

July 2015

Gilani Weekly Poll

CYBERLETTER

Week 231

July 22nd, 2015— July 24th, 2015

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FROM THE EDITOR

Dear Reader,

Gilani Research Team now brings to you a collection of daily polls releases in the form of a weekly digest, which gives you the opportunity to read opinions of the Pakistani public on various socio-political issues. We hope it will be of interest to you and your readers.

If you have any further questions in this regard, please feel free to contact us.

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OPINION POLLS - HIGHLIGHTS

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

July 22, 2015

43% Pakistanis have a negative opinion about the budget presented for 2015-2016.

According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 43% Pakistanis said that the budget presented for 2015-2016 is bad overall; 15% said it is good.

43%

[CLICK FOR DETAILS »](#)

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

July 23 2015

59% Pakistanis believe that their children and grandchildren will have a higher quality of life than themselves.

According to the GlobeScan Canada Study, 59% Pakistanis agree that their children and grandchildren will have a higher quality of life than themselves; 35% disagree.

59%

[CLICK FOR DETAILS »](#)

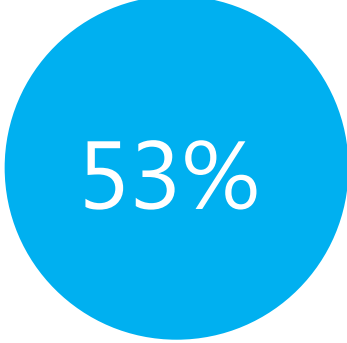
OPINION POLLS - HIGHLIGHTS

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

July 24, 2015

53% Pakistanis believe that the sharing of economic benefits and burdens has been fair across the country; 38% said that it has not been fair.

According to the GlobeScan Canada Study 53% Pakistanis believe that the benefits and burdens of economic developments in the country have been shared fairly across the country; 38% believe that it is not shared fairly.



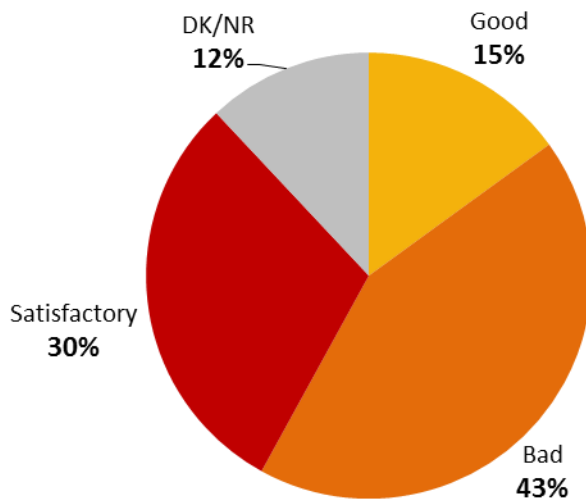
53%

[CLICK FOR DETAILS »](#)

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

Islamabad— July 22, 2015

“ 43% Pakistanis have a negative opinion about the budget presented for 2015-2016. ”



Source: Gilani Research Foundation Poll (GRF Poll)
Field work conducted by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk

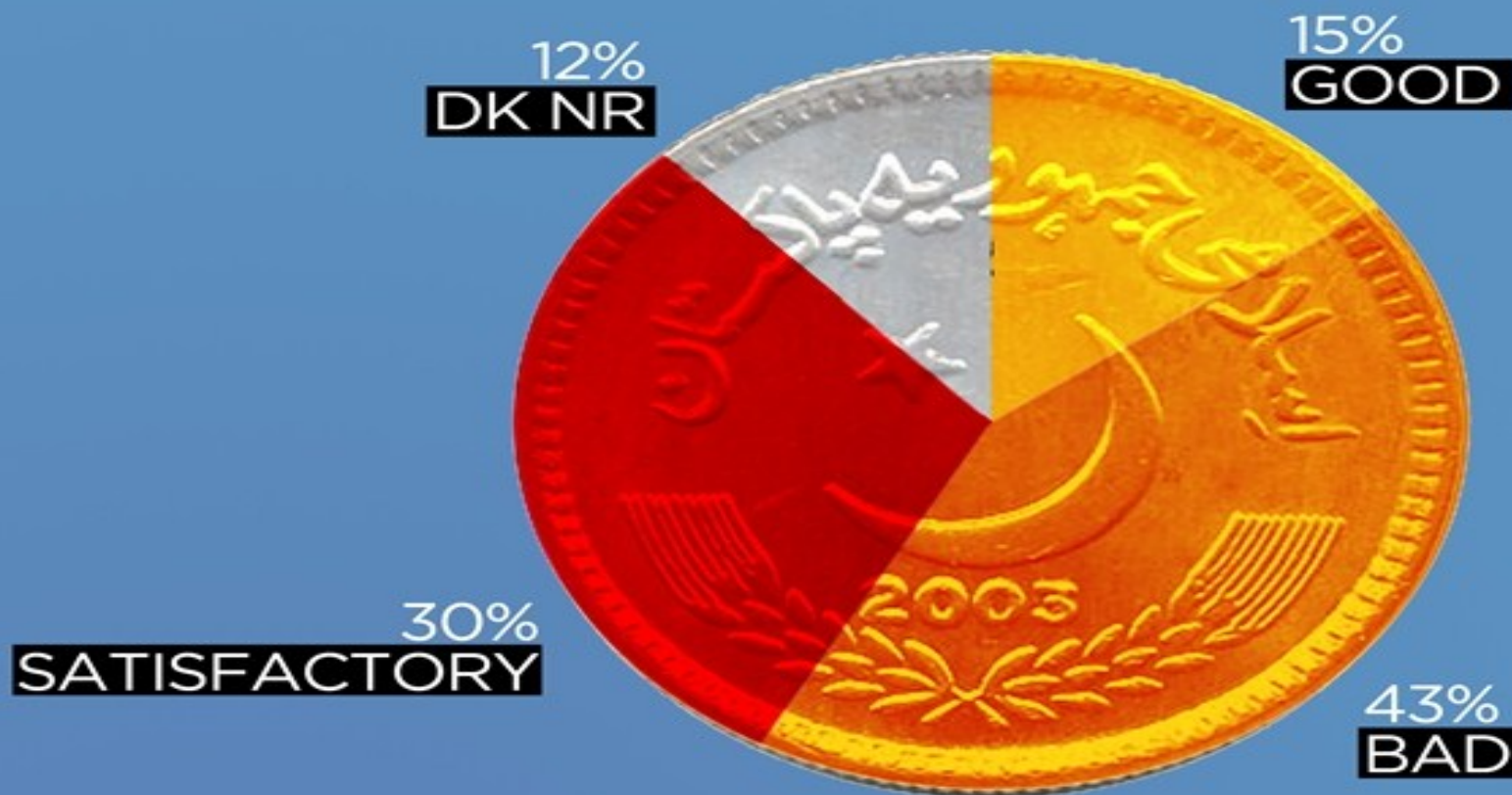


According to a Gilani Research Foundation Survey carried out by Gallup Pakistan, 43% Pakistanis said that the budget presented for 2015-2016 is bad overall; 15% said it is good.

A nationally representative sample of adult men and women, from across the four provinces was asked, “A few days ago, budget for 2015-2016 was presented. In your opinion, was this a good, bad or a satisfactory budget overall?” In response to this question, 15% respondents said that the budget presented for 2015-2016 is good, 43% respondents said the budget is bad, while 30% respondents believe the budget is satisfactory, and 12% did not respond.

The study was released by Gilani Research Foundation and carried out by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 1854 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during June 15 - June 22, 2015. Error margin is estimated to be approximately $\pm 2-3$ per cent at 95% confidence level.

43% PAKISTANIS HAVE A NEGATIVE OPINION ABOUT THE BUDGET PRESENTED FOR 2015-2016.



A few days ago, budget for 2015-2016 was presented. In your opinion, was this a good, bad or a satisfactory budget overall?



“ 59% Pakistanis believe that their children and grandchildren will have a higher quality of life than themselves. ”

According to the GlobeScan Canada Study, 59% Pakistanis agree that their children and grandchildren will have a higher quality of life than themselves; 35% disagree. The fieldwork for the survey in Pakistan was conducted by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association. This study was conducted in 24 countries, in which approximately 24000 randomly chosen men and women were asked a set of questions. The full report of this study can be requested from Gallup Pakistan.

