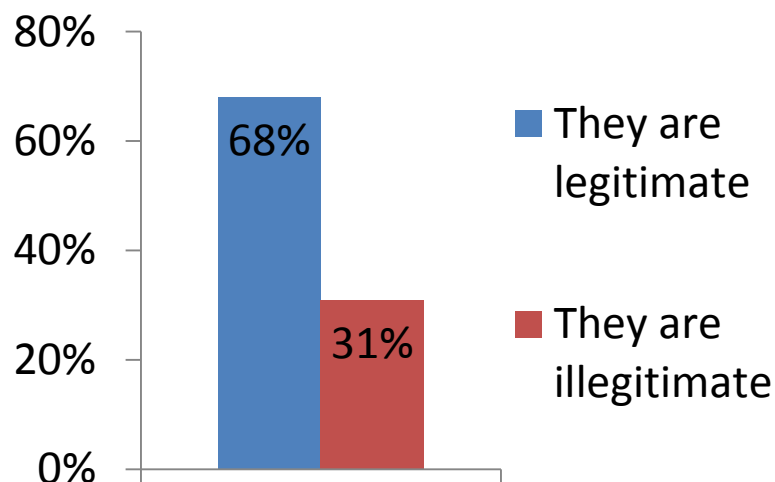
## Breakdown According to Location – NO SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE OF OPINION ON THE ISSUE AMONG RURAL AND URBAN PAKISTANIS

Results did not vary significantly across the rural and urban respondents.

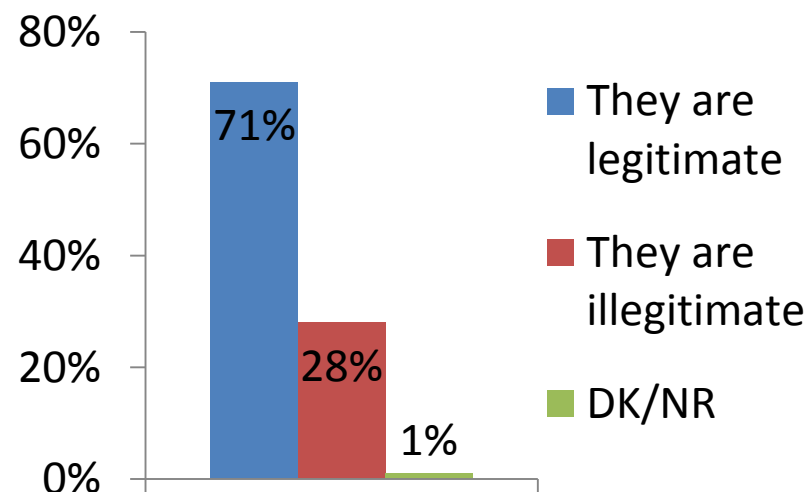
Among rural respondents, **68%** opined that the demands were legitimate and **31%** said that they were illegitimate.

Among urban respondents, **71%** opined that the demands were legitimate, **28%** said that they were illegitimate, whereas **1%** did not respond or said that they have no opinion on the matter.

