

SPECIAL PRESS RELEASE

PAKISTAN SOCIAL AND LIVING STANDARDS MEASUREMENT SURVEY

Hepatitis Testing in Pakistan

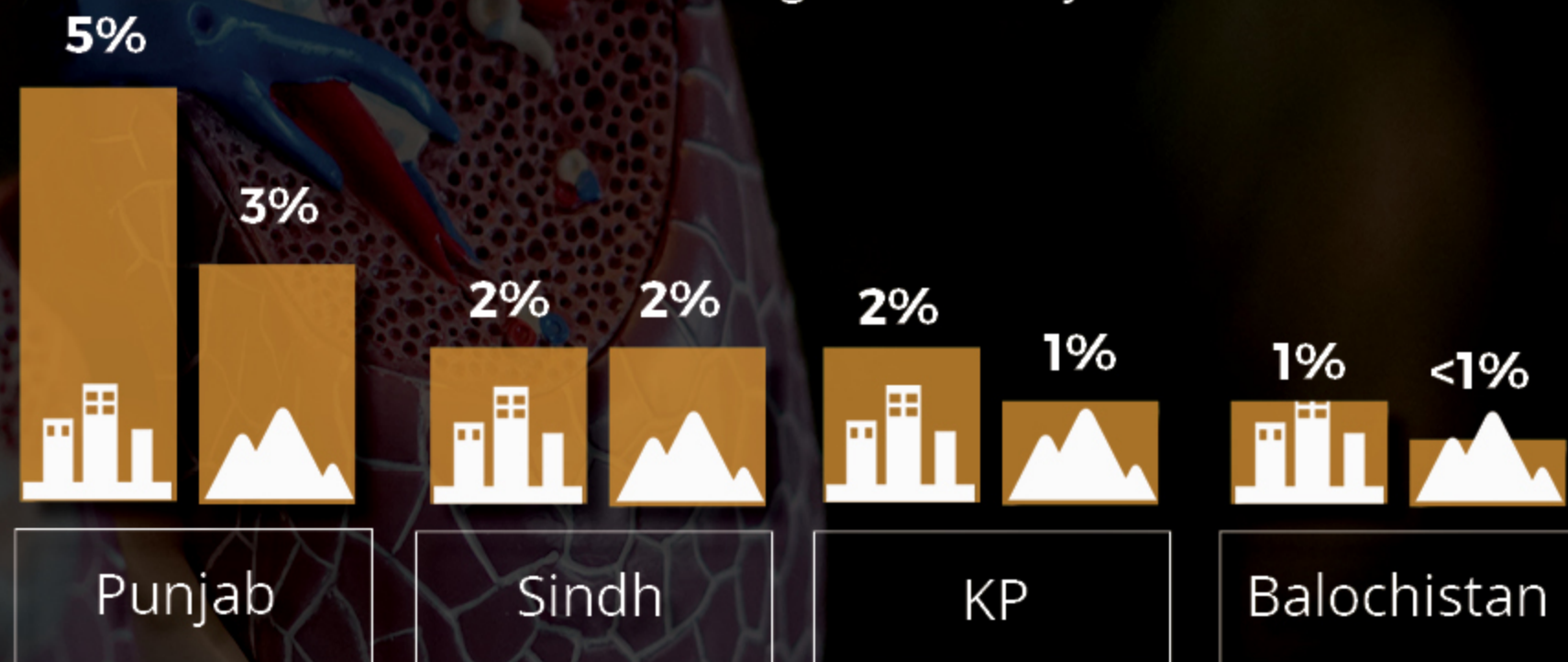
3% or 5.4 million Pakistanis claim they were tested for Hepatitis in the past year. Respondents with higher education (7%) and those from Urban Punjab (5%) were more likely to say they got tested, than others (Gallup Pakistan Big Data Analysis on Health based on Pakistan Social and Living Standards Measurement Survey)

Did you get tested for having Hepatitis in the past year?