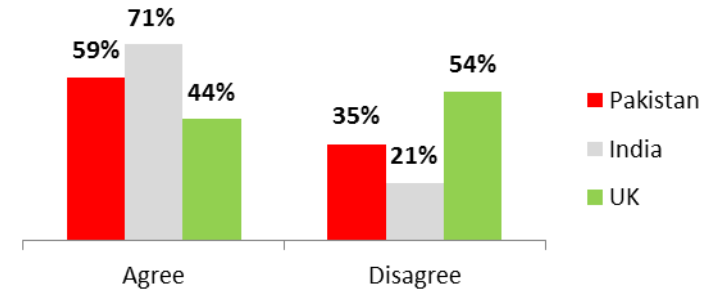
A nationally representative sample of adult men and women, from across the four provinces was asked, “Please tell me if you agree or disagree: Our children and grandchildren will have a higher quality of life than us today.” In response, 59% Pakistanis said that they agreed with the statement and 35% said that they disagreed. According to the average response across 21 countries, 49% people had agreed with the statement and 45% had disagreed. Thus 10% more Pakistanis agreed with the statement than the average statistic and Pakistan ranks on the 5th position out of the 21 countries in agreeing that its children and grandchildren will benefit from a higher quality of life.

When the same question was asked in other countries, 71% of the Indians agreed and 21% disagreed; 44% in the UK agreed and 54% disagreed; and 34% of the Americans agreed while 65% disagreed. Compared to Pakistan, 12% more Indians believed in a higher quality of life for their children than the Pakistanis and on the other hand, fewer people in the UK (15% less) and USA (25% less) believed in the statement than in Pakistan. Furthermore Pakistan’s trend shows that there has been a marked increase in the percentage of Pakistanis who claimed to agree with the statement. Over the years, 36% Pakistanis agreed with the statement in 2009 and 48% agreed with it in 2012 making successive increases of 12% and 11% respectively in the three year intervals.

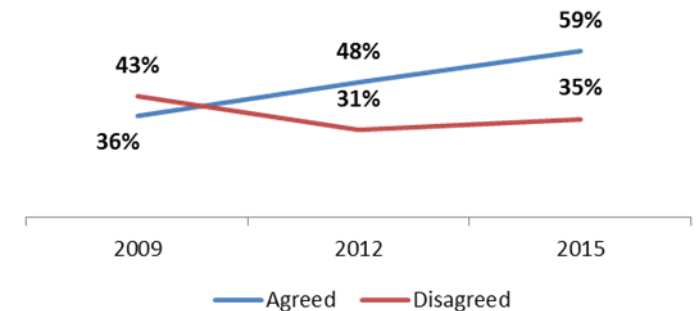
The study was released by GlobeScan and the fieldwork for the survey in Pakistan was conducted by Gallup Pakistan. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 1000 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during December 2014 - May 2015. Error margin is estimated to be approximately ± 2.8 -4.9 per cent at 95% confidence level. Further details can be found at the Globescan website: www.GlobeScan.com, or at the Gallup Pakistan website: www.gallup.com.pk.

Gilani Research Foundation (GRF Poll)

Islamabad - July 23, 2015

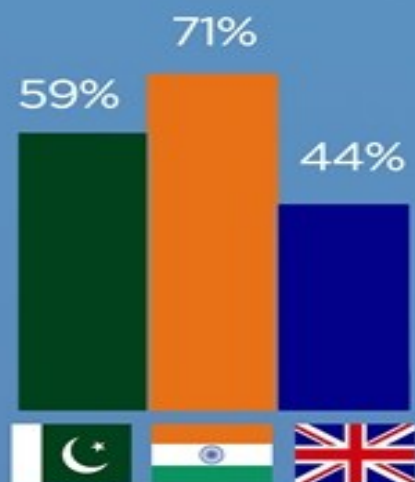


Trend Analysis

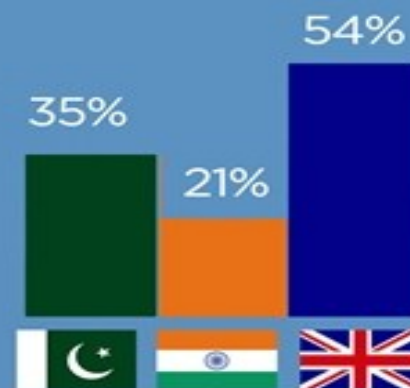


Source: Gilani Research Foundation Poll (GRF Poll)
Field work conducted by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association www.gallup-international.com; www.gallup.com.pk; www.gilanifoundation.com