**Rural Break Down**



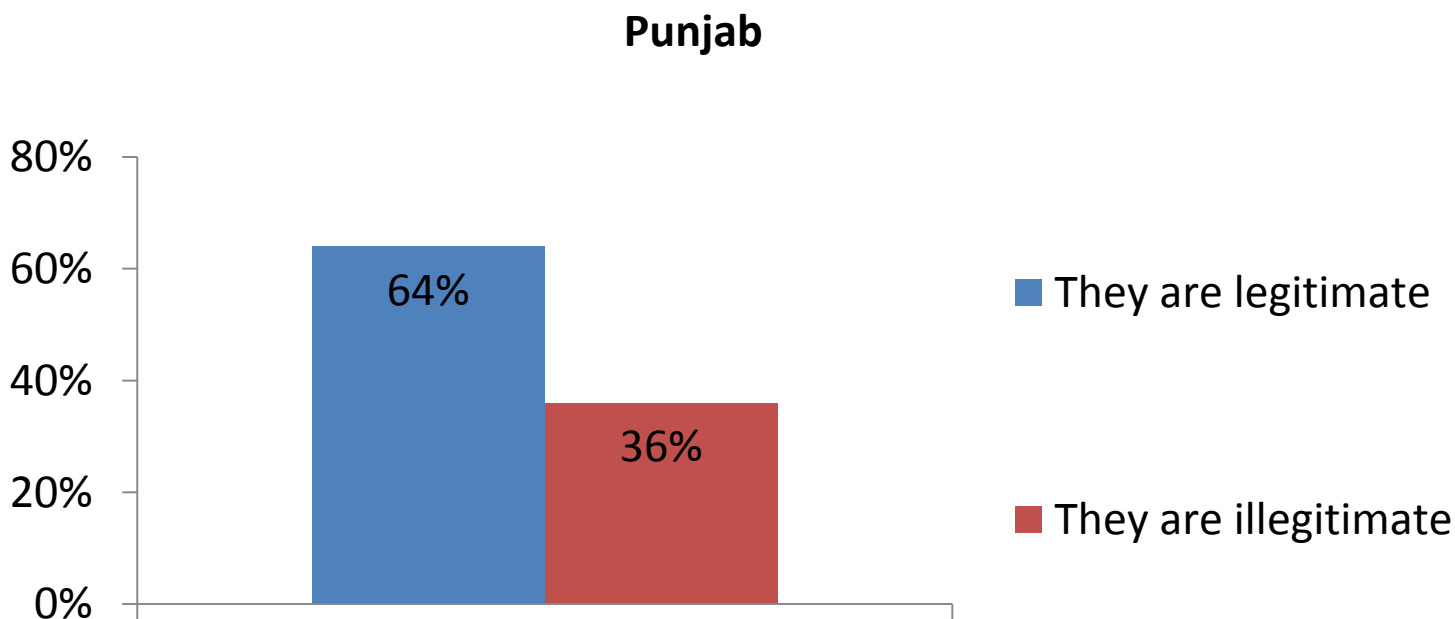
**Urban Break Down**



## Provincial-wise Breakdown

### Punjab

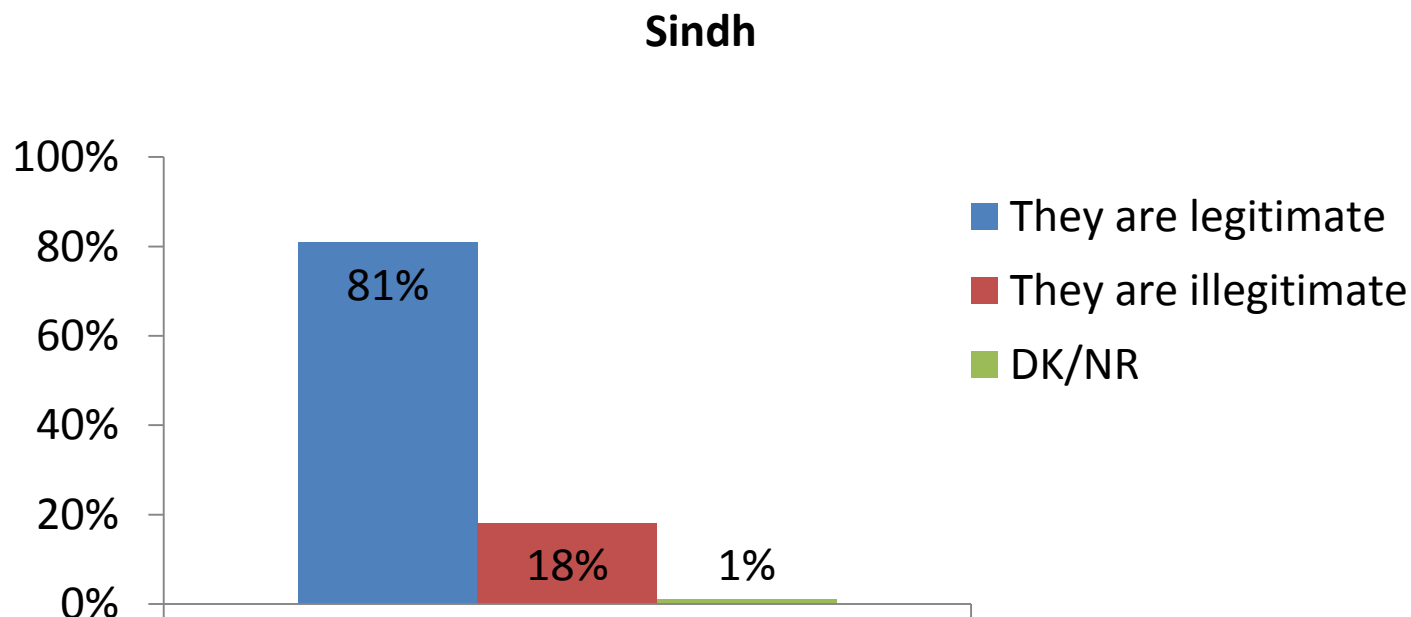
Within Punjab, **64%** respondents said that according to them, the preconditions for ending the protest, as put forth by Tehreek-e-Labaik leaders, were legitimate whereas **36%** said that they were illegitimate.