All Pakistan



Provincial Urban Rural
Percentage who said yes





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(Gallup Pakistan Big Data Analysis on Health based on Pakistan Social and Living Standards Measurement Survey)

Islamabad, July 29, 2020

Introduction to the Gallup Data Analytics series on Pakistan Social and Living Standards Measurement data:

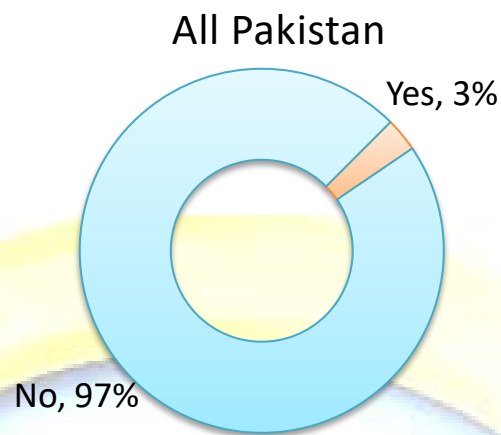
This press release is part of a special Gallup Data Analytics series that aims to foster an empirical understanding of the social and economic indicators in Pakistan based on data generated by PSLM Surveys.

PSLM is the largest survey in Pakistan conducted every two year by Pakistan Bureau of Statistics. The sample covers over 24,000 households and over 150,000 respondents. Gallup Pakistan Data Analytics team has worked extensively on this data and this series of press releases are our attempt to publicize the great efforts done by hundreds of office bearers of Bureau of Statistics who have travelled far and wide to collect this data.

This particular press release aims to assess the prevalence of health diseases across Pakistan along with various demographic breakdowns to provide further insight into the results.

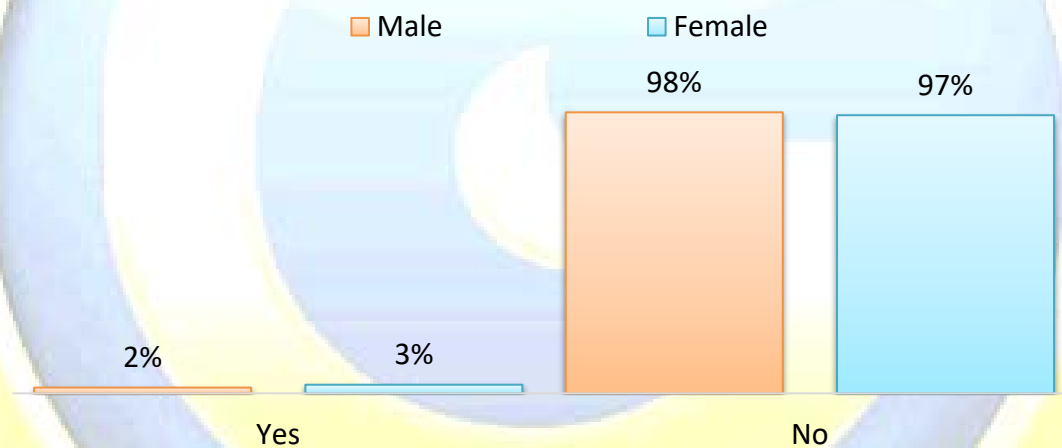
A nationally representative sample of men and women from the 10+ population from across the four provinces was asked the following question: *“Did you get tested for having Hepatitis in the past year?”* In response to this question, 97% Pakistanis said no while 3% of the respondents reported being tested.

Question: “Did you get tested for having Hepatitis in the past year?”



Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

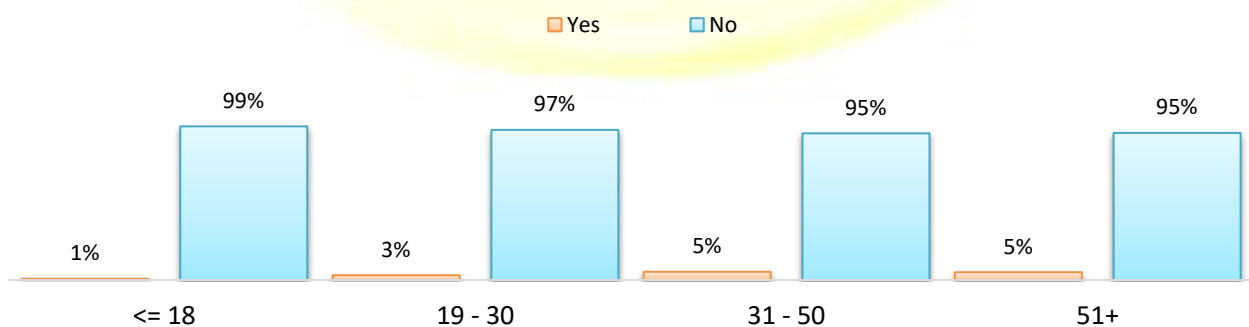
Gender Breakdown: More females than males reported getting tested for Hepatitis in the past year



Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

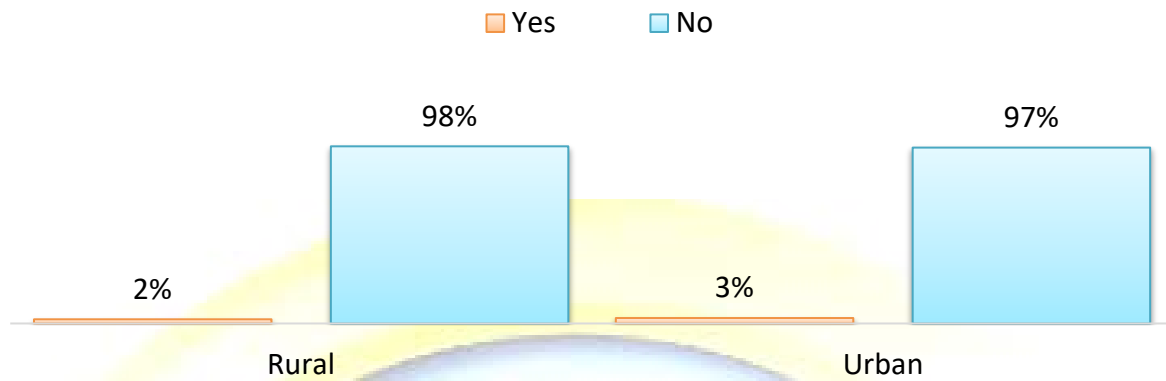
Age Breakdown: Pakistanis below 19 years of age least likely to say they got tested for Hepatitis in the past year

5% Pakistanis over the age of 31 reported getting tested for Hepatitis



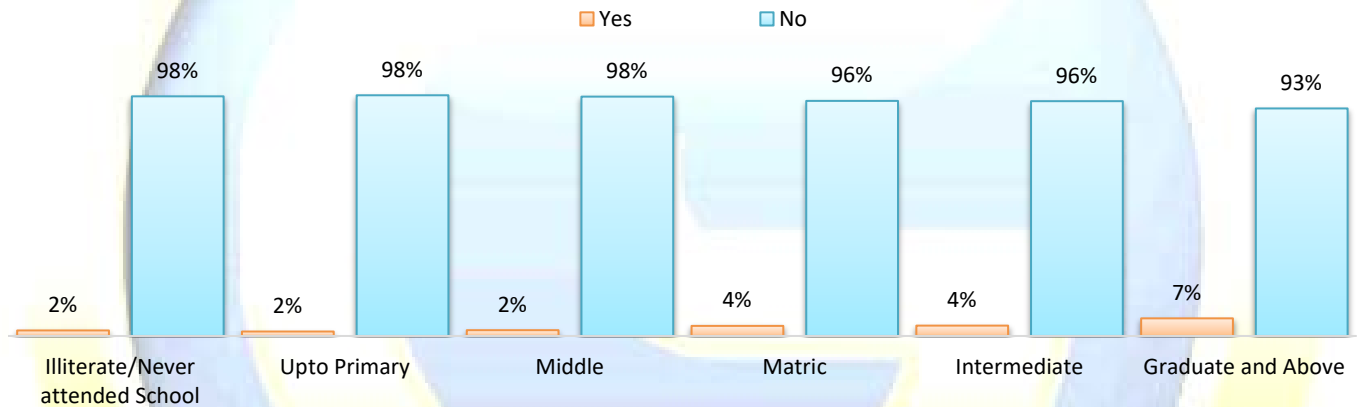
Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