59% PAKISTANIS BELIEVE THAT THEIR CHILDREN AND GRANDCHILDREN WILL HAVE A HIGHER QUALITY OF LIFE THAN THEMSELVES.



AGREE



DISAGREE

Please tell if you agree or disagree: Our children and grandchildren will have a higher quality of life than we do today?

TREND ANALYSIS





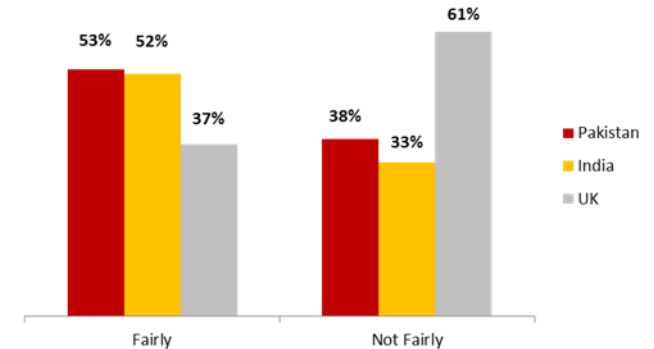
“ 53% Pakistanis believe that the sharing of economic benefits and burdens has been fair across the country; 38% said that it has not been fair. ”

According to the GlobeScan Canada Study 53% Pakistanis believe that the benefits and burdens of economic developments in the country have been shared fairly across the country; 38% believe that it is not shared fairly. The fieldwork for the survey in Pakistan was conducted by Gallup Pakistan, the Pakistani affiliate of Gallup International Association. This study was conducted in 24 countries, in which approximately 24000 randomly chosen men and women were asked a set of questions. The full report of this study can be requested from Gallup Pakistan.

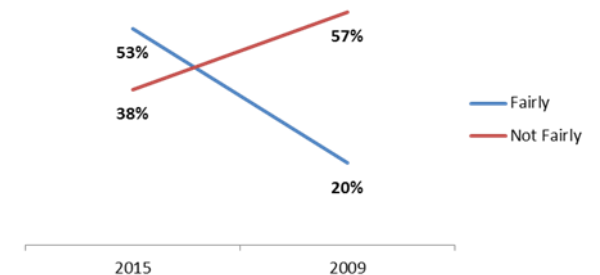
A nationally representative sample of adult men and women, from across the four provinces was asked, “Thinking about the economic developments of the last few years, how fairly do you think the benefits and burdens have been shared in [Pakistan]?” In response, 19% of the respondents said that it was distributed very fairly and 34% said that it was distributed somewhat fairly – total 53% said that it was fair; 25 % said that it was not very fair and 13% said that it was not fair at all – total 38% said that it was not fair. According to the average response across 21 countries, 31% of the people felt that it was not shared very fairly and 29% said that it was somewhat fair. Thus 16% more Pakistanis agreed with the fairness of the distribution than the average statistic and Pakistan ranks 3 out of the 21 countries in claiming the sharing of benefits and burdens to be fair.

When the same question was asked in other countries, 52% in India said that the benefits were shared fairly and 33% said that it was not fair; 37% in the UK said that it was fair and 61% said that it was not fair. Comparing Pakistan to India, 1% more Pakistanis agreed with the fairness of the distribution and 5% more than Indians said that it was unfair. Comparing Pakistan to UK 16% more Pakistanis believed in the fairness and 23% less Pakistanis said that it was unfair. Furthermore Pakistan’s trend shows that there has been a marked increase in the percentage of Pakistanis who believed the distribution to be fair. 20% Pakistanis agreed with its fairness in 2009 and 53% agreed with it in 2015 leading to a jump of 33%.