## Provincial-wise Breakdown

### Sindh

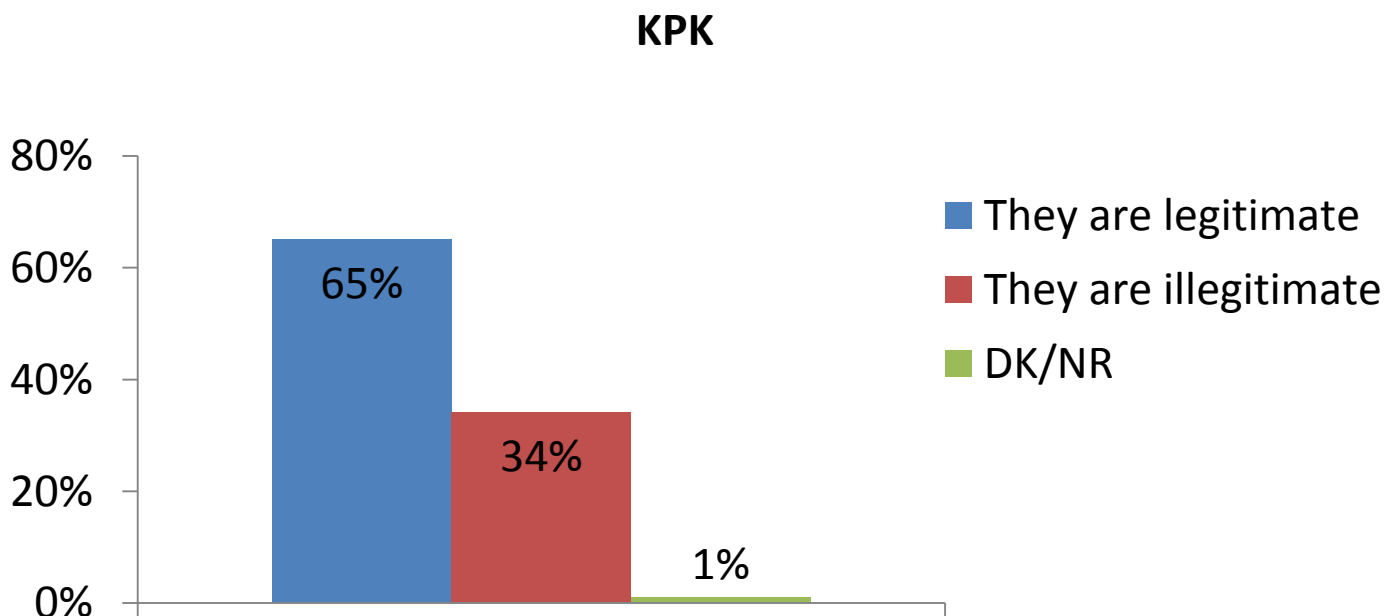
Within Sindh, **81%** respondents said that according to them, the preconditions for ending the protest, as put forth by Tehreek-e-Labaik leaders, were legitimate, **18%** opined that they were illegitimate, and **1%** did not respond or said that they have no opinion on the matter.



