

SPECIAL PRESS RELEASE

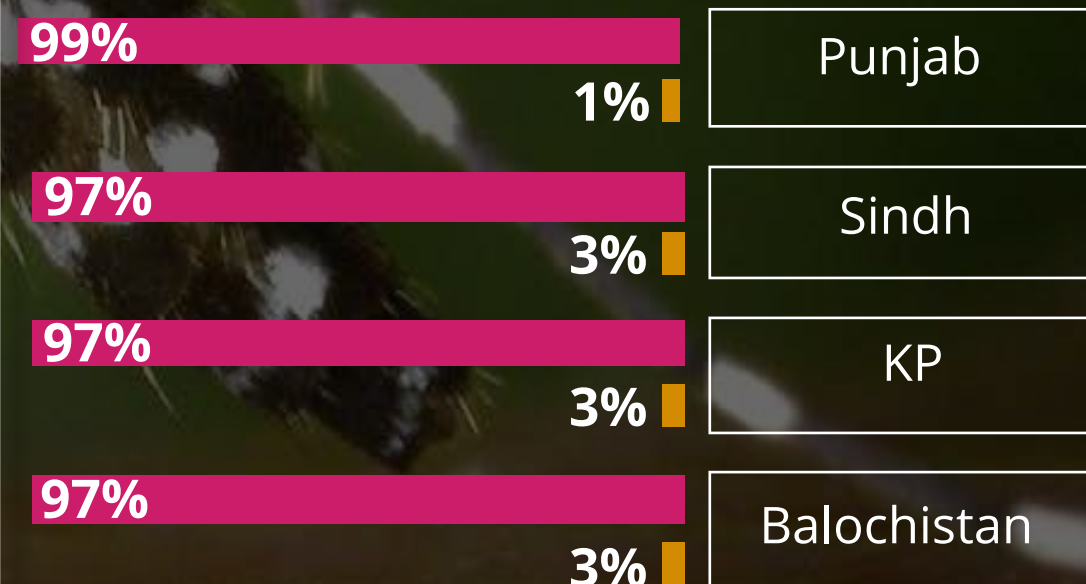
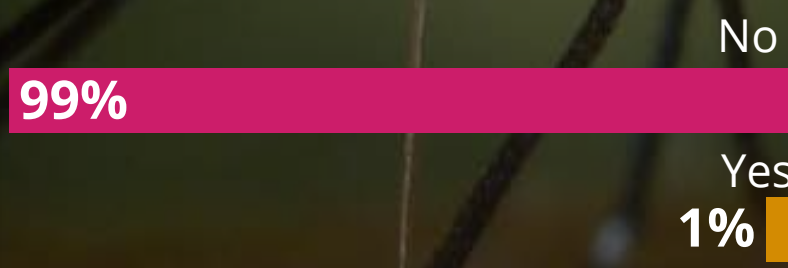
PAKISTAN SOCIAL AND LIVING STANDARDS MEASUREMENT SURVEY

Health Indicators in Pakistan

Close to 3 million Pakistanis (2% of 10+ age group) report contracting Malaria in past one year. Highest reported among districts is in Bannu where 10% report suffering from Malaria (Gallup Pakistan Big Data Analysis on Health based on Pakistan Social and Living Standards Measurement Survey)

Did you suffer from Malaria during the past year?

■ No ■ Yes





Opinion Poll

Special Press Release

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Islamabad, July 23rd, 2020

Introduction to the Gallup Data Analytics series on Pakistan Social and Living Standards Measurement data:

This press release is part of a special Gallup Data Analytics series that aims to foster an empirical understanding of the social and economic indicators in Pakistan based on data generated by PSLM Surveys.

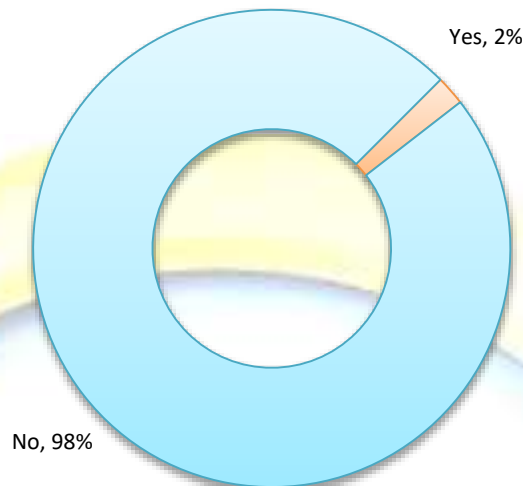
PSLM is the largest survey in Pakistan conducted every two year by Pakistan Bureau of Statistics. The sample covers over 80,000 households and over 400,000 respondents. The PSLM Survey is designed to be representative at district level for in-depth analysis and for the majority of districts a sample of 1000 respondents has been achieved. Gallup Pakistan Data Analytics team has worked extensively on this data and this series of press releases are our attempt to publicize the great efforts done by hundreds of office bearers of Bureau of Statistics who have travelled far and wide to collect this data.