Urban/Rural Breakdown: Urban respondents more likely to have tested for Hepatitis



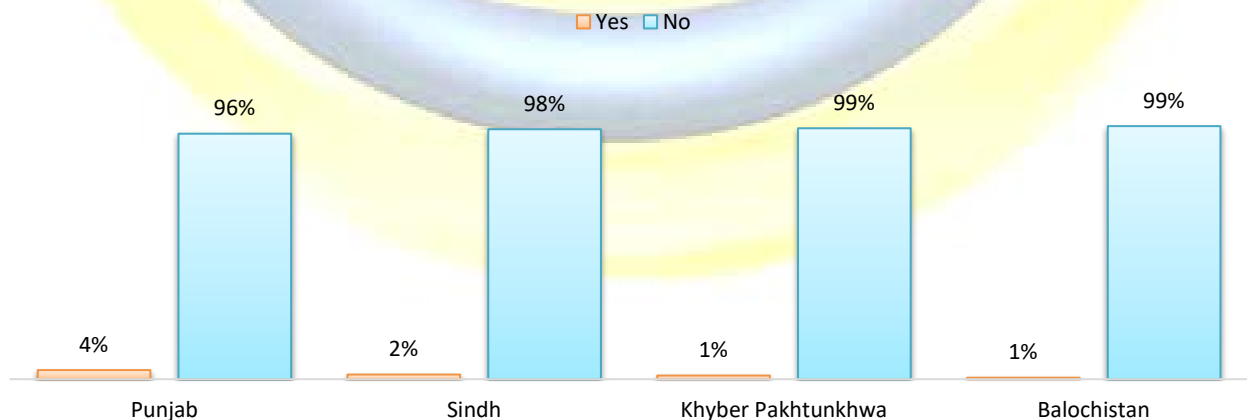
Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

Education level Breakdown: Respondents with Graduate or above level of education most likely to have gotten tested for Hepatitis in the past year



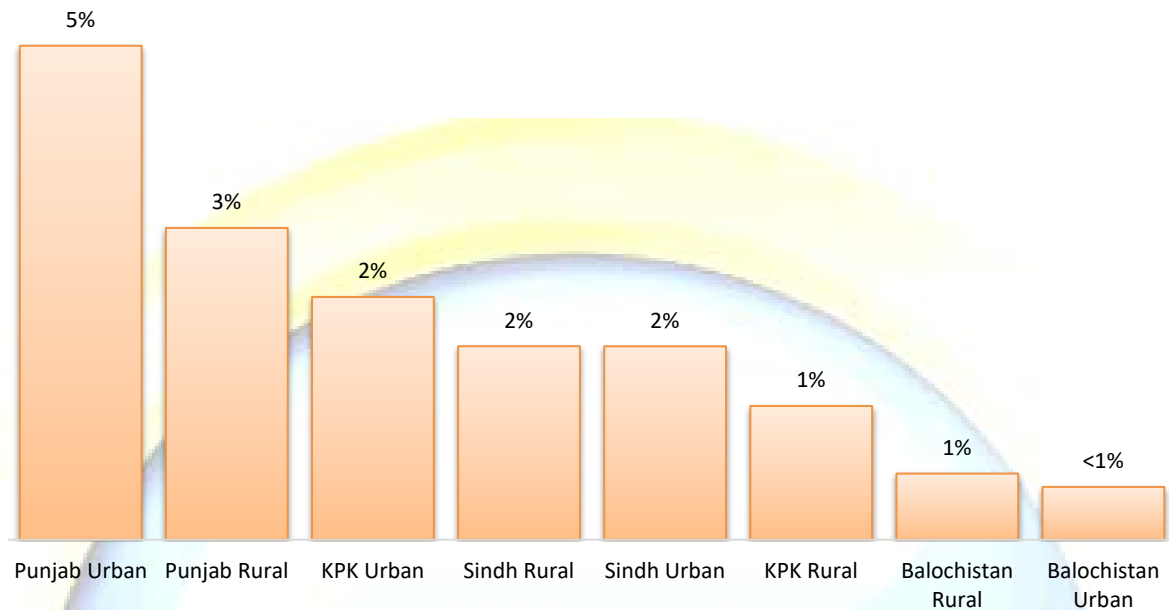
Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