The study was released by GlobeScan and the fieldwork for the survey in Pakistan was conducted by Gallup Pakistan. The recent survey was carried out among a sample of 1000 men and women in rural and urban areas of all four provinces of the country, during December 2014 - May 2015. Error margin is estimated to be approximately ± 2.8 -4.9 per cent at 95% confidence level. Further details can be found at the Globescan website: www.GlobeScan.com, or at the Gallup Pakistan website: www.gallup.com.pk.

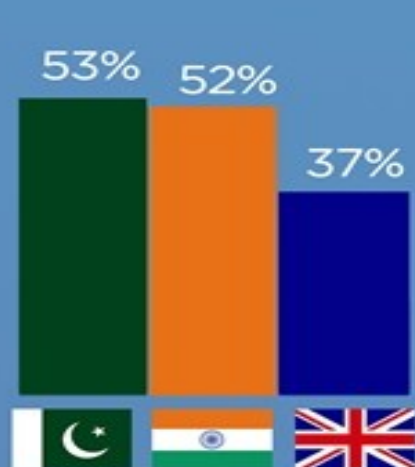


Trend Analysis

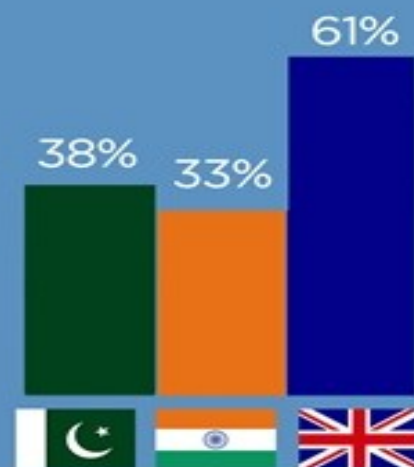


Source: Gilani Research Foundation Poll (GRF Poll)
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www.gallup.com.pk, www.gilanifoundation.com

53% PAKISTANIS BELIEVE THAT THE SHARING OF ECONOMIC BENEFITS AND BURDENS HAS BEEN FAIR ACROSS THE COUNTRY; 38% SAID THAT IT HAS NOT BEEN FAIR.

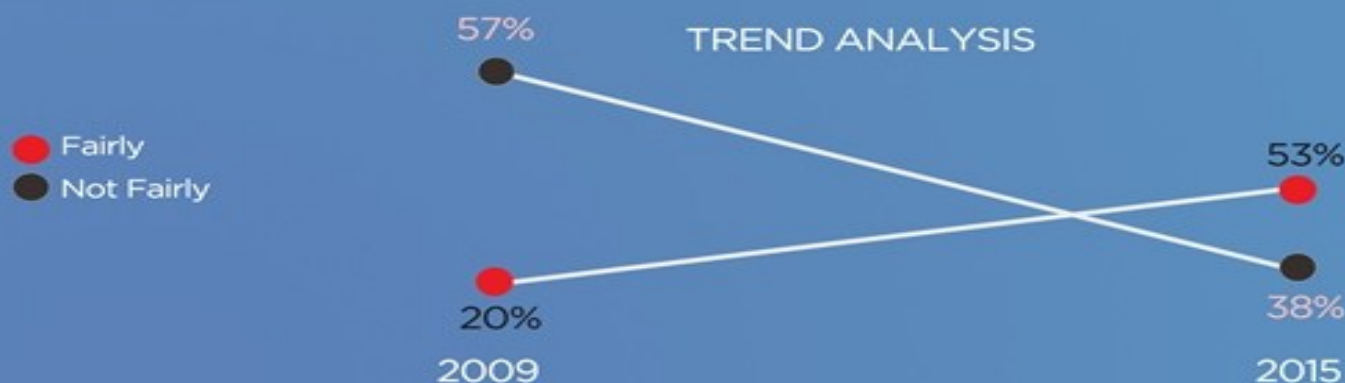


FAIRLY



NOT FAIRLY

Thinking about the economic developments of the last few years, how fairly do you think the benefits and burdens have been shared in Pakistan?



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