This particular press release aims to assess the prevalence of health diseases across Pakistan along with various demographic breakdowns to provide further insight into the results.

A nationally representative sample of men and women from the 10+ population from across the four provinces was asked the following question: *“Did you suffer from Malaria during the past year?”* In response to this question, 98% Pakistanis did not suffer from Malaria while 2% of the respondents reported suffering from Malaria.

Question: “Did you suffer from Malaria during the past year?”

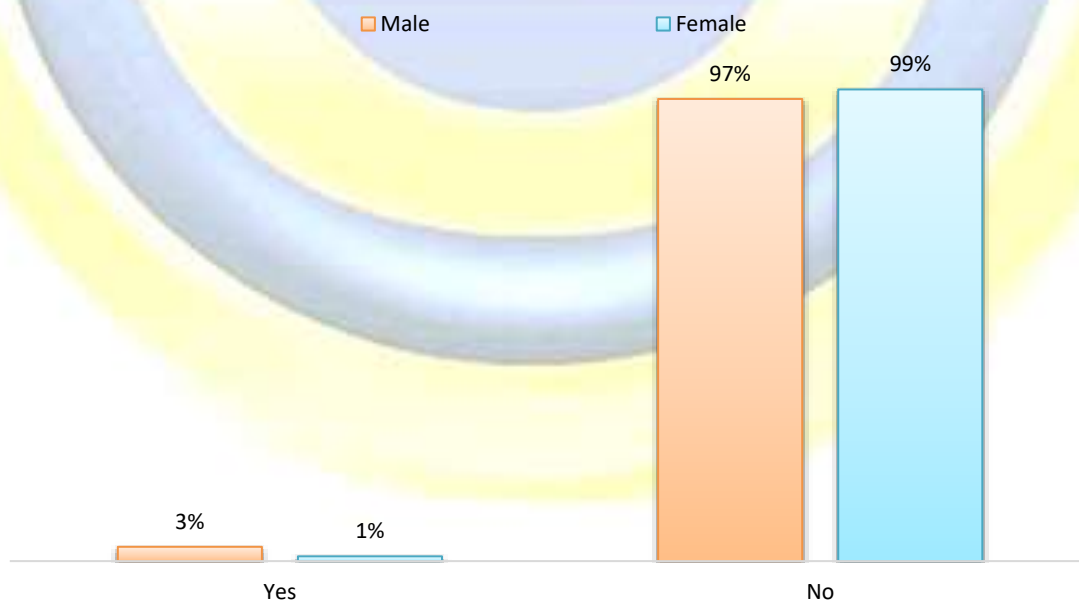
All Pakistan



Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

Gender Breakdown: Higher proportions of males than females reported suffering from malaria

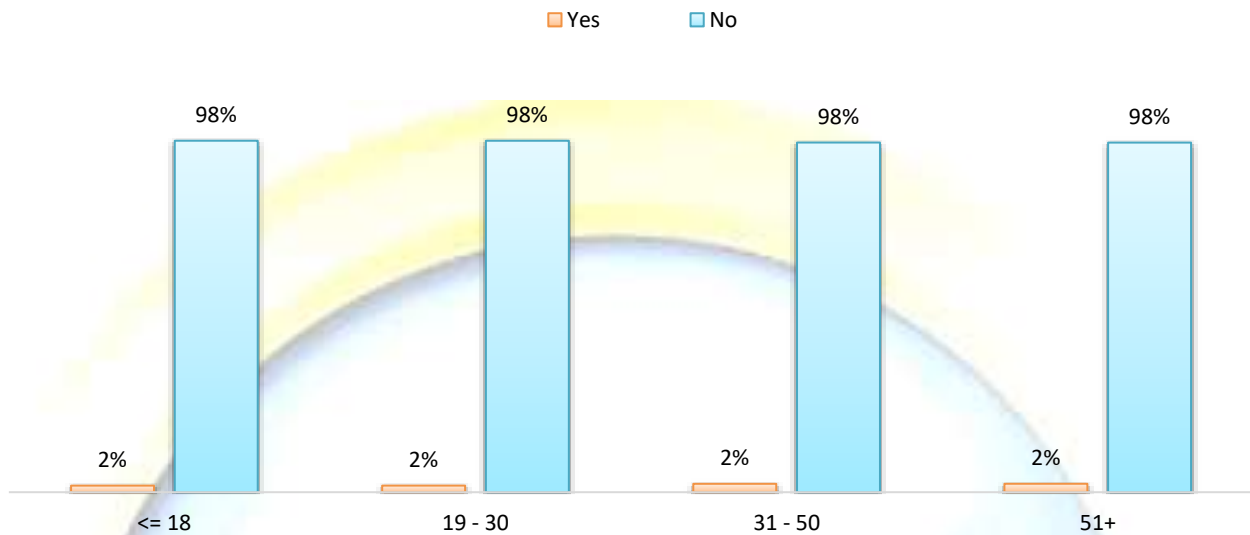
Malaria affliction higher amongst males (3%) as compared to females (1%)



Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

Age Breakdown: Equal proportion of respondents from each age-group suffered from malaria in the past one year

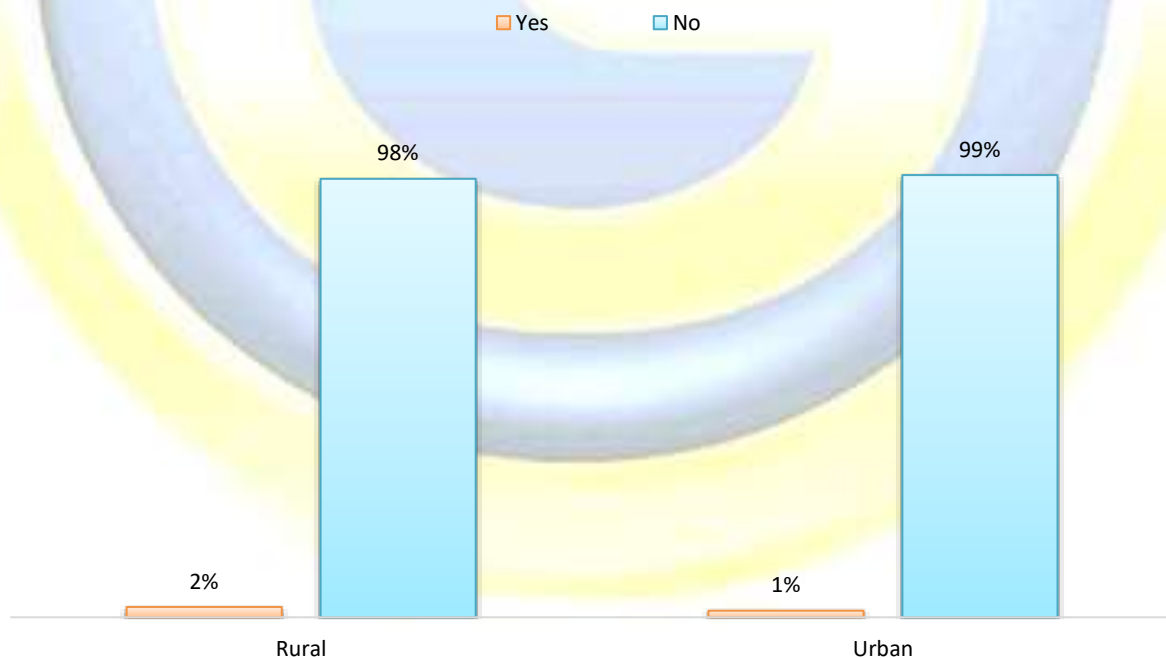
2% of respondents from all age-groups reported suffering from Malaria during last year



Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

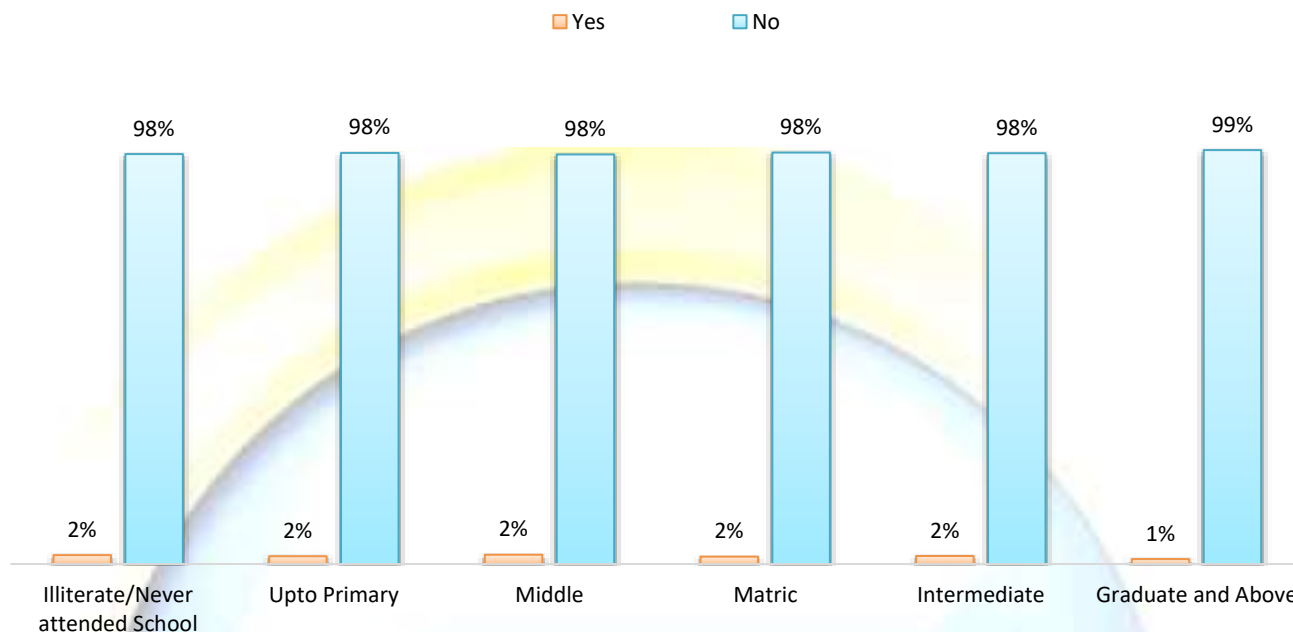
Urban/Rural Breakdown: Rural respondents more afflicted by malaria than urban respondents

2% rural and 1% urban respondents reported suffering from malaria.



Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

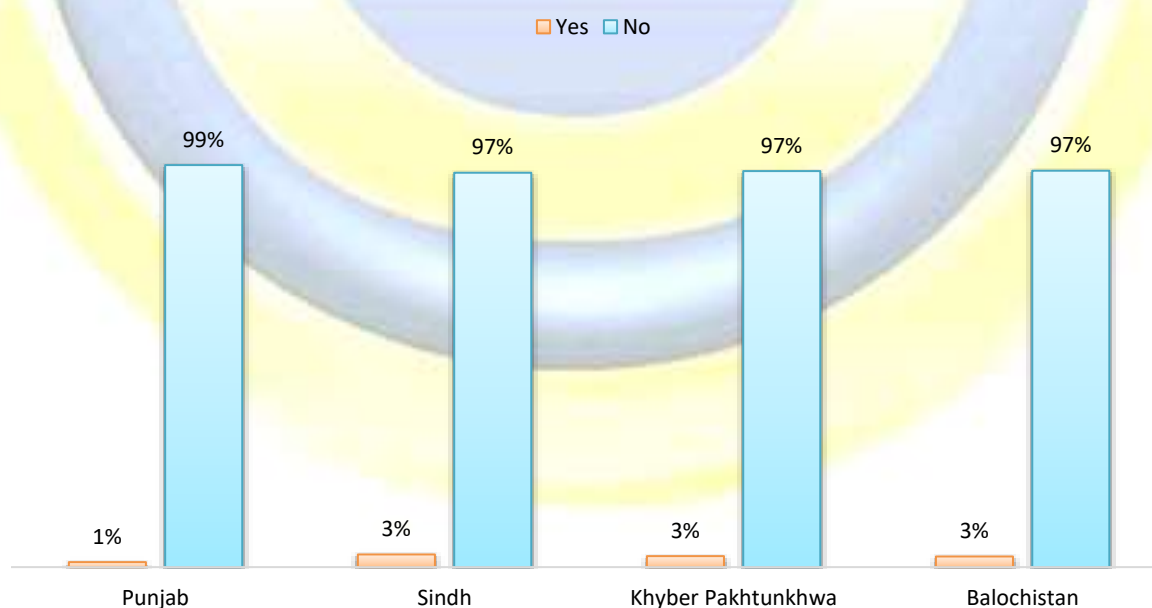
Education level Breakdown: Similar proportion of respondents across all education brackets reported suffering from malaria.



Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

Provincial Breakdown: Punjab reported the lowest proportion of respondents having suffered from malaria in the last year

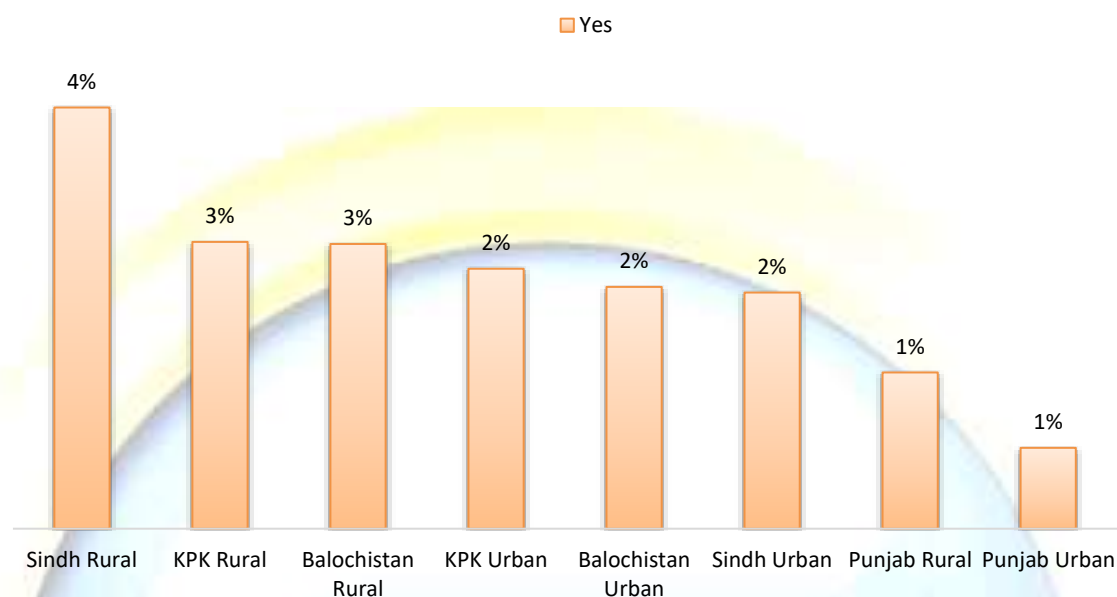
Equal proportion of respondents from Sindh, KP and Balochistan (3%) reported suffering from Malaria in the past year.



Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

Province Rural Urban Breakdown: Rural Sindh witnessed the highest proportion of respondents who suffered from malaria in the last year

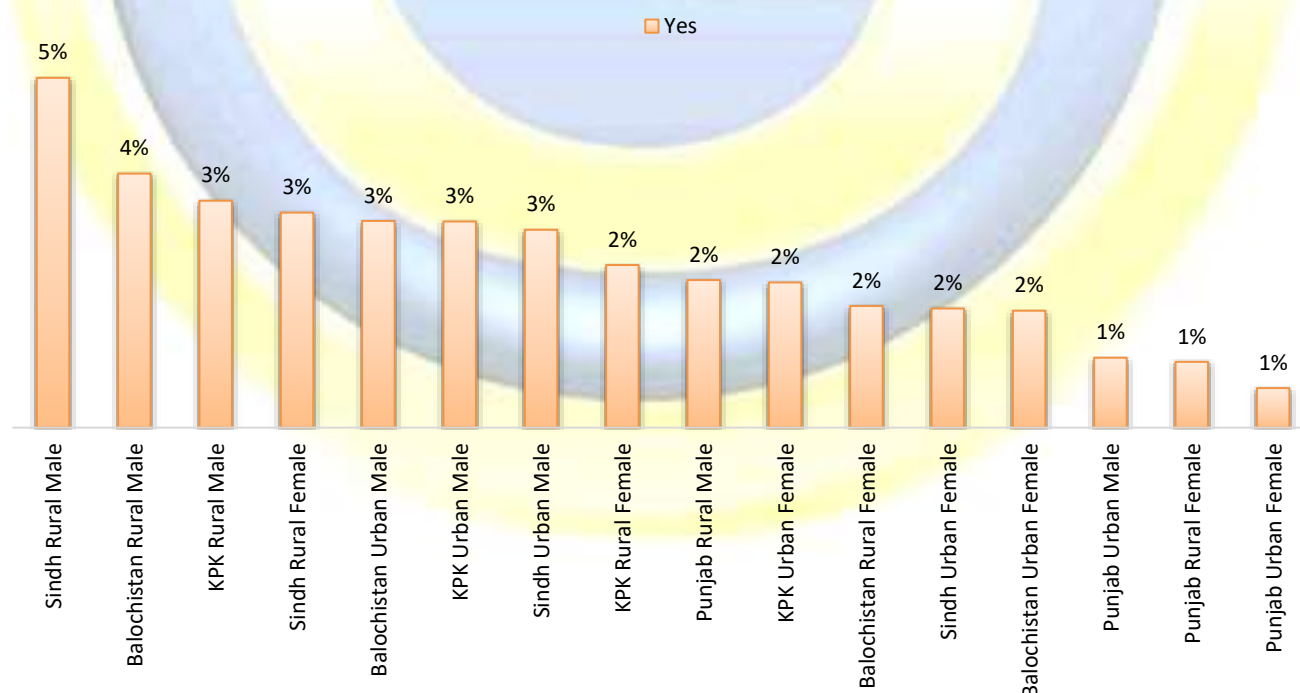
Respondents from Punjab urban and rural were least afflicted by malaria (1%)



Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

Province Rural Urban Gender Breakdown: Sindh and Balochistan Rural Male were most afflicted by Malaria

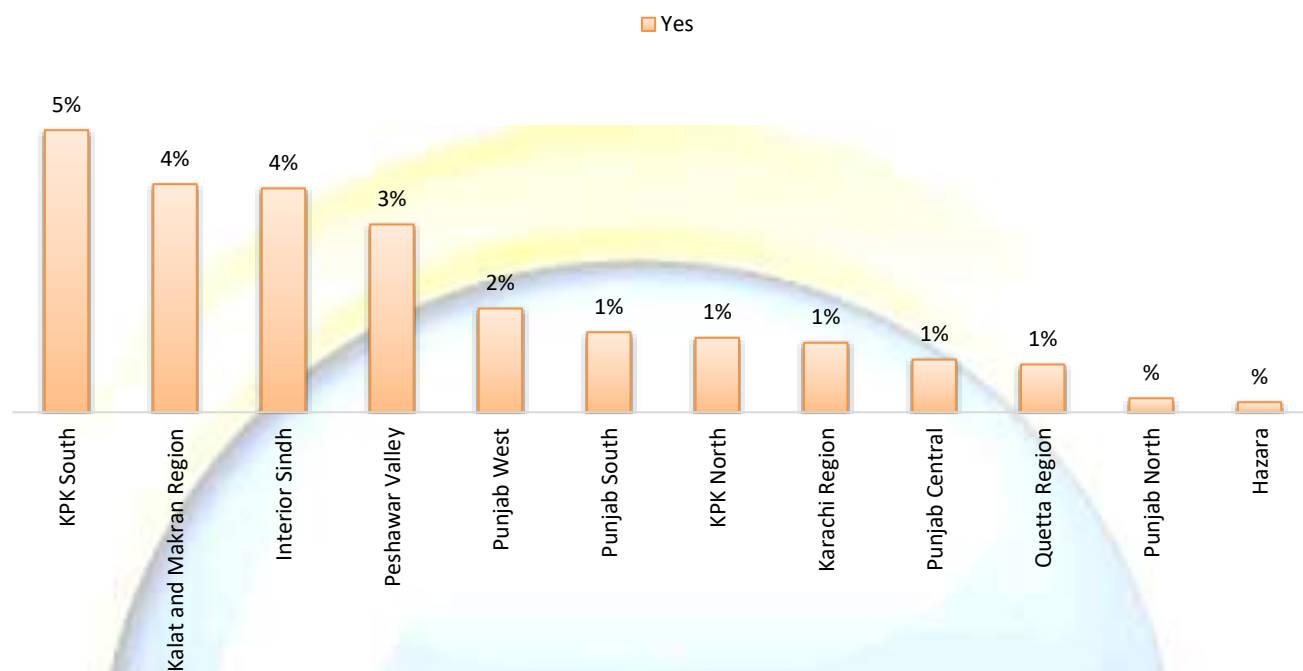
Overall higher proportion of male respondents from all provisional urban/rural districts suffered from malaria as compared to females



Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

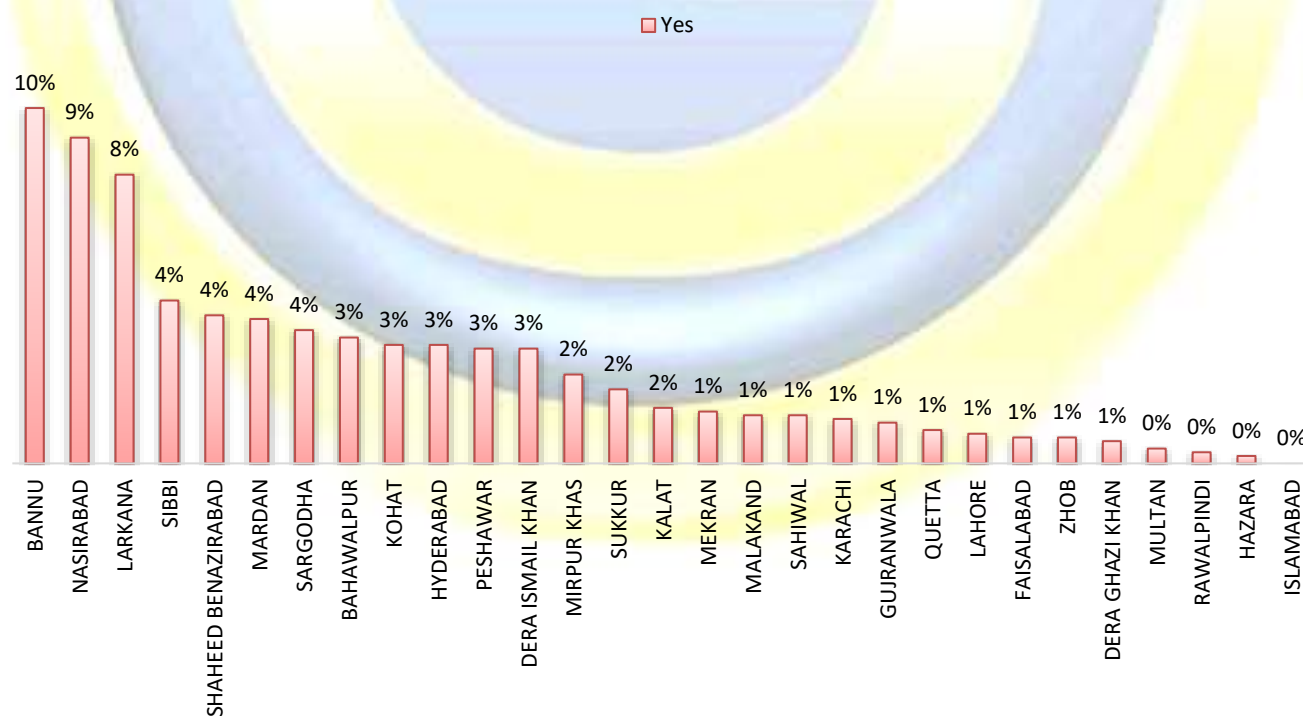
12 regions Breakdown: KP South reported the highest proportion of respondents having suffered from malaria in the past year

Out of the 12 regions, Punjab North and Hazara region reported the lowest number of malaria cases in the past one year.



Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

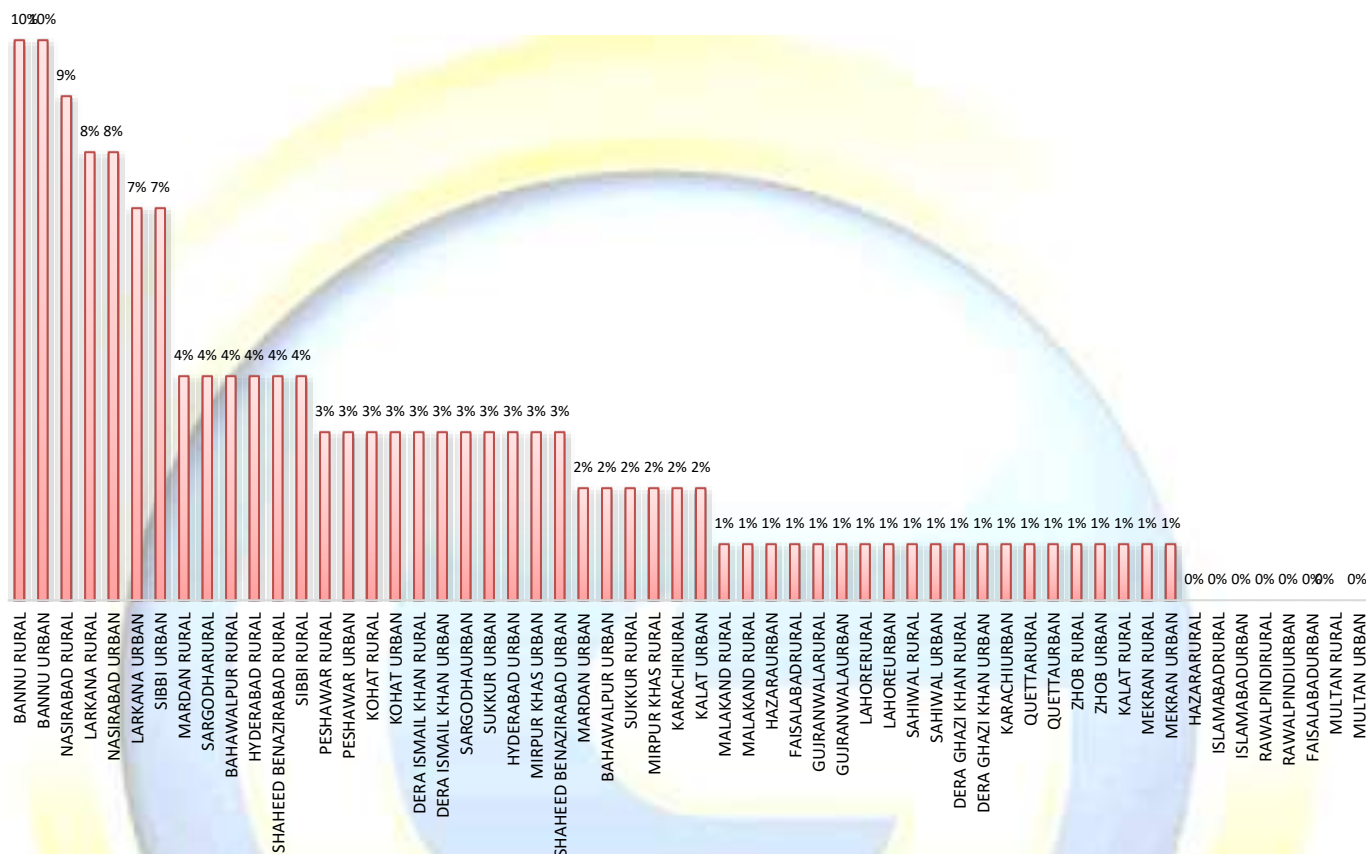
Divisions-wise Breakdown: Bannu division reported the highest (10%) proportion of respondents having suffered from malaria in the past one year, followed by Nasirabad (9%) and Larkana (8%)



Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

Division Rural Urban Breakdown: Bannu urban and rural witnessed the highest (10%) proportion of respondents who had suffered from malaria during last year

Yes



Source: Gallup Pakistan Health Indicators Report based on Data Analytics on PSLM 2018-19 data by Government of Pakistan (<http://www.pbs.gov.pk/node/2967>)

Gallup Pakistan Snapshot of Demographic & Geographic Malaria Affliction in Pakistan

	Highest Malaria Affliction	Lowest Malaria Affliction	Differential between highest and lowest affliction
Gender Breakdown	Males (3%)	Females (1%)	2%
Urban Rural Breakdown	Rural Areas (2%)	Urban Areas (1%)	1%
Education level Breakdown	Illiterate - Intermediate (2%)	Graduate & Above (1%)	1%
Provincial Breakdown	Sindh, KP, Balochistan (3%)	Punjab (1%)	2%
District wise breakdown	Bannu (10%)	Islamabad (0%)	10%

GALLUP PAKISTAN IS WORKING ON CREATING A DASHBOARD TO RELEASE DETAILED RESULTS OF THE PSLM SURVEYS IN WHICH WE AIM TO ADD TREND ANALYSIS ON SELECTED INDICATORS. WE ARE LOOKING FOR COLLABORATION IN THIS REGARD AND ANYONE INTERESTED SHOULD WRITE TO caf@gallup.com.pk



Special Release from Gallup Pakistan
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International*



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Gilani Research Foundation is a not for profit public service project to provide social science research to students, academia, policy makers and concerned citizens in Pakistan and across the globe.

Gilani Research Foundation is headed by Dr. Ijaz Shafi Gilani who pioneered the field of opinion polling in Pakistan and established Gallup Pakistan in 1980. Currently Dr. Gilani, who holds a PhD from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT) and has taught at leading universities in Pakistan and abroad, is Chairman of Gallup Pakistan.

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Daily Gilani Poll
2020



of Gallup Pakistan
(1980-2020)