Provincial Breakdown: Respondents from Punjab reported the highest proportion of Hepatitis testing at 4%



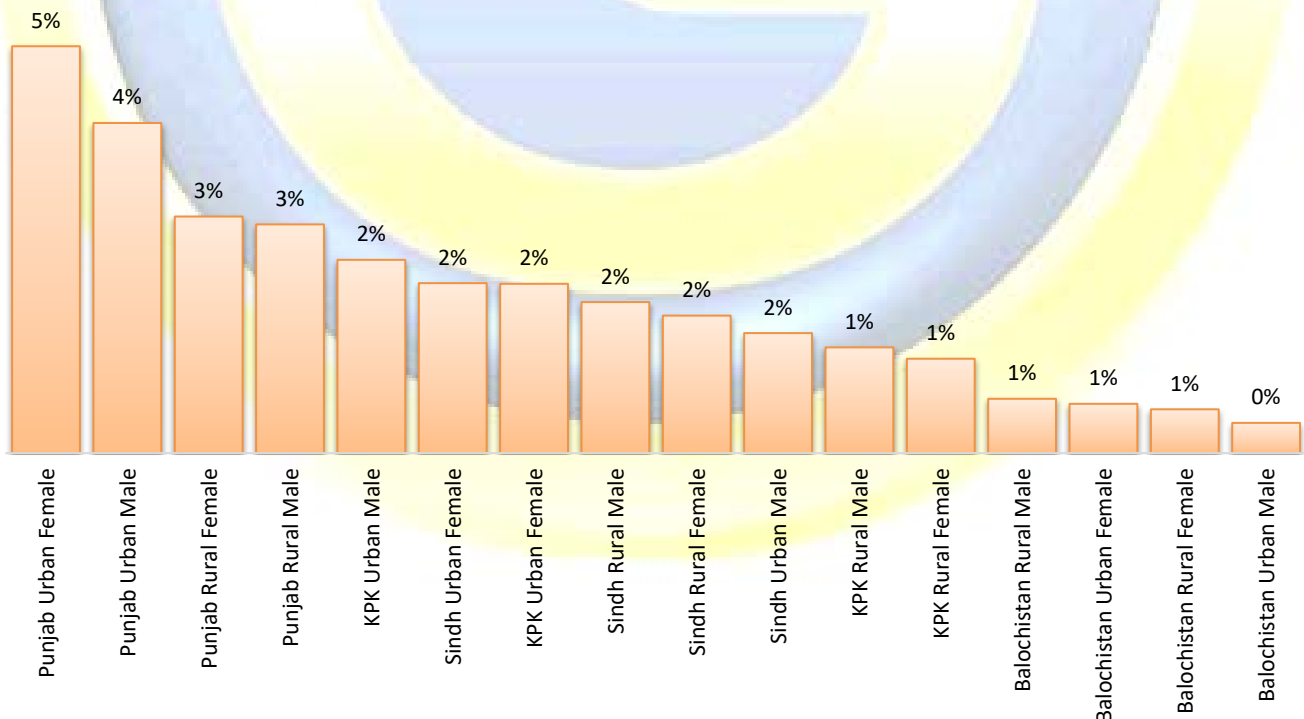
Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

Province Rural Urban Breakdown: Urban Punjab had the highest proportion of Hepatitis testing in the past year at 5% while Urban Balochistan had the lowest at 0.4%