## Provincial-wise Breakdown

### KPK

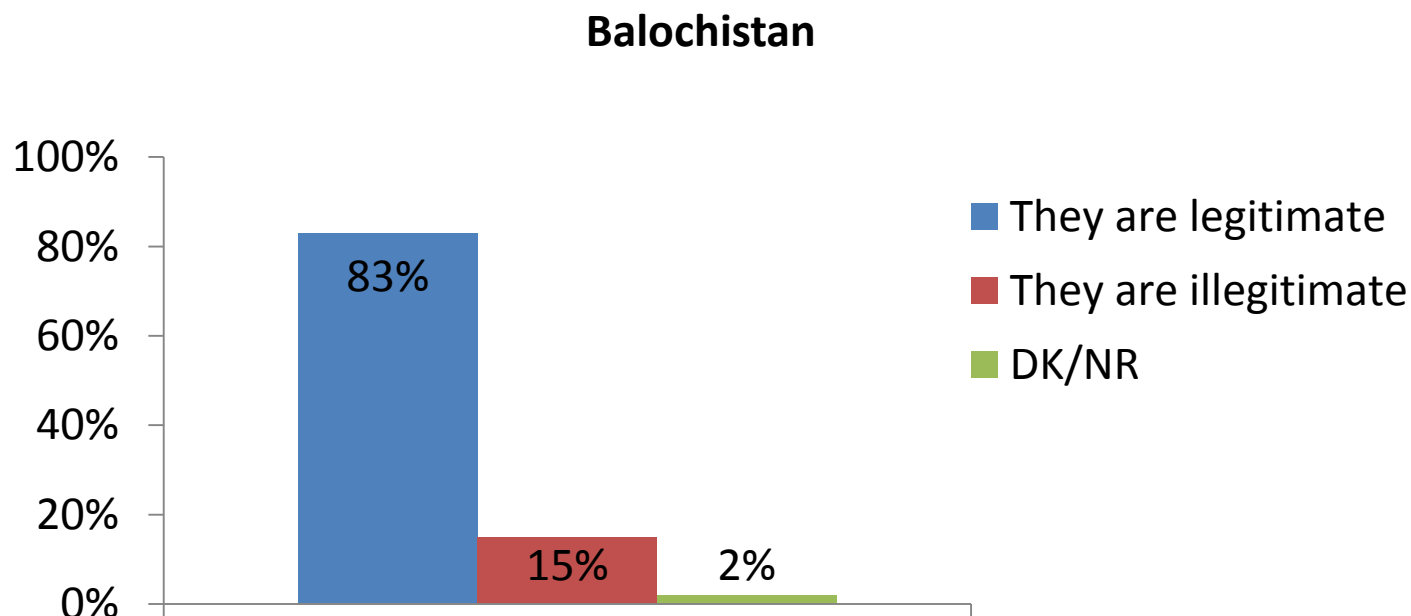
Within KPK, **65%** respondents said that according to them, the preconditions for ending the protest, as put forth by Tehreek-e-Labaik leaders, were legitimate, **34%** opined that they were illegitimate, and **1%** did not respond or said that they have no opinion on the matter



## Provincial-wise Breakdown

### Balochistan

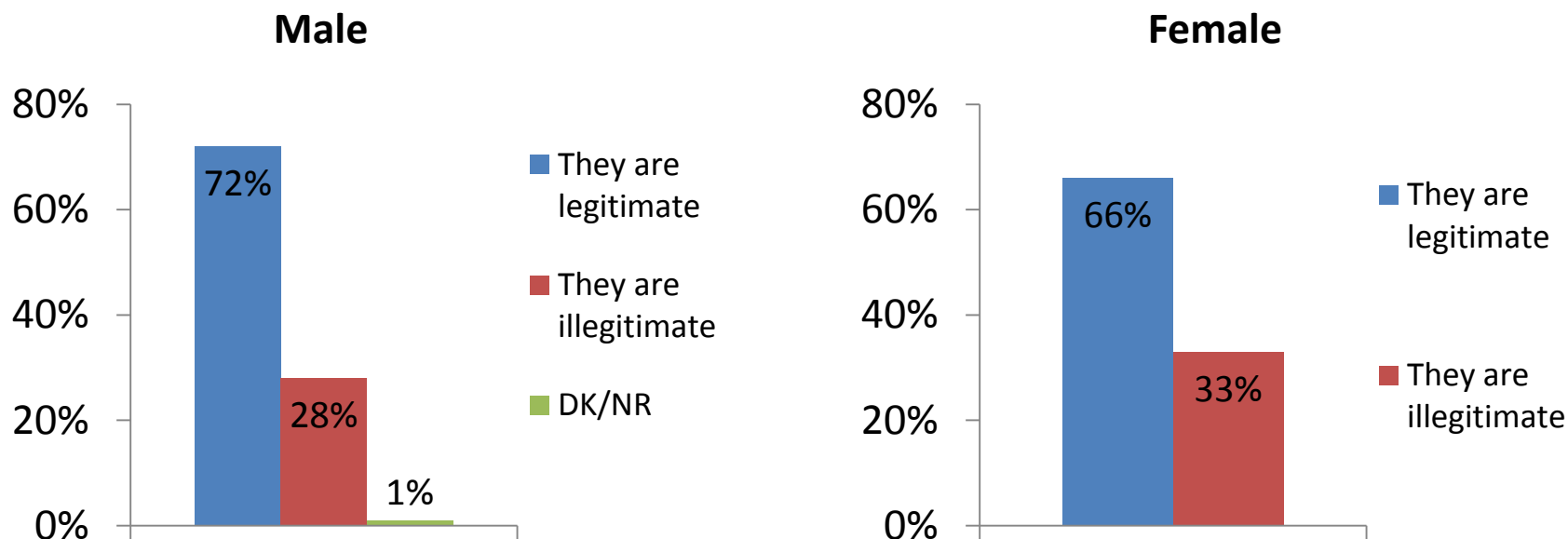
Within Balochistan, **83%** respondents said that according to them, the preconditions for ending the protest, as put forth by Tehreek-e-Labaik leaders, were legitimate, **15%** opined that they were illegitimate, and **2%** did not respond or said that they have no opinion on the matter



## Gender-wise Breakdown – Limited difference were seen among male and female on the issue

**72%** men opined that the demands were legitimate, **28%** said that they were illegitimate, whereas **1%** did not respond or said that they have no opinion on the matter.

Among female respondents, **66%** opined that the demands were legitimate and **33%** said that they were illegitimate,



## METHODOLOGY.

The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 1829 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country,

**Field Work Dates** : November 19 – November 25, 2017.

**Error margin** is estimated to be approximately  $\pm 2-3$  per cent at 95% confidence level.

**Method of Data Collection** : In Home Face to Face Surveys using Hard Copy Questionnaire

**Sampling Method** : Multi Stage Stratified Sampling

**Survey Collection Agency** : Gallup Pakistan (established since 1980)

**FOR MORE DETAILS ON METHODOLOGY PLEASE WRITE TO GALLUP PAKISTAN :  
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#### About Gilani Research Foundation

**Gilani Research Foundation is a not for profit public service project to provide social science research to students, academia, policy makers and concerned citizens in Pakistan and across the globe.** Gilani Research Foundation is headed by Dr. Ijaz Shafi Gilani who pioneered the field of opinion polling in Pakistan and established Gallup Pakistan in 1980. Currently Dr. Gilani, who holds a PhD from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) and has taught at leading universities in Pakistan and abroad, is Chairman of Gallup & Gilani Pakistan.



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