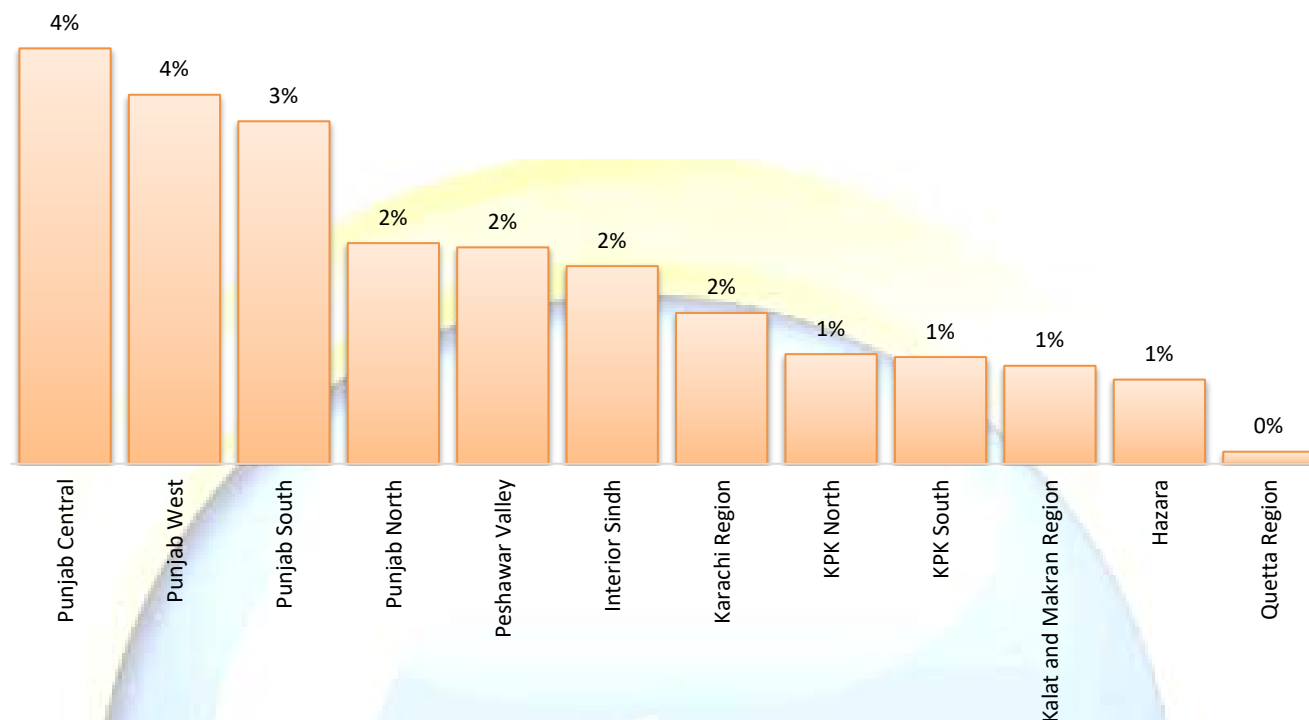
Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

Province Rural Urban Gender Breakdown: Urban Punjab females most likely to have tested for Hepatitis in the past year while Balochistan Urban males least likely



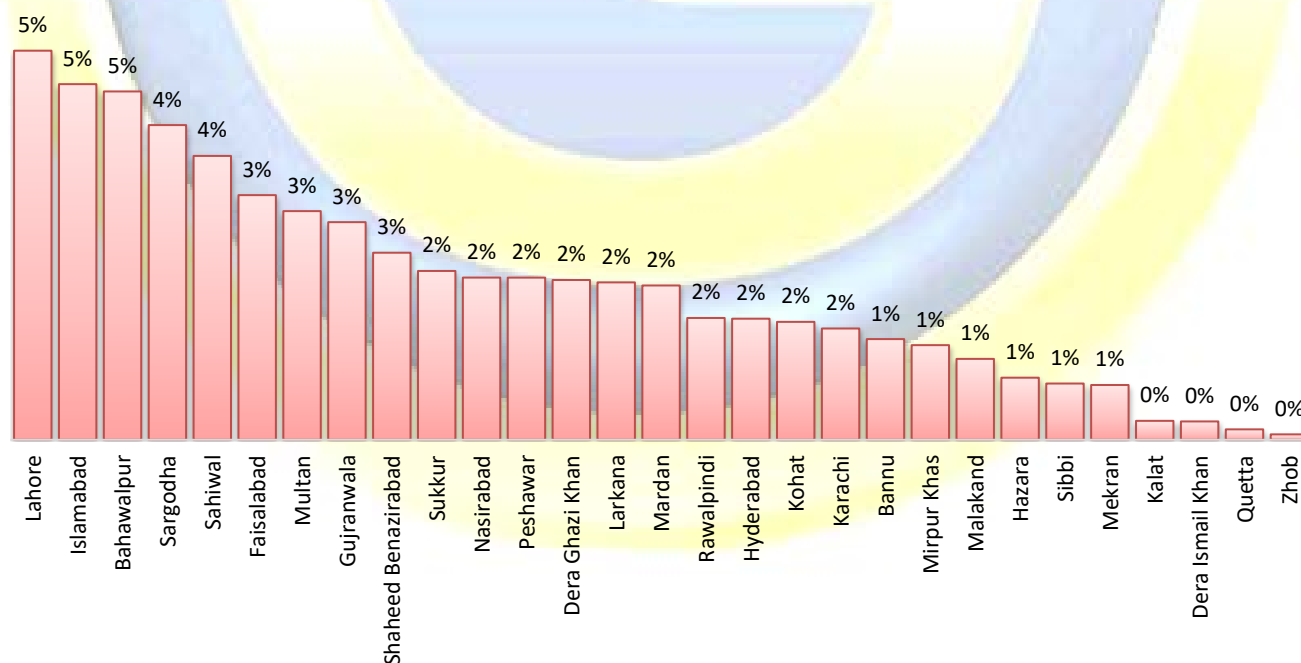
Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

12 regions Breakdown: Central Punjab had the highest Hepatitis testing, while Quetta Region had the lowest testing rate



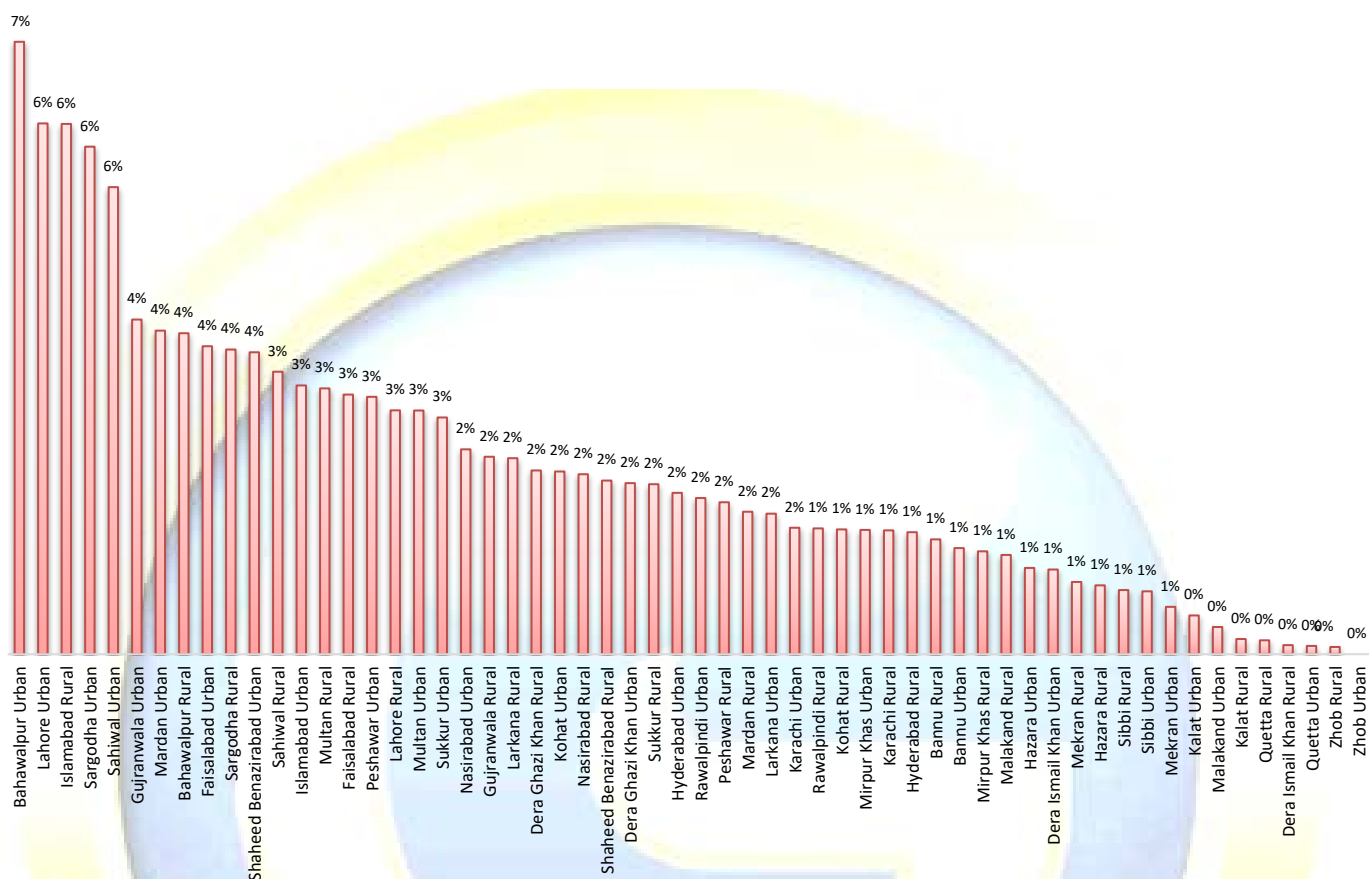
Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan
<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>

Divisions-wise Breakdown: Lahore has the highest Hepatitis testing rate, followed closely by Islamabad while Zhob and Quetta has the lowest rate of Hepatitis testing



Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan
<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>

Division Rural-Urban Breakdown: Urban Bahawalpur has the highest Hepatitis testing rate at 7% while urban Zhob has the lowest testing rate at 0%



Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

Gallup Pakistan Snapshot of Demographic & Geographic Hepatitis Testing in Pakistan

	Highest Hepatitis Testing	Lowest Hepatitis Testing	Differential between highest and lowest
Urban Rural Breakdown	Urban Areas (3%)	Rural Areas (2%)	1%
Education level Breakdown	Graduate & Above (7%)	Illiterate - Middle (1%)	6%
Provincial Breakdown	Punjab (4%)	Balochistan/KP (1%)	3%
Division wise breakdown	Urban Bahawalpur (7%)	Urban Zhob (0%)	7%

GALLUP PAKISTAN IS WORKING ON CREATING A DASHBOARD TO RELEASE DETAILED RESULTS OF THE PSLM SURVEYS IN WHICH WE AIM TO ADD TREND ANALYSIS ON SELECTED INDICATORS. WE ARE LOOKING FOR COLLABORATION IN THIS REGARD AND ANYONE INTERESTED SHOULD WRITE TO caf@gallup.com.pk



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Gilani Research Foundation is a not for profit public service project to provide social science research to students, academia, policy makers and concerned citizens in Pakistan and across the globe.

Gilani Research Foundation is headed by Dr. Ijaz Shafi Gilani who pioneered the field of opinion polling in Pakistan and established Gallup Pakistan in 1980. Currently Dr. Gilani, who holds a PhD from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) and has taught at leading universities in Pakistan and abroad, is Chairman of Gallup Pakistan.

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(1980-2020)